

PROCESSOR TECHNOLOGY **ACCESS.**

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A Letter from the Editor

*"Everyone should believe in something. I believe I'll have another drink." —
Steele's Plagiarism of Somebody's Philosophy*

Welcome to issue #2 of ACCESS. I hope the first one was able to provide you with something useful, after waiting so patiently for delivery. Wasn't entirely our fault this time, honest; we now know from personal experience that mailing services have their gremlins too. Anyway, issue #2 is now here and filled with goodies we hope you can use on your pet project.

One thing issue #2 isn't filled with is feedback from you. No way it could be, since it went to press before most of you ever got your hands on #2. We really do want to facilitate an exchange of ideas, comments, gripes, what have you, so please get those cards and letters into us. Are you more interested in hardware stuff than software stuff? Vice versa? What bugs bug you? What do you do with your Sol anyway? Got any hot tips on interfacing with exotic equipment? Just want to sound off about something? Or maybe even say something nice about us? We definitely want issue #3 to have more of you in it, instead of just us talking to the walls.

Speaking of us, you'll be reading this just about the time of the 1st West Coast Computer Faire. Come give us some feedback in person; we'll be there along with all the competition, and we'll have some good stuff to show you. You might even get to see me if you look closely; I'm the one wearing the red suspenders. For those of you who can't make it to San Francisco, we'll have a report in ACCESS #3.

Got to sign off now and fix that Sol PCB that just came in for warranty repair. Probably sabotage — whoever heard of a SOL not working?)

Aram Attarian II

Subscription Information

ACCESS is published every six weeks. If you like what you see, we hope you'll send us \$4.00 for a year's subscription so we can keep the info coming. Write to us at Processor Technology, 6200 Hollis Street, Emeryville, CA 94608.



Inside Emeryville!

One to One Communication

We're going to make this column a regular feature, under the peerless direction of our Customer Service Manager, the world renowned Ralph I. Palsson (applause). He'll keep you informed on what's happening in the world of availability, delivery dates, and other such precious tidbits, and do his best to keep the lines of communication open. Good luck, Ralph. (A.A. II, Editor)

A Customer Service Department has only one reason for its existence: to fix the responsibility on someone for keeping the communication lines open, so the company doesn't become just another faceless entity, vaguely malevolent to your attempts to pursue the love and lore of computing. The someone's me, Ralph Palsson; I'm here to welcome your telephone and letter inquiries and provide you with immediate, personal service. Whether it be pre-sales information, placing an order, finding the nearest Processor Technology dealer, checking on the availability of existing or forthcoming products—we'll do our best to help.

Are you interested in more information about a product than you could glean from the catalog description? How about the VDM-1 kit you ordered way back when and still haven't received? Even the best of us make occasional errors, and letting us know about your problems is the first step towards their solution. Letters are now being sent regularly to advise you, our customers, of anticipated production and delivery schedules. PTC dealers are being kept informed too, so you can call them for on-going status reports. We're trying continually to expand and improve the Customer Service Department with the aim of giving even more efficient, reliable service. Some of the ways we're doing it:

Teletroubleshooting. Having a problem with a PTC kit? Is your Sol-20 displaying 0's and 9's and nothing else? Need technical advice on interfacing? One of our applications engineers is available

daily for phone consultation and technical assistance. Call (415) 652-8080 between 9:30 am and noon or 1:30 and 4:00 pm Pacific Time. Technically oriented software questions should go to our new division, Software Technology, at (415) 349-8080. (That's right, 8080!)

When you make a technical call about a malfunctioning kit, it helps if you take time to think out your questions first, maybe make a few notes. It's also a good idea to have your kit manual handy, and if possible, the recalcitrant piece of equipment. All calls are taken on a first come, first serve basis, so if you do have to hold for a few minutes, please be assured that you're not running up your bill for the benefit of someone who called in later. If you do run into a wait, you can also ask us to call you back collect. We will.

Again, let us remind you that if you purchased your PTC product through a dealer, try him/her first. They're all authorized to service the equipment they sell, precisely because they can give you more personalized, faster service than anyone can by mail or phone.

Need a defective part replaced? Again, the best way to handle this is through your dealer. If he's out of stock, or if you purchased directly from us, send us the defective part for replacement. Similarly, if you're missing a part from a kit, call your dealer or write to us, giving as complete a description as you can of what's missing.

Finally. We are always interested in improving our one-to-one communication, and we're open to your comments, criticisms, and suggestions. Please feel free to contact us if we can be of service in any way.

Error, Error, Does Not Compute

Errors do appear from time to time in all high class publications. ACCESS is no exception — our score for the first issue was three unfortunate oversights.

1. The instructions for wiring the 3P+S for a keyboard interface (page 3). At Step 5, we told you to connect pin 7 to a point on 3P+S leading to J2 pin 12. Pin 12 is a ground point, and you don't really want to do that. Pin 7 should be connected to a point on the 3P+S leading to IC 14 pin 13.

2. The article on interfacing PT 4KRA memory boards with the Motorola M6800 (page 2). It's all right as far as it goes, but we neglected to give proper credit to the contributor. Our apologies and thanks to J. W. Schook, P O. Box 185, Rocky Point, N.Y.

3. Last, but not least, those ever-present gremlins managed to alter our mailing address to 6800 Hollis St. Now, that's really adding insult to injury. Our correct address is 6200 Hollis St., Emeryville, CA 94608.

Introducing Software Technology Corporation

We've pulled a protozoan trip and split in two: Software Technology Corp. is a separate new company formed to take over software development from Processor Technology. The idea is to give you more and better software support by not scattering our energies about, randomly.

Software Technology is three people with an impressively vast reservoir of experience in operating systems, time sharing, real time systems, compilers, interpreters, simulators, business systems, and software development. Did we leave anything out? During this transitional period, they'll be maintaining, supporting and producing all the current PTC software, plus developing some of their own. Later (not too much later), they'll be coming out with lots of good stuff designed to get the most out of Sol.

You should have your first chance to see the caliber of Software Technology developments at the Computer Faire in San Francisco. But we're not going to tell you what, because one fundamental policy of *Software Technology* is *not* to announce anything that isn't ready. Nobody likes a tease.

Meanwhile, Software is in business and even has a phone. If you have any problems with Processor Technology software you're using now, you can call their 24-hour phone line. When nobody's there, there's an answering machine to take your message, and they *will* get back to you promptly. The

number is (415) 349-8080. You're also welcome to write your questions: PO. Box 5260, San Mateo, CA 94402.

For the time being, orders, questions about delivery and of course hardware questions should still be directed to Processor Technology. (See One to One Communication)

Read on for your first example of Software Technology software.

Announcing the SOL USERS GROUP!

The Sol Users Group was recently organized by members of the Homebrew Computer Club in Palo Alto; SUG is not affiliated in any way with Processor Tech-Technology. The purposes of SUG are to exchange software and other applications, and to create standards. If plenty of interest is shown, a Sol Newsletter will be published and sent to members.

If you own or have ordered a Sol, send your name, address, phone number and ideas to:

Bill Burns
4190 Maybell Way
Palo Alto, CA 94306
(Please don't call.)

Attention, CONSOL Users

All Processor Technology software has recently been modified in a very important way that encourages standardization. If you've been looking forward to having some Sol software for your CONSOL Proms, you'll have to let us reprogram for you. There's *no charge*. Just mail your CONSOL Proms, suitably packaged, to Processor Technology; we'll take care of the rest. Turn-around time is about 2 weeks, dependent on the vagaries of the U. S. Postal Service, natch.

If you're planning to upgrade to SOLOS anyway, don't worry about it.



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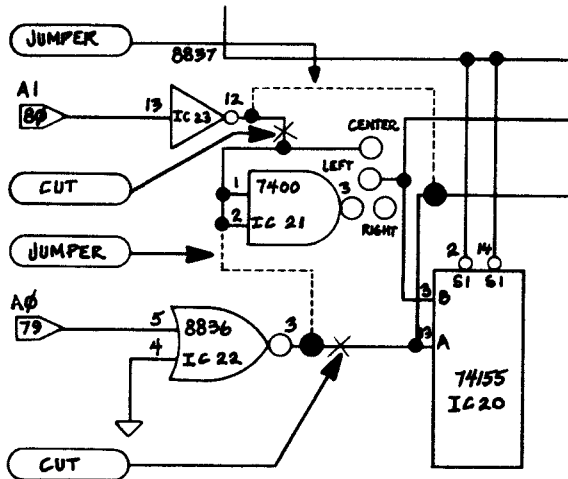
***Clarks third law: Any sufficiently advanced technology is
indistinguishable from magic.***

Double Your Pleasure, Double Your Fun, Or, How to Use Both Parallel Ports on the 3P+S

You can take maximum advantage of the 3P+S's versatility by making a simple modification that gives you simultaneous access to both parallel ports. Then you'll be able to use one port for a keyboard input, the other for paper tape input/output. The serial port is available for an RS232 or TTY, with status and control available at Port 0 for Processor Technology software compatibility.

The change procedure is as follows:

1. Cut the existing trace from IC 22 pin 3 to IC 20 pin 13; at IC 22 pin 3
2. Cut the existing trace from IC 23 pin 12 to IC 21 pins 1 and 2; at IC 23 pin 12
3. Run a jumper from IC 23 pin 12 to IC 20 pin 13
4. Run a jumper from IC 22 pin 3 to IC 21 pins 1 and 2
5. Select area "B" option; jumper from left to right



Assuming that area "A" board address options "00" have been selected, the ports will now be set up as follows:

- Port 0 = Channel C. Control and status
- Port 1 = Channel A.* Parallel data (keyboard)
- Port 2 = Channel D. UART (RS232 or TTY)
- Port 3 = Channel B.* Parallel data (paper tape reader)

*The strobe latches for the parallel ports remain with their respective channels.

Changing the data available status. The 3P+S interface is laid out to respond to a negative strobe input pulse low active status (i.e., FA, FB). For compatibility with Processor software, you'll want to select a high active data available status. Run a jumper from the !Q output of the respective strobe latch (i.e., AKA, AKB) to the correct status bit input in area "G." In the above configuration, the amounts to jumpering keyboard data available IC 15 pin 7 to area "G" point C6.

CUTE, CUTEST, CUTER

Below is the complete source listing for the control and monitor programs for the CUTS board. This program, CUTER, was made available with the CUTS module in the form of a cassette selling for \$11.

The CUTER cassette contains object code along with a relocating loader for loading the program in any 256-byte boundary of available RAM. A new version of BASIC-5 for use with CUTER and SOLOS is also on the cassette, followed by the complete source code of CUTER. Not a bad deal for \$11.

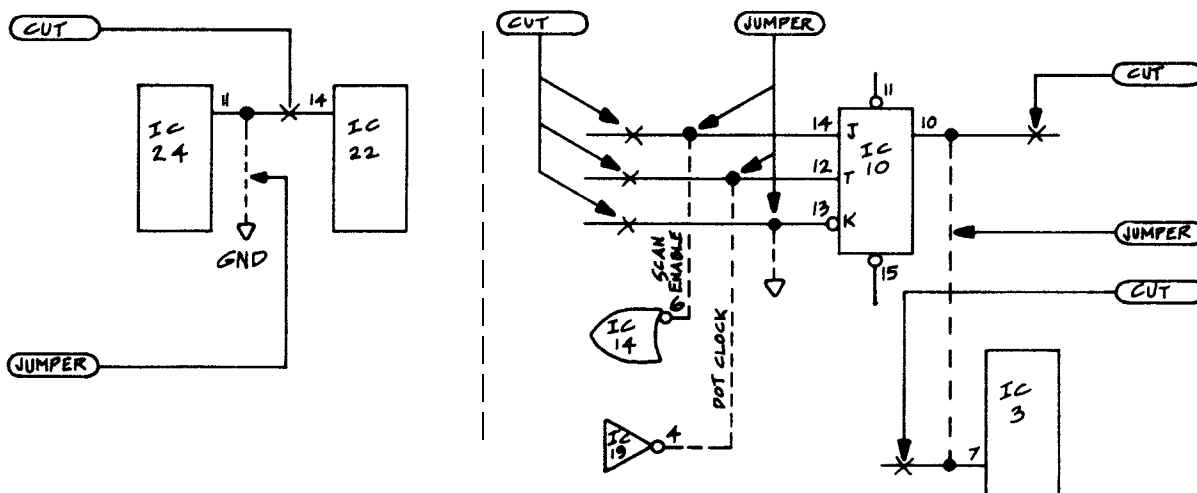
So why buy the cassette now that we're giving you the listing? It's not that we're mercenary, but consider: if you want to use PTC's software packages on cassettes; then CUTER is going to be a tremendous asset in loading those tapes, right? Right-otherwise you could spend 3 or 4 hours toggling it in from the front panel of your A#\$%&R or I(*@ I.

And now, the VDM-1/2! Or, Modifying Your VDM-1 for 32-character Display

We're pleased to announce that unceasing technical progress has now made possible a reduction in the number of characters per line of the VDM-1 display from 64 to 32! Seriously, the modification is quite handy if you want to work with large type display, or feed RF modulated signals to a TV antenna input.

The hardware modifications are shown in the schematic drawing below. One word of caution: since we're tying the low-order address bit to ground, only character locations with bit 0 equal to 0 (i.e., even-numbered addresses), will be displayed. So if you use the modified VDM with unmodified software, you'll end up with only alternate characters on the screen and a rather cryptic message!

In the next issue of ACCESS, we'll have some spiffy software routines to use with the "VDM-1/2." Meanwhile, you can probably come up with some of your own. (Drop us a line if you run across anything interesting.) Just remember that a left shift of a 64-character address will give you the 32-character address, providing that you shift in a 0 to bit 0. Good luck!



1. Cut traces at:

- A—pin 10 IC 10
- B—pin 12 IC 10
- C—pin 13 IC 10
- D—pin 14 IC 10
- E—pin 7 IC 3
- F—pin 14 IC 22

2. Add jumpers between:

- A—IC 24 pin 11 and Ground
- B—IC 10 pin 10 and IC 3 pin 7
- C—IC 10 pin 12 and IC 19 pin 4
- D—IC 10 pin 13 and Ground
- E—IC 10 pin 14 and IC 14 pin 6

FLASH - VDM Access Flicker Eliminated, Part 2

In the last issue, we gave you a hardware modification to take care of the flicker produced whenever the VDM memory is being accessed. We also promised to explore the implications a bit further this time. So here's a subroutine for the VDM driver program that implements the modification via software.

One thing to remember: if reads *from* the screen memory are needed by the driver, they have to be synchronized by a subroutine similar to this. This one only takes care of flickerless access *to* the memory.

Next issue, we'll continue the flicker saga by providing a version of the Processor PATTERN program which contains this routine for flickerless display.

```
1000 * THIS ROUTINE MOVES A CHAR. IN REGISTER B
1005 * TO VDM DISPLAY MEMORY
1010 *
1015 ***** ASSUMPTIONS:
1020 *
1025 * 1.   THE CALLER HAS SET UP A STACK
1030 *
1035 * 2.   REGISTER PAIR H&L CONTAIN THE
1040 *      VDM DISPLAY MEMORY ADDRESS
1045 *
1050 * 3.   THE ROUTINE IS RUNNING IN MEMORY
1055 *      WITH NO (0) WAIT STATES.
1060 *
1065 *
1070 *
1075 *
1080 START  PUSH   B
1085      MVI   C,2 SYNC BIT MASK (BIT 1)
1090 *
1095 *   CATCH FALLING EDGE OF SYNC
1100 *
1115 HILP   IN     0C8H   VDM STATUS PORT
1110      ANA   C       ONLY BIT 1 REMAINS
1115      JZ    HILP   UNTIL SYNC IS HI
1120 *
1125 *   SYNC IS HI. NOW WAIT
1130 *   TILL IT IS LOW
1135 *
1140 LOLP   IN     0C8H   VDM STATUS PORT
1145      ANA   C       ONLY BIT 1 REMAINS
1150      JNZ   LOLP
1155 *
1160 *   DISPLAY SWEEP IS NOW AT LEFT MARGIN
1165 *
1170      CALL  WAIT    SO SWEEP CAN MOVE TO
1175 *                      RIGHT MARGIN
1180 *
1185 *   NOW THAT SWEEP IS OFF THE SCREEN:
1190 *
1195      MOV   M,B     ACCESS DISPLAY MEMORY
1200 *
1205 *
1210      POP   B       GIVE IT BACK
1215      RET
1220 *
1225 *   THIS ROUTINE DELAYS FOR JUST ENOUGH TIME
1230 *   TO ALLOW THE SWEEP TO CROSS THE SCREEN
1235 *   *** ALTER IT WITH CARE ***
1240 *
1245 WAIT   NOP
1250      PUSH  H
1255      POP   H
1260      PUSH  H
1265      POP   H
1270      RET
```



This issue's Bug Squad focuses on the Sol PC board Revision D, the one you have. All the fixes described are aimed at worst case conditions, so hopefully you've never encountered the problems. But we do recommend making the changes now to forestall future headaches that might crop up if you use demanding peripherals such as discs. All the modifications described will be incorporated in the forthcoming Revision E board, so in the future we'll be designing on the assumption that all boards in the field have these fixes.

Now, you may wonder where we get the gall to blurt out that our product is not the ultimate in all respects. Quite simply, we have too much experience in product design to let ourselves get away with the attitude that goes, "We're perfect. Something must be wrong with you." So things can be better, and here's how.

1. Clock Width Fix

The bug: Currently the width of the phase 1 ($\phi 1$) clock pulse is 70 nanoseconds. If you want to bring it into spec with existing 8080 chips, you should increase it to 140 nanoseconds. (8080A or 9080A are OK at 70 nsec.)

The squasher: On the top (component) side of the board, cut the trace between jumpers D and E of (U90 and U91) of the clock generator. On the bottom (solder) side of the board, connect the jumper from pin E to the feedthrough which leads to pin 5 of U91.

2. Phantom Glitch Fix

The bug: Occasionally a Sol will power up with three "phantom" cycles instead of the necessary four, causing a "crash: These are the cycles which use the "four phase wonder" software in the monitor.

The squasher: Connect a jumper on the solder side of the board as shown in Figure B. It goes from pin 4 of U76 to the feedthrough immediately below pin 1 of U76.

3. Ground Noise Fix

The bug: The paths from the bus drivers to the bus ground are too long, producing occasional ground noise.

The Squasher: Shorten them by connecting jumpers on the solder side of the board as shown in Figure B. They go from pin 8 of IC's U33, U50, U68, and U81 to the ground feedthrough leading to C45.

4. Protect Fix

The bug: The protect line is floating, which allows noise pulses to set a memory board "protected" at the most inconvenient times.

The squasher: Connect a jumper wire on the solder side as shown in Figure B. It goes from the ground terminal of C 11 to pin 70 of the 100-pin bus connector J11.

5. DMA/Interrupt Unscramble

This fix has probably been included in your kit or preassembled board, but better check the connections just to make sure.

The bug: PINT (pin 73), PHOLD (pin 74), and PINTS (pin 26) got scrambled at an early stage in development and weren't noticed until too late.

The squasher: On the component side of the board, cut the trace leading to pin 73 on J11; on the solder side, cut the trace leading to pin 1 of U45, and also the second trace to the right of U64. (Refer to Figure B). Now connect three jumpers: From pin 73 of J11 to pin 1 of U45. From pin 28 of J11 to the feedthrough indicated (the one that was isolated by the cut on the component side). From the feedthrough directly below pin 1 of U45 to the feedthrough to the right of pin 3 of U64.

6 MWRITE Fix

The bug: If you want to operate with DMA devices which write into memory, such as discs, you; need to be able to generate the MWRITE pulse externally.

The squasher: You accomplish this by connecting the signals which generate MWRITE directly to the bus. On the solder side of the board, cut the trace which leads to pin 7 of U93. Now connect a jumper from the trace which has been isolated, to the feedthrough leading to pin 9 of U94. Now, still on the solder side, locate the feedthrough immediately below pin 1 of U92 and break the trace leading to it; do NOT break the trace leading to pin 1 of U92. Connect a jumper from that feedthrough to pin 13 of U107.

Further Remarks on D and E

The other major change between the D and E revision Sol boards involves reversing the order of the parallel input data lines as connected to the parallel connector J2. The schematic is correct for the D board, and the list of signals in the manual is correct for the E board. The change will simplify future connections to J2 by placing the POD lines adjacent to the PID lines; that way, you can create a bidirectional input/output bus with a simple jumpering scheme at the connector.

We're planning an adaptor connector to convert Rev. D J2 into Rev. E J2. It will have a 25-pin plug, a PC board which reverses the connections from pins 6 to 13, and a 25-pin socket connector. If you're developing a device which plugs into the Sol J2, reverse the order of pins 6 through 13 and use this adapter (PTC pt. 900011) to ensure that your plug-in device will be compatible with E revision Sol's.

7. Current Loop Fix

The bug: R23 and R24 should be connected to +12 volts instead of +5 volts.

The squasher: Break the large trace on the solder side of the board which leads to these two resistors. Still on the solder side, connect a jumper from the isolated end of R23 to the +12 volt feedthrough as shown. Be sure that you do not accidentally connect to the -12 volt feedthrough, which is slightly higher than the +12 volt one.

Weinberg's Law: If builders built buildings the way programmers wrote programs then the first woodpecker that came along would destroy civilization.

And a Bug in 5K(pre-Sol)

The bug: Our attention has been called to some problems with the integer function in BASIC-5 — the non-Sol version.

The squasher: Page 32 of the 5K BASIC manual (Software #2) should be changed to read as follows:

```

0000 *
0001 *
0002 *          BASIC-5 INTEGER FIX
0003
0BAA          0004          ORG          0BAAH
0005
0BAA 0A          0006 AINT          LDAX          B
0BAB D6 81          0007          SUI          129
0BAD 16 05          0008          MVI          D,FPSIZ
0BAF FA BF 0B          0009          JM          AINT3
0BB2 00          0010          NOP          .          SPACE FILLER
0011 *
0012 *  EXP > 0
0013 *
0BB3 D6 05          0014          SUI          FPNIB-1
0BB5 D0          0015          RNC
0BB6 57          0016          MOV          D,A          COUNT
0BB7 0B          0017          DCX          B
0018 *
0BB8 08          0019 AINT2          DCX          B
0BB9 0A          0020          LDAX          B
0BBA E6 F0          0021          ANI          360Q
0BBC 02          0022          STAX          B
0BBD 14          0023          INR          D
0BBE C8          0024          RZ
0025 *
0BBF AF          0026 AINT3          XRA          A
0BC0 02          0027          STAX          B
0BC1 14          0028          INR          D
0BC2 C2 B8 0B          0029          JNZ          AINT2
0BC5 C9          0030          RET
0031 *
0032 *
```

Your ALS-8 Applications Notes are on the Way!

After a seemingly interminable delay, the first batch of Application notes are really and truly in the mail to all you ALS-8 Users' Group members. Once the material is in your hot little hands (in a very fancy binder, no less), you'll be better able to appreciate the power and versatility of your ALS-8, and you should have some very happy hours of computing. If you haven't received your notes by the time you read this, please drop us a note right now, so we can track down whatever clerical or shipping errors crossed you up.

Our sincerest apologies for the delay.

Ninety-Ninety `Rule of Project Schedules:

The first ninety percent of the task takes ninety percent of the time and the last ten percent takes the other ninety percent.

** PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT SYSTEM

CUTER (TM) 77-03-27
 COPYRIGHT (C) 1977

SOFTWARE TECHNOLOGY CORP.
 P.O. BOX 5260
 SAN MATEO, CA 94402

```

9999 COPY CUTER1/1
0002 *
0003 *
0004 *
0005 * CUTER (TM)
0006 *
0007 * COPYRIGHT (C) 1977
0008 * SOFTWARE TECHNOLOGY CORP.
0009 * P.O. BOX 5260
0010 * SAN MATEO, CA 94402
0011 * (415) 349-8080
0012 *
0013 * A L L R I G H T S R E S E R V E D ! ! !
0014 *
0015 *
0016 * VERSION 1.3
0017 * 77-03-27
0018 *
0019 *
0020 * THIS PROGRAM IS DESIGNED TO BE A STANDALONE CUTS
0021 * OPERATING SYSTEM. CUTER IS DESIGNED TO BE READ IN FROM
0022 * CASSETTE TAPE OR TO BE RESIDENT IN READ-ONLY-MEMORY.
0023 * CUTER SUPPORTS VARIOUS DEVICES INCLUDING SERIAL,
0024 * PARALLEL, THE PROCESSOR TECHNOLOGY VDM(TM) AND UP TO
0025 * TWO CUTS TAPE DRIVES.
0026 *
0027 * CUTER(TM) HAS BEEN WRITTEN SO AS TO BE COMPATIBLE WITH
0028 * SOLOS(TM). THE FOLLOWING KEYS ARE USED BY CUTER(TM)
0029 * IN PLACE OF THE SPECIAL KEYS ON THE SOL KEYBOARD:
0030 *
0031 * CURSOR UP CTL-W
0032 * CURSOR LEFT CTL-A
0033 * CURSOR RIGHT CTL-S
0034 * CURSOR DOWN CTL-Z
0035 * CURSOR HOME CTL-N
0036 * CLEAR SCREEN CTL-K
0037 * MODE CTL-@
0038 *
0039 *
0040 *
0041 *
0042 *
0043 * AUTO-STARTUP CODE
0044 *
0045 START MOV A,A SHOW THIS IS CUTER (SOLOS=00)
0046 * THIS BYTE ALLOWS AUTOMATIC POWER ON ENTRY
0047 * WHEN IN ROM SUPPORTING THIS HARDWARE FEATURE.
0048 INIT JMP STRTA SYSTEM RESTART ENTRY POINT
0049 *
0050 * THESE JUMP POINTS ARE PROVIDED TO ALLOW COMMON ENTRY
0051 * LOCATIONS FOR ALL VERSIONS OF CUTER. THEY ARE USED
0052 * EXTENSIVELY BY CUTS SYSTEM PROGRAMS AND IT IS RECOMMENDED
0053 * THAT USER ROUTINES ACCESS CUTER ROUTINES THROUGH THESE
0054 * POINTS ONLY!
0055 *
0056 RETRN JMP COMND RETURN TO CUTER COMMAND PROCESSOR
0057 FOPEN JMP BOPEN CASSETTE OPEN FILE ENTRY
0058 FCLOS JMP PCLOS CASSETTE CLOSE FILE ENTRY
0059 RDBYT JMP RTBYT CASSETTE READ BYTE ENTRY
0060 WRBYT JMP WTBYT CASSETTE WRITE BYTE ENTRY
0061 RDBLK JMP RTAPE CASSETTE READ BLOCK ENTRY
0062 WRBLK JMP WTAPE CASSETTE WRITE BLOCK ENTRY
0063 *
0064 * SYSTEM I/O ENTRY POINTS
0065 *
0066 * THESE FOUR ENTRY POINTS ARE USED TO EITHER INPUT
0067 * OR OUTPUT TO CUTER PSUEDO PORTS.
0068 * THESE PSUEDO PORTS ARE AS FOLLOWS:
0069 *
0070 * PORT INPUT OUTPUT
0071 * ----
0072 * 0 KEYBOARD INPUT BUILT-IN VDM DRIVER
0073 * ACTUAL PORT 3 PORT C8, MEMORY FROM CC00
0074 * 1 SERIAL PORT SERIAL PORT
0075 * ACTUAL PORT 1 ACTUAL PORT 1
0076 * 2 PARALLEL PORT PARALLEL PORT
0077 * ACTUAL PORT 2 ACTUAL PORT 2
0078 * 3 USER'S INPUT RTN USER'S OUTPUT ROUTINE

```

C000 7F

C001 C3 D7 C1

C004 C3 18 C2
 C007 C3 DC C5
 C00A C3 FF C5
 C00D C3 42 C6
 C010 C3 7F C6
 C013 C3 C7 C6
 C016 C3 7B C7

```

0079 *
0080 * STATUS FOR ACTUAL PORTS 1, 2 AND 3 IS VIA ACTUAL
0081 * PORT 0. THE BITS OF PORT ZERO ARE DEFINED AS FOLLOWS:
0082 *
0083 * : : : : : :---- : --- : --- :
0084 * : TBE : RDA : : : : :PXDR : PDR : KDR :
0085 * BIT 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0
0086 *
0087 * WHERE:
0088 * TBE 1=TRANSMITTER BUFFER EMPTY (SERIAL)
0089 * RDA 1=READER DATA AVAILABLE (SERIAL)
0090 * ----
0091 * PXDR 0=PARALLEL EXTERNAL DEVICE READY
0092 * ----
0093 * PDR 0=PARALLEL DATA READY
0094 * ---
0095 * KDR 0=KEYBOARD DATA READY
0096 *
0097 *
0098 *
0099 *
0100 * NOTE: SOUT AND SINP ARE "LDA" INSTRUCTIONS.
0101 * THIS FACT IS USED TO ALLOW ACCESS TO THE
0102 * BYTES "OPORT" AND "IPORT" DYNAMICALLY.
0103 * THESE MUST REMAIN "LDA" INSTRUCTIONS!!!!
0104 *
0105 SOUT LDA OPORT OUTPUT VIA STANDARD OUTPUT PSUEDO PORT
0106 AOUT JMP OUTPR OUTPUT VIA PSUEDO PORT SPECIFIED IN REG A
C019 3A 07 C8
C01C C3 2E C0
0107 SINP LDA IPORT INPUT VIA STANDARD INPUT PSUEDO PORT
C01F 3A 06 C8
0108 AINP EQU $ INPUT VIA PSUEDO PORT SPECIFIED IN REG A
C022
0109 * -----END OF SYSTEM ENTRY POINTS-----
0110 *
0111 *
0112 * AINP CONTINUES HERE (IT COULD HAVE BEEN A "JMP" THOUGH)
C022 E5
0113 PUSH H SAVE HL FM ENTRY
C023 21 09 C3
0114 LXI H,ITAB
0115 *
0116 * THIS ROUTINE PROCESSES THE I/O REQUESTS
0117 *
0118 IOPRC ANI 3 KEEP REGISTER "A" TO FOUR VALUES
C026 E6 03
0119 RLC . COMPUTE ENTRY ADDRESS
C028 07
0120 ADD L ADDRESS
C029 85
0121 MOV L,A WE HAVE ADDRESS
C02A 6F
0122 JMP DISPT DISPATCH TO IT
C02B C3 87 C2
0123 *
0124 *
0125 OUTPR EQU $ PROCESS OUTPUT REQUESTS
C02E
0126 PUSH H SAVE REGS
C02E E5
0127 LXI H,OTAB POINT TO OUTPUT DISPATCH TABLE
C02F 21 01 C3
0128 JMP IOPRC DISPATCH FOR PROPER PSUEDO PORT
C032 C3 26 C0
0129 *
0130 *
0131 *
0132 * CUTER SYSTEM I/O ROUTINES
0133 *
0134 *
0135 * THIS ROUTINE IS A MODEL OF ALL INPUT ROUTINES WITHIN
0136 * CUTER. THE FIRST ROUTINE "KREA1" PERFORMS THE INPUT
0137 * FROM THE STANDARD KEYBOARD ON PARALLEL PORT 3.
0138 * ALL STANDARD INPUT DRIVERS RETURN EITHER THE CHARACTER
0139 * WITH A NON-ZERO FLAG, OR JUST A ZERO FLAG INDICATING
0140 * THAT NO CHARACTER IS AVAILABLE YET. IT WILL BE THE
0141 * RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER TO LOOP WAITING FOR A
0142 * CHARACTER, OR TO USE THE INPUT AS A STATUS REQUEST.
0143 * WHEN A CHARACTER IS AVAILABLE, IT IS RETURNED IN REG A.
0144 *
0145 * THE FOLLOWING KEYBOARD ROUTINE MAY BE USED AS A SAMPLE
0146 * OF HOW TO WRITE A USER INPUT ROUTINE.
0147 *
0148 * KEYBOARD INPUT ROUTINE
0149 *
0150 KREA1 EQU $ KEYBOARD READ ROUTINE
C035
0151 IN STAPT GET STATUS WORD
C035 DB 00
0152 CMA . INVERT IT FOR PROPER RETURN
C037 2F
0153 ANI KDR TEST NOT KEYBOARD DATA READY
C038 E6 01
0154 RZ . ZERO IF NO CHARACTER RECEIVED
C03A C8
0155 *
0156 IN KDATA GET CHARACTER
C03B DB 03
0157 RET . GO BACK WITH IT
C03D C9
0158 *
0159 *
0160 *
0161 * SERIAL INPUT ROUTINE
0162 *
0163 SREA1 EQU $ SERIAL INPUT ROUTINE
C03E

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C03E DB 00      0164      IN      STAPT  GET STATUS
C040 E6 40      0165      ANI     SDR    TEST FOR SERIAL DATA READY
C042 C8         0166      RZ      .      FLAGS ARE SET
                0167 *
C043 DB 01      0168      IN      SDATA  GET DATA BYTE
                0169 * IT IS UP TO THE CALLER TO STRIP PARITY IF DESIRED
C045 C9         0170      RET     .      WE HAVE IT
                0171 *
                0172 *
                0173 * SERIAL DATA OUTPUT
                0174 *
                0175 SEROT  EQU    $      SERIAL OUTPUT ROUTINE
C046 DB 00      0176      IN      STAPT  GET STATUS
C048 17         0177      RAL     .      PUT HIGH BIT IN CARRY
C049 D2 46 C0   0178      JNC    SEROT  LOOP UNTIL TRANSMITTER BUFFER IS EMPTY
C04C 78         0179      MOV     A,B   GET THE CHARACTER BACK
C04D D3 01      0180      OUT    SDATA  SEND IT OUT
C04F C9         0181      RET     .      AND WE'RE DONE
                0182 *
                0183 *
                0184 * PARALLEL DATA INPUT
                0185 PARIT  EQU    $      GET CHAR FM PARALLEL PORT
C050 DB 00      0186      IN      STAPT  STATUS
C052 2F         0187      CMA    .      INVERT FOR PROPER RETURN
C053 E6 02      0188      ANI     PDR    IS DATA READY?
C055 C8         0189      RZ      .      NO--JUST EXIT
C056 DB 02      0190      IN      PDATA  YES--GET CHAR THEN
C058 C9         0191      RET     .      THEN EXIT
                0192 *
                0193 *
                0194 * PARALLEL DATA OUTPUT ROUTINE
                0195 PAROT  EQU    $      OUTPUT CHAR TO PARALLEL PORT
C059 DB 00      0196      IN      STAPT  STATUS
C05B E6 04      0197      ANI     PXDR   IS EXTERNAL DEVICE READY?
C05D C2 59 C0   0198      JNZ    PAROT  NO--WAIT TIL IT IS
C060 78         0199      MOV     A,B   GET CHAR
C061 D3 02      0200      OUT    PDATA  SEND DATA NOW
C063 C9         0201      RET     .      DONE
                0202 *
                0203 *
                0204 * USER DEFINED INPUT/OUTPUT ROUTINES
                0205 ERRIT  EQU    $      USER INPUT ROUTINE
C064 E5         0206      PUSH   H      SAVE ORIG HL
C065 2A 00 C8   0207      LHLD  UIPRT  GET USER'S RTN ADDR
C068 C3 6F C0   0208      JMP    ERRO1  MERGE TO VERIFY THE ADDR
                0209 *
                0210 ERROT  EQU    $      USER OUTPUT ROUTINE
C06B E5         0211      PUSH   H      SAVE ORIG HL
C06C 2A 02 C8   0212      LHLD  UOPRT  GET USER'S RTR ADDR
                0213 ERRO1  EQU    $      WE MERGE HERE TO VFY ADDR
C06F 7D         0214      MOV     A,L   ZERO=UNDEFINED
C070 B4         0215      ORA    H      IS IT?
C071 C2 8B C2   0216      JNZ    DISP1 NO--VALID--OFF TO IT
C074 C3 0F C2   0217      JMP    STRTD  RESET I/O PORTS AND BACK TO COMMAND MODE
                0218 *
                0219 *
                0220 *
                0221 * VIDEO DISPLAY ROUTINES
                0222 *
                0223 *
                0224 * THESE ROUTINES ALLOW FOR STANDARD VIDEO TERMINAL
                0225 * OPERATIONS. ON ENTRY, THE CHARACTER FOR OUTPUT IS IN
                0226 * REGISTER B AND ALL REGISTERS ARE UNALTERED ON RETURN.
                0227 *
                0228 *
                0229 *
                0230 VDM01 EQU    $      VDM OUTPUT DRIVER
C077 E5         0231      PUSH   H      SAVE HL
C078 D5         0232      PUSH   D      SAVE DE
C079 C5         0233      PUSH   B
                0234 *
                0235 * PROCESS ESC SEQUENCE IF ANY
                0236 *
                0237      LDA    ESCFL  GET ESCAPE FLAG
C07A 3A 0C C8   0238      ORA    A
C07D B7         0239      JNZ    ESCS   IF NON ZERO GO PROCESS THE REST OF THE SEQUENCE
C07E C2 87 C1   0240 *
                0241      MOV     A,B   GET CHAR
C081 78         0242      ANI     7FH   CLR HI BIT IN CASE
C082 E6 7F      0243      MOV     B,A   USE CHAR STRIPPED OF HI BIT FOR COMPATABILITY
C084 47         0244      JZ     GOBK   MAKE A QUICK EXIT FOR A NULL
C085 CA 9F C0   0245 *
                0246      LXI   H,TBL
C088 21 E2 C2   0247      CALL  TSRCH  GO PROCESS
C08B CD A5 C0   0248 *

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	C08E	0249	GOBACK	EQU	\$	RESET CURSOR AND DELAY
C08E	CD 44 C1	0250	CALL	VDADD		GET SCRNR ADDR
C091	7E	0251	MOV	A,M		GET CHAR
C092	F6 80	0252	ORI	80H		INVERSE VIDEO
C094	77	0253	MOV	M,A		CURSOR IS NOW THERE
C095	2A 0A C8	0254	LHLD	SPEED-1		GET DELAY SPEED
C098	2C	0255	INR	L		MAKE IT DEFINITELY NON-ZERO
C099	AF	0256	XRA	A		DELAY ENDS WHEN H=ZERO
C09A	2B	0257	TIMER	DCX	H	LOOP FOR DELAY AMNT
C09B	BC	0258	CMP	H		IS IT DONE YET
C09C	C2 9A C0	0259	JNZ	TIMER		NO--KEEP DELAYING
C09F	C1	0260	GOBK	POP	B	
C0A0	D1	0261		POP	D	RESTORE ALL REGISTERS
C0A1	E1	0262		POP	H	
C0A2	C9	0263		RET	.	EXIT FROM VDMOT
		0264	*			
		0265	*			
	C0A3	0266	NEXT	EQU	\$	GO TO NEXT CHR
C0A3	23	0267		INX	H	
C0A4	23	0268		INX	H	
		0269	*			
		0270	*			THIS ROUTINE SEARCHES FOR A MATCH OF THE CHAR IN "B"
		0271	*			TO THE CHAR IN THE TBL POINTED TO BY HL.
		0272	*			
C0A5	7E	0273	TSRCH	MOV	A,M	GET CHR FROM TABLE
C0A6	B7	0274		ORA	A	SEE IF END OF TBL
C0A7	CA B7 C0	0275		JZ	CHAR	ZERO IS THE LAST
C0AA	B8	0276		CMP	B	TEST THE CHR
C0AB	23	0277		INX	H	POINT FORWARD
C0AC	C2 A3 C0	0278		JNZ	NEXT	
C0AF	E5	0279		PUSH	H	FOUND ONE...SAVE ADDRESS
C0B0	CD 5E C1	0280		CALL	CREM	REMOVE CURSOR
C0B3	E3	0281		XTHL	.	RESTORE ADDR OF CHAR ENTRY IN TBL
C0B4	C3 87 C2	0282		JMP	DISPT	DISPATCH FOR CURSOR CONTROL
		0283	*			
		0284	*			
	C0B7	0285	CHAR	EQU	\$	WE HAVE A CHAR
C0B7	78	0286		MOV	A,B	GET CHARACTER
C0B8	FE 7F	0287		CPI	7FH	IS IT A DEL?
C0BA	C8	0288		RZ	.	GO BACK IF SO
		0289	*			
		0290	*			
		0291	*			
C0BB	CD 44 C1	0292	OCHAR	CALL	VDADD	GET SCREEN ADDRESS
C0BE	70	0293		MOV	M,B	PUT CHR ON SCREEN
C0BF	3A 08 C8	0294		LDA	NCHAR	GET CHARACTER POSITION
C0C2	FE 3F	0295		CPI	63	END OF LINE?
C0C4	DA E4 C0	0296		JC	OK	
C0C7	3A 09 C8	0297		LDA	LINE	
C0CA	FE 0F	0298		CPI	15	END OF SCREEN?
C0CC	C2 E4 C0	0299		JNZ	OK	
		0300	*			
		0301	*			END OF SCREEN...ROLL UP ONE LINE
		0302	*			
C0CF	AF	0303	SCROLL	XRA	A	
C0D0	32 08 C8	0304		STA	NCHAR	BACK TO FIRST CHAR POSITION
C0D3	4F	0305	SROL	MOV	C,A	
C0D4	CD 4B C1	0306		CALL	VDAD	CALCULATE LINE TO BE BLANKED
C0D7	AF	0307		XRA	A	
C0D8	CD 22 C1	0308		CALL	CLIN1	CLEAR IT
C0DB	3A 0A C8	0309		LDA	BOT	
C0DE	3C	0310		INR	A	
C0DF	E6 0F	0311		ANI	0FH	
C0E1	C3 11 C1	0312		JMP	ERAS3	
		0313	*			
		0314	*			INCREMENT LINE COUNTER IF NECESSARY
		0315	*			
C0E4	3A 08 C8	0316	OK	LDA	NCHAR	GET CHR POSITION
C0E7	3C	0317		INR	A	
C0E8	E6 3F	0318		ANI	3FH	MOD 64
C0EA	32 08 C8	0319		STA	NCHAR	STORE THE NEW
C0ED	C0	0320		RNZ	.	MORE CHARS THIS LINE
C0EE	C0EE	0321	PDOWN	EQU	\$	MOVE CURSOR DOWN ONE LINE
C0EE	3A 09 C8	0322		LDA	LINE	GET THE LINE COUNT
C0F1	3C	0323		INR	A	
C0F2	E6 0F	0324	CURSC	ANI	0FH	MOD 15 INCREMENT
C0F4	32 09 C8	0325	CUR	STA	LINE	STORE THE NEW
C0F7	C9	0326		RET		
		0327	*			
		0328	*			ERASE SCREEN
		0329	*			
C0F8	21 00 CC	0330	PERSE	LXI	H,VDMEM	POINT TO SCREEN
C0FB	36 A0	0331		MVI	M,80H+' '	THIS IS THE CURSOR
		0332	*			
C0FD	23	0333		INX	H	NEXT CHAR

C0F4	0334	ERAS1	EQU	\$	LOOP TO CLR SCRN
C0FE 36 20	0335		MVI	M, ' '	BLANK IT OUT
C100 23	0336		INX	H	NEXT SCRN LOC
C101 7C	0337		MOV	A, H	SEE IF DONE
C102 FE D0	0338		CPI	0D0H	DID IT GO ABOVE VDM
C104 DA FE C0	0339		JC	ERAS1	NO--MORE
C107 37	0340		STC	.	SAY WE WANT TO DROP THRU TO ERAS3
	0341	*			
C108	0342	PHOME	EQU	\$	RESET CURSOR TO HOME
C108 3E 00	0343		MVI	A, 0	CLEAR, LEAVE CARRY AS IS
C10A 32 09 C8	0344		STA	LINE	ZERO LINE
C10D 32 08 C8	0345		STA	NCHAR	LEFT SIDE OF SCREEN
C110 D0	0346		RNC	.	THIS IS JUST A HOME OPERATION
	0347	*			
C111 D3 C8	0348	ERAS3	OUT	DSTAT	RESET SCROLL PARAMETERS
C113 32 0A C8	0349		STA	BOT	BEGINNING OF TEXT OFFSET
C116 C9	0350		RET		
	0351	*			
	0352	*			
C117	0353	CLIN2	EQU	\$	HERE TO SEE IF VDM OUTPUT
C117 3A 07 C8	0354		LDA	OPORT	GET CRNT OUTPUT PORT
C11A B7	0355		ORA	A	
C11B C0	0356		RNZ	.	NOT VDM--DONE THEN
C11C CD 44 C1	0357	CLINE	CALL	VDADD	GET CURRENT SCREEN ADDRESS
C11F 3A 08 C8	0358		LDA	NCHAR	CURRENT CURSOR POSITION
C122 FE 40	0359	CLIN1	CPI	64	NO MORE THAN 63
C124 D0	0360		RNC	.	ALL DONE
C125 36 20	0361		MVI	M, ' '	ALL SPACED OUT
C127 23	0362		INX	H	
C128 3C	0363		INR	A	
C129 C3 22 C1	0364		JMP	CLIN1	LOOP TO END OF LINE
	0365	*			
	0366	*			
	0367	*			ROUTINE TO MOVE THE CURSOR UP ONE LINE
	0368	*			
C12C 3A 09 C8	0369	PUP	LDA	LINE	GET LINE COUNT
C12F 3D	0370		DCR	A	
C130 C3 F2 C0	0371		JMP	CURSC	MERGE
	0372	*			
	0373	*			MOVE CURSOR LEFT ONE POSITION
	0374	*			
C133 3A 08 C8	0375	PLEFT	LDA	NCHAR	
C136 3D	0376		DCR	A	
C137	0377	PCUR	EQU	\$	TAKE CARE OF CURSOR SAME LINE
C137 E6 3F	0378		ANI	03FH	LET CURSOR WRAP AROUND
C139 32 08 C8	0379		STA	NCHAR	UPDATED CURSOR
C13C C9	0380		RET		
	0381	*			
	0382	*			CURSOR RIGHT ONE POSITION
	0383	*			
C13D 3A 08 C8	0384	PRIT	LDA	NCHAR	
C140 3C	0385		INR	A	
C141 C3 37 C1	0386		JMP	PCUR	
	0387	*			
	0388	*			ROUTINE TO CALCULATE SCREEN ADDRESS
	0389	*			
	0390	*			ENTRY AT: RETURNS:
	0391	*			
	0392	*			VDADD CURRENT SCREEN ADDRESS
	0393	*			VDAD2 ADDRESS OF CURRENT LINE, CHAR 'C'
	0394	*			VDAD LINE 'A', CHARACTER POSITION 'C'
	0395	*			
C144 3A 08 C8	0396	VDADD	LDA	NCHAR	GET CHARACTER POSITION
C147 4F	0397		MOV	C, A	'C' KEEPS IT
C148 3A 09 C8	0398	VDAD2	LDA	LINE	LINE POSITION
C14B 6F	0399	VDAD	MOV	L, A	INTO 'L'
C14C 3A 0A C8	0400		LDA	BOT	GET TEXT OFFSET
C14F 85	0401		ADD	L	ADD IT TO THE LINE POSITION
C150 0F	0402		RRC	.	TIMES TWO
C151 0F	0403		RRC	.	MAKES FOUR
C152 6F	0404		MOV	L, A	L HAS IT
C153 E6 03	0405		ANI	3	MOD THREE FOR LATER
C155 C6 CC	0406		ADI	<VDMEM	LOW SCREEN OFFSET
C157 67	0407		MOV	H, A	NOW H IS DONE
C158 7D	0408		MOV	A, L	TWIST L'S ARM
C159 E6 C0	0409		ANI	0C0H	
C15B 81	0410		ADD	C	
C15C 6F	0411		MOV	L, A	
C15D C9	0412		RET	.	H & L ARE NOW PERVERTED
	0413	*			
	0414	*			ROUTINE TO REMOVE CURSOR
	0415	*			
C15E CD 44 C1	0416	CREM	CALL	VDADD	GET CURRENT SCREEN ADDRESS
C161 7E	0417		MOV	A, M	
C162 E6 7F	0418		ANI	7FH	STRIP OFF THE CURSOR

C164 77	0419	MOV	M,A	
C165 C9	0420	RET		
	0421	*		
	0422	*	ROUTINE TO BACKSPACE	
	0423	*		
C166 CD 33 C1	0424	PBACK	CALL	PLEFT
C169 CD 44 C1	0425		CALL	VDADD GET SCREEN ADDRESS
C16C 36 20	0426		MVI	M,' ' PUT A BLANK THERE
C16E C9	0427		RET	
	0428	*		
	0429	*	ROUTINE TO PROCESS A CARRIAGE RETURN	
	0430	*		
C16F CD 1C C1	0431	PCR	CALL	CLINE CLEAR FROM CURRENT CURSOR TO END OF LINE
	0432	*	NOTE THAT A COMES BACK=64 WHICH WILL BE CLEARED AT PCUR	
C172 C3 37 C1	0433		JMP	PCUR AND STORE THE NEW VALUE
	0434	*		
	0435	*	ROUTINE TO PROCESS LINEFEED	
	0436	*		
C175 3A 09 C8	0437	PLF	LDA	LINE GET LINE COUNT
C178 3C	0438		INR	A NEXT LINE
C179 E6 0F	0439		ANI	15 SEE IF IT WRAPPED AROUND
C17B C2 F4 C0	0440		JNZ	CUR IT DID NOT--NO SCROLL
	0441	*		
C17E C3 D3 C0	0442		JMP	SROL SCROLL ONE LINE--CURSOR SOME POSITION
	0443	*		
	0444	*	SET ESCAPE PROCESS FLAG	
	0445	*		
C181 3E FF	0446	PESC	MVI	A,-1
C183 32 0C C8	0447		STA	ESCFL SET FLAG
C186 C9	0448		RET	
	0449	*		
	0450	*	PROCESS ESCAPE SEQUENCE	
	0451	*		
C187 CD 5E C1	0452	ESCS	CALL	CREM REMOVE CURSOR
C18A CD 90 C1	0453		CALL	ESCSP PROCESS THE CHARACTER
C18D C3 8E C0	0454		JMP	GOBACK
	0455	*		
C190 3A 0C C8	0456	ESCSP	LDA	ESCFL GET ESCAPE FLAG
C193 FE FF	0457		CPI	-1 TEST FLAG
C195 CA B8 C1	0458		JZ	SECOND
	0459	*		
	0460	*	PROCESS THIRD CHR OF ESC SEQUENCE	
	0461	*		
C198 21 0C C8	0462		LXI	H,ESCFL
C19B 36 00	0463		MVI	M,0
C19D FE 02	0464		CPI	2
C19F DA B0 C1	0465		JC	SETX SET X
C1A2 CA B4 C1	0466		JZ	SETY SET Y
C1A5 FE 08	0467		CPI	8 SPECIAL SET SPEED
C1A7 CA 94 C5	0468		JZ	STSPD YES--SET
C1AA FE 09	0469		CPI	9
C1AC DA BB C0	0470		JC	OCHAR PUT IT ON THE SCREEN
C1AF C0	0471		RNZ	
	0472	*		
	0473	*	TAB ABSOLUTE TO VALUE IN REG B	
	0474	*		
C1B0 78	0475	SETX	MOV	A,B
C1B1 C3 37 C1	0476		JMP	PCUR
	0477	*		
	0478	*	SET CURSOR TO LINE "B"	
	0479	*		
C1B4 78	0480	SETY	MOV	A,B
C1B5 C3 F2 C0	0481		JMP	CURSC
	0482	*		
	0483	*		
	0484	*	PROCESS SECOND CHR OF ESC SEQUENCE	
	0485	*		
C1B8 78	0486	SECOND	MOV	A,B
C1B9 FE 03	0487		CPI	3
C1BB CA CE C1	0488		JZ	CURET
C1BE FE 04	0489		CPI	4
C1C0 C2 CA C1	0490		JNZ	ARET2
	0491	*		
C1C3 44	0492	ARET	MOV	B,H
C1C4 4D	0493		MOV	C,L PRESENT SCREEN ADDRESS TO BC FOR RETURN
C1C5 E1	0494	ARET1	POP	H RETURN ADDRESS
C1C6 D1	0495		POP	D OLD B
C1C7 C5	0496		PUSH	B
C1C8 E5	0497		PUSH	H
C1C9 AF	0498		XRA	A
C1CA 32 0C C8	0499	ARET2	STA	ESCFL
C1CD C9	0500		RET	
	0501	*		
	0502	*		
	0503	*	RETURN PRESENT SCREEN PARAMETERS IN BC	

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0504 *
C1CE 21 08 C8 0505 CURET LXI H,NCHAR
C1D1 46 0506 MOV B,M CHARACTER POSITION
C1D2 23 0507 INX H
C1D3 4E 0508 MOV C,M LINE POSITION
C1D4 C3 C5 C1 0509 JMP ARET1
0510 *
0511 *
0512 *
0513 * START UP SYSTEM
0514 *
0515 * CLEAR SCREEN AND THE FIRST 256 BYTES OF GLOBAL RAM
0516 * THEN ENTER THE COMMAND MODE.
0517 *
C1D7 AF 0518 STRTA XRA A
C1D8 4F 0519 MOV C,A
C1D9 21 04 C8 0520 LXI H,DFLTS CLEAR AFTER USER PORT ADDRESSES
0521 *
C1DC 77 0522 CLERA MOV M,A
C1DD 23 0523 INX H
C1DE 0C 0524 INR C
C1DF C2 DC C1 0525 JNZ CLERA
0526 *
0527 * DETERMINE THE DEFAULT PORTS
0528 * THIS COULD BECOME "MVI A,XX" FOR YOUR SPECIFIC PORTS
C1E2 DB FF 0529 IN SENSE GET SWITCHES
0530 *
C1E4 47 0531 MOV B,A SAVE IT
C1E5 E6 03 0532 ANI 3 MAKE IT A VALID PORT
C1E7 32 05 C8 0533 STA DFLTS+1 SET DEFAULT OUTPUT PORT
C1EA B7 0534 ORA A SEE IF THIS THE VDM
C1EB C2 F4 C1 0535 JNZ STRTB NO--DO NOT RESET VDM
C1EE 31 FF CB 0536 LXI SP,SYSTP SET UP THE STACK FOR CALL
C1F1 CD F8 C0 0537 CALL PERSE (REG A ASSUMED TO COME BACK ZERO)
C1F4 0538 STRTB EQU $ FINISH OFF THIS PORT THEN DO NEXT
C1F4 21 00 00 0539 LXI H,0 USE FOR CLEARING USER ADDRESSES
C1F7 FE 03 0540 CPI 3 IS IT A USER PORT
C1F9 CA FF C1 0541 JZ STRTC YES-- DO NOT CLEAR IT
C1FC 22 02 C8 0542 SHLD UOPRT NO--CLEAR ADDR
C1FF C1FF 0543 STRTC EQU $ OUTPUT PORT ALL SET
C1FF 78 0544 MOV A,B FM SENSE SWITCHES
C200 1F 0545 RAR .
C201 1F 0546 RAR . NEXT 2 SITS ARE INPUT PORT
C202 E6 03 0547 ANI 3 VALID PORT
C204 32 04 C8 0548 STA DFLTS THIS IS DEFAULT INPUT PORT
C207 FE 03 0549 CPI 3 IS THIS ONE A USER PORT
C209 CA 0F C2 0550 JZ STRTD YES--DO NOT CLEAR IT THEN
C20C 22 00 C8 0551 SHLD UIPRT NO--FORCE USER ADDRESS ZERO
C20F C20F 0552 STRTD EQU $ 1ST TIME INITIALIZATION ALL DONE NOW
C20F 2A 04 C8 0553 LHLD DFLTS PICK UP DEFAULT PORTS
C212 22 06 C8 0554 SHLD IPORT FORCE PORTS TO DEFAULT
C215 C215 0555 COMN1 EQU $ HERE TO TURN OFF TAPES, THEN COMMAND MODE
C215 AF 0556 XRA A
C216 D3 FA 0557 OUT TAPPT BE SURE TAPES ARE OFF
0558 *
0559 *
0560 *
0561 * ==- COMMAND MODE ==-
0562 *
0563 *
0564 * THIS ROUTINE GETS AND PROCESSES COMMANDS
0565 *
C218 31 FF CB 0566 COMND LXI SP,SYSTP SET STACK POINTER
C21B CD 3A C3 0567 CALL PROMPT PUT PROMPT ON SCREEN
C21E CD 27 C2 0568 CALL GCLIO INIT TO GET COMMAND LINE
C221 CD 6A C2 0569 CALL COPRC PROCESS THE LINE
C224 C3 18 C2 0570 JMP COMND OVER AND OVER
0571 *
0572 *
0573 *
0574 * THIS ROUTINE READS A COMMAND LINE FROM THE SYSTEM
0575 * KEYBOARD
0576 *
0577 * C/R TERMINATES THE SEQUENCE ERASING ALL CHARS TO THE
0578 * RIGHT OF THE CURSOR
0579 * L/F TERMINATES THE SEQUENCE
0580 * ESC RESETS TO COMMAND MODE.
0581 *
C227 0582 GCLI0 EQU $ HERE TO INIT FOR GCLIN
C227 21 63 CA 0583 LXI H,INLIN-1 PT TO CHAR IN FRONT OF INPUT RFR
C22A 36 07 0584 MVI M,7 MAKE SURE IT IS "BELL" TO KEEP FM DEL'ING TOO FAR
C22C 23 0585 INX H NOW PT TO INPUT BFR
C22D 22 0E C8 0586 SHLD INPTR SAVE AS STARTING PTR
C230 3E 50 0587 MVI A,80 NUMBER OF CHARS IN LINE (MAX)
C232 0588 GCLI1 EQU $ LOOP TO BLANK OUT LINE BFR

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C232 36 20          0589      MVI    M,      BLANKS
C234 23             0590      INX    H      NEXT CHAR
C235 3D             0591      DCR    A      FOR THIS COUNT
C236 C2 32 C2      0592      JNZ    GCL11  ENTIRE LINE
C239 CD 1F C0      0593  GCLIN  CALL   SINP   READ INPUT DEVICE
C23C CA 39 C2      0594      JZ     GCLIN
C23F E6 7F         0595      ANI    7FH   MAKE SURE NO X'80' BIT DURING CMND MODE
C241 CA 0F C2      0596      JZ     STRTD  IF EITHER MODE (OR CTL-@)
C244 47             0597      MOV    B,A
C245 FE 0D         0598      CPI    CR IS  IT CR?
C247 CA 17 C1      0599      JZ     CLIN2  YES--TERMINATE LINE HERE (CLR IF VDM)
C24A FE 0A         0600      CPI    LF     IS IT A LINEFEED
C24C C8             0601      RZ     .     YES--TERMINATE LINE AS IS
C24D 2A 0E C8      0602      LHLD  INPTR  CRNT LINE PTR
C250 FE 7F         0603      CPI    7FH   DELETE CHR?
C252 C2 5F C2      0604      JNZ    GCL12  NO--OK
C255 06 5F         0605      MVI    B,BACKS  REPLACE IT
C257 2B             0606      DCX    H     BACK LINE PTR UP TOO
C258 3E 07         0607      MVI    A,'G'-40H  SEE IF A BELL
C25A BE             0608      CMP    M     IS IT?
C25B C2 61 C2      0609      JNZ    GCL13  NO--OK
C25E 47             0610      MOV    B,A   YES--RING THE BELL THEN
C25F C25F          0611  GCL12  EQU    $     STORE CHAR IN INPUT AREA
C25F 70             0612      MOV    M,B   PLACE CHAR INTO LINE
C260 23             0613      INX    H     NEXT CHAR
C261 C261          0614  GCL13  EQU    $     SAVE NEW LINE PTR
C261 22 0E C8      0615      SHLD  INPTR  SAVE PTR
C264 CD 19 C0      0616      *
C267 C3 39 C2      0617  CONT  CALL   SOUT
C267 C3 39 C2      0618      JMP    GCLIN
C267 C3 39 C2      0619      *
C267 C3 39 C2      0620      *
C267 C3 39 C2      0621      *
C267 C3 39 C2      0622      *
C267 C3 39 C2      0623      *     FIND AND PROCESS COMMAND
C267 C3 39 C2      0624      *
C26A C26A          0625  COPRC  EQU    $     PROCESS THIS COMMAND LINE
C26A CD AA C2      0626      CALL  STUP   SETUP TO PROCESS INPUT LINE
C26D EB             0627      XCHG  .     DE=ADDR
C26E 21 00 C0      0628      LXI   H,START  PREP SO THAT HL WILL PT TO CUTER LATER
C271 E5             0629      PUSH  H     PLACE PTR TO CUTER ON STACK FOR LATER DISPT
C272 CD 6C C3      0630      CALL  SCHR  SCAN PAST BLANKS
C275 CA 6B C4      0631      JZ     ERR1  NO COMMAND?
C278 EB             0632      XCHG  .     HL HAS FIRST CHR
C279 11 BD C2      0633      LXI   D,COMTAB  POINT TO COMMAND TABLE
C27C CD 91 C2      0634      CALL  FDCOM  SEE IF IN PRIMARY TABLE
C27F CC 8E C2      0635      CZ     FDCOU  TRY CUSTOM ONLY IF NOT PRIMARY COMMAND
C282 C282          0636  DISPO  EQU    $     HERE TO EITHER DISPATCH OR DO ERROR
C282 CA 6C C4      0637      JZ     ERR2  NOT IN EITHER TABLE
C285 13             0638      INX    D     PT DE TO ADDR OF RTN
C286 EB             0639      XCHG  .     HL=ADDR OF ADDR OF RTN
C286 EB             0640      * ****  DROP THRU TO DISPT ***
C286 EB             0641      *
C286 EB             0642      * THIS ROUTINE DISPTACHES TO THE ADDR AT CONTENTS OF HL.
C286 EB             0643      * HL ARE RESTORED PRIOR TO GOING TO ROUTINE.
C286 EB             0644      *
C287 C287          0645  DISPT  EQU    $     DISPATCH
C287 7E             0646      MOV    A,M   LOW BYTE
C288 23             0647      INX    H
C289 66             0648      MOV    H,M   HI BYTE
C28A 6F             0649      MOV    L,A   AND LO, HL NOW COMPLETE
C28B C28B          0650  DISPI  EQU    $     HERE TO GO OFF TO HL DIRECTLY
C28B E3             0651      XTHL  .     HL RESTORED AND ADDR ON STACK
C28C 7D             0652      MOV    A,L   ALWAYS PASS L IN "A" (PRIMARILY FOR SET'S)
C28D C9             0653      RET    .     OFF TO ROUTINE
C28D C9             0654      *
C28D C9             0655      *
C28D C9             0656      *
C28D C9             0657      * THIS ROUTINE SEARCHES THROUGH A TABLE, POINTED TO
C28D C9             0658      * BY 'DE', FOR A DOUBLE CHARACTER MATCH OF THE 'HL'
C28D C9             0659      * MEMORY CONTENT. IF NO MATCH IS FOUND THE SCAN ENDS
C28D C9             0660      * WITH THE ZERO FLAG SET, ELSE NON-ZERO SET.
C28D C9             0661      *
C28E C28E          0662  FDCOU  EQU    $     HERE TO SCAN CUSTOM TABLE
C28E 11 3C C8      0663      LXI   D,CUTAB  PT TO CUSTOM RTN TBL
C291 1A             0664  FDCOM  D
C292 B7             0665      ORA   A     TEST FOR TABLE END
C293 C8             0666      RZ     .     NOT FOUND POST THAT AND RETURN
C294 E5             0667      PUSH  H     SAVE START OF SCAN ADDRESS
C295 BE             0668      CMP    M     TEST FIRST CHR
C296 13             0669      INX    D
C297 C2 A3 C2      0670      JNZ    NCOM
C297 C2 A3 C2      0671      *
C29A 23             0672      INX    H
C29B 1A             0673      LDAX  D

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C29C BE          0674      CMP      M      NOW SECOND CHARACTER
C29D C2 A3 C2   0675      JNZ      NCOM   GOODNESS
0676 *
C2A0 E1          0677      POP      H      RETURN HL TO PT TO CHAR START
C2A1 B7          0678      ORA      A      FORCE TO NON-ZERO FLAG
C2A2 C9          0679      RET      .      LET CALLER KNOW
0680 *
0681 *
C2A3 13          0682 NCOM   INX      D      GO TO NEXT ENTRY
C2A4 13          0683      INX      D
C2A5 13          0684      INX      D
C2A6 E1          0685      POP      H      GET BACK ORIGINAL ADDRESS
C2A7 C3 91 C2   0686      JMP      FDCOM  CONTINUE SEARCH
0687 *
0688 *
0689 * SET UP TO PROCESS AN INPUT LINE
C2AA            0690 STUP   EQU      $      PREPARE WHETHER VDM OR NOT
C2AA 21 64 CA   0691      LXI      H,INLIN ASSUME NON-VDM INPUT
C2AD 22 0E C8   0692      SHLD   INPTR  ALSO RESET PTR FOR NOW
C2B0 3A 07 C8   0693      LDA      OPORT  SEE IF IT IS VDM
C2B3 B7          0694      ORA      A      IS IT THE VDM PORT
C2B4 C0          0695      RNZ      .      NO--HL ARE SET PROPERLY
C2B5 CD 5E C1   0696      CALL   CREM   REMOVE CURSOR
C2B8 0E 01      0697      MVI      C,1   GET VDM ADDR FM POSITION ONE
C2BA C3 48 C1   0698      JMP      VDAD2  GET SCRN ADDR
0699 *
0700 *          COMMAND TABLE
0701 *
0702 * THIS TABLE DESCRIBES THE VALID COMMANDS FOR CUTER
0703 *
C2BD            0704 COMTAB EQU      $      START OF KNOWN COMMANDS
C2BD 44 55      0705      ASC      'DU'   DUMP
C2BF AD C3      0706      DW      DUMP
C2C1 45 4E      0707      ASC      'EN'   ENTR
C2C3 14 C4      0708      DW      ENTER
C2C5 45 58      0709      ASC      'EX'   EXEC
C2C7 49 C4      0710      DW      EXEC
C2C9 47 45      0711      ASC      'GE'   GET
C2CB A1 C4      0712      DW      TLOAD
C2CD 53 41      0713      ASC      'SA'   SAVE
C2CF E0 C4      0714      DW      TSAVE
C2D1 58 45      0715      ASC      'XE'   XEQ
C2D3 A0 C4      0716      DW      TXEQ
C2D5 43 41      0717      ASC      'CA'   CAT
C2D7 27 C5      0718      DW      TLIST
C2D9 53 45      0719      ASC      'SE'   SET COMMAND
C2DB 76 C5      0720      DW      SET
C2DD 43 55      0721      ASC      'CU'   CUSTOM COMMAND ENTER/CLEAR
C2DF B9 C5      0722      DW      CUSET
C2E1 00          0723      DB      0      END OF TABLE MARK
0724 *
0725 *
0726 *          DISPLAY DRIVER COMMAND TABLE
0727 *
0728 * THIS TABLE DEFINES THE CHARACTERS FOR SPECIAL
0729 * PROCESSING. IF THE CHARACTER IS NOT IN THE TARLP IT
0730 * GOES TO THE SCREEN.
0731 *
C2E2 0B          0732 TBL   DB      CLEAR  SCREEN
C2E3 F8 C0      0733      DW      PERSE
C2E5 17          0734      DB      UP      CURSOR
C2E6 2C C1      0735      DW      PUP
C2E8 1A          0736      DB      DOWN   "
C2E9 EE C0      0777      DW      PDOWN
C2EB 01          0738      DB      LEFT   "
C2EC 33 C1      0739      DW      PLEFT
C2EE 13          0740      DB      RIGHT  "
C2EF 3D C1      0741      DW      PRIT
C2F1 0E          0742      DB      HOME   "
C2F2 08 C1      0743      DW      PHOME
C2F4 0D          0744      DB      CR      CARRIAGE RETURN
C2F5 6F C1      0745      DW      PCR
C2F7 0A          0746      DB      LF      LINE FEED
C2F8 75 C1      0747      DW      PLF
C2FA 5F          0748      DB      BACKS  BACK SPACE
C2FB 66 C1      0749      DW      PBACK
C2FD 1B          0750      DB      ESC     ESCAPE KEY
C2FE 81 C1      0751      DW      PESC
C300 00          0752      DB      0      END OF TABLE
0753 *
0754 *          OUTPUT DEVICE TABLE
0755 *
C301 77 C0      0756 OTAB  DW      VDM01  VDM DRIVER
C303 46 C0      0757      DW      SEROT  SERIAL OUTPUT
C305 59 C0      0758      DW      PAROT  PARALLEL OUTPUT

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C307 6B C0      0759      DW      ERROT  ERROR OR USER DRIVER HANDLER
                0760 *
                0761 *      INPUT DEVICE TABLE
                0762 *
C309 35 C0      0763 ITAB   DW      KREA1  KEYBOARD INPUT
C30B 3E C0      0764      DW      SREAL  SERIAL INPUT
C30D 50 C0      0765      DW      PARIT  PARALLEL INPUT
C30F 64 C0      0766      DW      ERRIT  ERROR OR USER DRIVER HANDLER
                0767 *
                0768 *
                0769 *      SECONDARY COMMAND TABLE FOR SET COMMAND
                0770 *
C311 54 41      0771 SETAB  ASC      'TA'   SET TAPE SPEED
C313 8A C5      0772      DW      TASPD  SET TAPE SPEED
C315 53 3D      0773      ASC      'S='   SET DISPLAY SPEED
C317 95 C5      0774      DW      DISPD  SET DISPLAY SPEED
C319 49 3D      0775      ASC      'I='   SET INPUT PORT
C31B 99 C5      0776      DW      SETIN  SET INPUT PORT
C31D 4F 3D      0777      ASC      'O='   SET OUTPUT PORT
C31F 9D C5      0778      DW      SETOT  SET OUTPUT PORT
C321 43 49      0779      ASC      'CI'   SET CUSTOM DRIVER ADDRESS
C323 A1 C5      0780      DW      SETCI  SET CUSTOM DRIVER ADDRESS
C325 43 4F      0781      ASC      'CO'   SET CUSTOM OUTPUT DRIVER ADDRESS
C327 A5 C5      0782      DW      SETCO  SET CUSTOM OUTPUT DRIVER ADDRESS
C329 58 45      0783      ASC      'XE'   SET HEADER XEQ ADDRESS
C32B AD C5      0784      DW      SETXQ  SET HEADER XEQ ADDRESS
C32D 54 59      0785      ASC      'TY'   SET HEADER TYPE
C32F A9 C5      0786      DW      SETTY  SET HEADER TYPE
C331 4E 3D      0787      ASC      'N='   SET NUMBER OF NULLS
C333 B1 C5      0788      DW      SETNU  SET NUMBER OF NULLS
C335 43 52      0789      ASC      'CR'   SET CRC (NORMAL OR IGNORE CRC ERRORS)
C337 B5 C5      0790      DW      SETCR  SET CRC (NORMAL OR IGNORE CRC ERRORS)
C339 00         0791      DW      0      END OF TABLE MARK
                0792 *  *-
                9999      COPY  CUTER2/1                                2 OF 3 ****
                0793 *
                0794 *
                0795 *      OUTPUT A CRLF FOLLOWED BY A PROMPT
                0796 *
C33A CD 42 C3   0797 PROMPT CALL   CRLF
C33D 06 3E     0798      MVI   B,'>'  THE PROMPT
C33F C3 19 C0   0799      JMP   SOUT  PUT IT ON THE SCREEN
                0800 *
C342 06 0A     0801 CRLF  MVI   B,LF  LINE FEED
C344 CD 19 C0   0802      CALL  SOUT
C347 06 0D     0803      MVI   B,CR  CARRIAGE RETURN
C349 CD 19 C0   0804      CALL  SOUT
C34C 3A 10 C8   0805      LDA   NUCNT GET COUNT OF NULLS TO OUTPUT
C34F 4F         0806      MOV   C,A   SAVE COUNT IN C
C350 0D         0807 NULOT DCR   C
C351 F8         0808      RM    .    COUNTED DOWN PAST ZERO (MAX COUNT IS X'7F')
C352 AF         0809      XRA   A    HERE IS THE NULL
C353 CD 10 C4   0810      CALL  OUTH  OUTPUT IT
C356 C3 50 C3   0811      JMP   NULOT LOOP FOR NUMBER OF NULLS
                0812 *
                0813 *
                0814 *      SCAN OVER UP TO 12 CHARACTERS LOOKING FOR A BLANK
                0815 *
C359 DE 0C     0816 SBLK  MVI   C,12  MAXIMUM COMMAND STRING
C35B 1A         0817 SBLK1 LDAX  D
C35C FE 20     0818      CPI   BLANK
C35E CA 6C C3   0819      JZ    SCHR  GOT A BLANK NOW SCAN PAST IT
C361 13         0820      INX  D
C362 FE 3D     0821      CPI   '='   A EQUAL WILL ALSO STOP US (AT NEXT CHAR)
C364 CA 6C C3   0822      JZ    SCHR  FOUND, DE PT TO NEXT CHAR
C367 0D         0823      DCR  C    NO MORE THAN TWELVE
C368 C2 5B C3   0824      JNZ  SBLK1
C36B C9         0825      RET   .    GO BACK WITH ZERO FLAG SET
                0826 *
                0827 *
                0828 *      SCAN PAST UP TO 10 BLANK POSITIONS LOOKING FOR
                0829 *      A NON BLANK CHARACTER.
                0830 *
C36C 0E 0A     0831 SCHR  MVI   C,10  SCAN TO FIRST NON BLANK CHR WITHIN 10
C36E 1A         0832 SCHR1 LDAX  D    GET NEXT CHARACTER
C36F FE 20     0833      CPI   SPACE
C371 C0         0834      RNZ  .    WE'RE PAST THEM
C372 13         0835      INX  D    NEXT SCAN ADDRESS
C373 0D         0836      DCR  C
C374 C8         0837      RZ    .    COMMAND ERROR
C375 C3 6E C3   0838      JMP  SCHR1 KEEP LOOPING
                0839 *
                0840 *      THIS ROUTINE SCANS OVER CHARACTERS, PAST BLANKS AND
                0841 *      CONVERTS THE FOLLOWING ADDRESS TO HEX.  ERRORS RETURN TO
                0842 *      THE ERROR HANDLER.

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0843 *
C378 CD 59 C3 0844 SCONV CALL SBLK
C37B CA 6B C4 0845 JZ ERR1
0846 *
0847 * THIS ROUTINE CONVERTS ASCII DIGITS INTO BINARY FOLLOWING
0848 * A STANDARD HEX CONVERSION. THE SCAN STOPS WHEN AN ASCII
0849 * SPACE IS ENCOUNTERED. PARAMETER ERRORS REPLACE THE ERROR
0850 * CHARACTER ON THE SCREEN WITH A QUESTION MARK.
0851 *
C37E 21 00 00 0852 SHEX LXI H,0 CLEAR H & L
C381 1A 0853 SHE1 LDAX D GET CHARACTER
C382 FE 20 0854 CPI 20H IS IT A SPACE?
C384 C8 0855 RZ . IF SO
C385 FE 2F 0856 CPI '/'
C387 C8 0857 RZ
C388 FE 3A 0858 CPI ':'
C38A C8 0859 RZ
0860 *
C38B 29 0861 HCONV DAD H MAKE ROOM FOR THE NEW ONE
C38C 29 0862 DAD H
C38D 29 0863 DAD H
C38E 29 0864 DAD H
C38F CD 9B C3 0865 CALL HCOV1 DO THE CONVERSION
C392 D2 6B C4 0866 JNC ERR1 NOT VALID HEXIDECIMAL VALUE
C395 85 0867 ADD L
C396 6F 0868 MOV L,A MOVE IT IN
C397 13 0869 INX D BUMP THE POINTER
C398 C3 81 C3 0870 JMP SHE1
0871 *
C39B D6 30 0872 HCOV1 SUI 48 REMOVE ASCII BIAS
C39D FE 0A 0873 CPI 10
C39F D8 0874 RC . IF LESS THAN 9
C3A0 D6 07 0875 SUI 7 IT'S A LATTER??
C3A2 FE 10 0876 CPI 10H
C3A4 C9 0877 RET . WITH TEST IN HAND
0878 *
0879 *
0880 * THIS ROUTINE WILL SEE IF A FIELD (OPERAND) IS PRESENT.
0881 * IF NOT, THEN HL WILL REMAIN AS THEY WERE ON ENTRY.
0882 * IF IT WAS PRESENT, THEN HL=THAT VALUE IN HEX.
0883 *
C3A5 0884 PSCAN EQU $ OPTIONAL FIELD SCANNER
C3A5 CD 59 C3 0885 CALL SBLK SEE IF FIELD IS PRESENT
C3A8 C8 0886 RZ . RETURN LEAVING HL AS THEY WERE ON ENTRY
C3A9 CD 7E C3 0887 CALL SHEX FIELD IS THERE, GO GET IT
C3AC C9 0888 RET . HL= EITHER OPTIONAL FIELD (HEX), OR AS IT WAS
0889 *
0890 *
0891 *
0892 *
0893 * DUMP COMMAND
0894 *
0895 * THIS ROUTINE DUMPS CHARACTERS FROM MEMORY TO THE
0896 * CURRENT OUTPUT DEVICE.
0897 * ALL VALUES ARE DISPLAYED AS ASCII HEX.
0898 *
0899 * THE COMMAND FORM IS AS FOLLOWS:
0900 *
0901 * DUMP ADDR1 ADDR2
0902 *
0903 * THE VALUES FROM ADDR1 TO ADDR2 ARE THEN OUTPUT TO THE
0904 * OUTPUT DEVICE. IF ONLY ADDR1 IS SPECIFIED THEN THE
0905 * VALUE AT THAT ADDRESS IS OUTPUT.
0906 *
0907 * IF WHILE DUMPING, THE MODE KEY IS PRESSED, THE DUMP WILL
0908 * BE TERMINATED. IF THE SPACE BAR IS PRESSED, THE DUMP
0909 * WILL BE TEMPORARILY SUSPENDED UNTIL ANY KEY IS PRESSED.
0910 *
C3AD 0911 DUMP EQU $ SET UP REGS TO DUMP SPECIFIED AREA
C3AD CD 78 C3 0912 CALL SCONV GET START ADDR (REQUIRED)
C3B0 E5 0913 PUSH H SAVE THE START ADDR
C3B1 CD A5 C3 0914 CALL PSCAN GET OPTIONAL END ADDR, HL=THIS OR START ADDR
C3B4 D1 0915 POP D DE=START ADDR
C3B5 EB 0916 XCHG . DE=END ADDR, HL=START ADDR NOW
0917 *
C3B6 CD 42 C3 0918 DLOOP CALL CRLF
C3B9 CD D9 C3 0919 CALL ADOUT OUTPUT ADDRESS
C3BC CD F7 C3 0920 CALL BOUT ANOTHER SPACE TO KEEP IT PRETTY
C3BF 0E 10 0921 MVI C,16 VALUES PER LINE
0922 *
C3C1 7E 0923 DLP1 MOV A,M GET THE CHR
C3C2 C5 0924 PUSH B SAVE VALUE COUNT
C3C3 CD DE C3 0925 CALL HBOUT SEND IT OUT WITH A BLANK
C3C6 7C 0926 MOV A,H CRNT ADDR
C3C7 BA 0927 CMP D VERSUS ENDING ADDR

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C3C8 DA D0 C3      0928      JC      DLP1A  NOT DONE YET
C3CB 7D            0929      MOV     A,L    TRY LOW ORDER BYTE
C3CC BB           0930      CMP     E
C3CD D2 18 C2     0931      JNC     COMND  ALL DONE WHEN CRNT REACHES ENDING
                  0932 DLP1A  EQU     $      HERE TO KEEP DUMPING
C3D0 C1           0933      POP     B      VALUES PER LINE
C3D1 23           0934      INX     H
C3D2 0D           0935      DCR     C      BUMP THE LINE COUNT
C3D3 C2 C1 C3     0936      JNZ     DLP1  NOT ZERO IF MORE FOR THIS LINE
C3D6 C3 B6 C3     0937      JMP     DLOOP  DO A LFCR BEFORE THE NEXT
0938 *
0939 *      OUTPUT HL AS HEX 16 BIT VALUE
0940 *
C3D9 7C           0941 ADOUT  MOV     A,H    H FIRST
C3DA CD FC C3     0942      CALL    HEOUT
C3DD 7D           0943      MOV     A,L    THEN L FOLLOWED BY A SPACE
0944 *
C3DE CD FC C3     0945 HBOUT  CALL    HEOUT
C3E1 CD 1F C0     0946      CALL    SINP   SEE IF WE SHD ESCAPE FM DUMP
C3E4 CA F7 C3     0947      JZ      BOUT   NO--ADD THE SPACE THEN
C3E7 E6 7F        0948      ANI     7FH   MAKE SURE ITS CLEAR OF PARITY
C3E9 CA 18 C2     0949      JZ      COMND  EITHER MODE (OR CTL-@)
C3EC FE 20        0950      CPI     ' '   IS IT SPACE
C3EE C2 F7 C3     0951      JNZ     BOUT   NO--IGNORE THE CHAR
C3F1 CD 1F C0     0952 WTLP1  CALL    SINP   ON SPACE, WAIT FOR ANY OTHER CHAR
C3F4 CA F1 C3     0953      JZ      WTLP1  JUST LOOP AFTER A SPACE UNTIL ANY KEY PRESSED
C3F7 06 20        0954 BOUT   MVI     B,' '
C3F9 C3 19 C0     0955      JMP     SOUT   PUT IT OUT
0956 *
C3FC 4F           0957 HEOUT  MOV     C,A    GET THE CHARACTER
C3FD 0F           0958      RRC
C3FE 0F           0959      RRC     MOVE THE HIGH FOUR DOWN
C3FF 0F           0960      RRC
C400 0F           0961      RRC
C401 CD 05 C4     0962      CALL    HEOU1  PUT THEM OUT
C404 79           0963      MOV     A,C    THIS TIME THE LOW FOUR
0964 *
C405 E6 0F        0965 HEOU1  ANI     0FH   FOUR ON THE FLOOR
C407 C6 30        0966      ADI     48    WE WORK WITH ASCII HERE
C409 FE 3A        0967      CPI     58    0-9?
C40B DA 10 C4     0968      JC      OUTH   YUP!
C40E C6 07        0969      ADI     7     MAKE IT A LETTER
C410 47           0970 OUTH  MOV     B,A    OUTPUT IT FROM REGISTER 'B'
C411 C3 19 C0     0971      JMP     SOUT
0972 *
0973 *
0974 *      ENTR COMMAND
0975 *
0976 *      THIS ROUTINE GETS VALUES FROM THE KEYBOARD AND ENTERS
0977 * THEM INTO MEMORY. THE INPUT VALUES ARE SCANNED FOLLOWING
0978 * A STANDARD 'GCLIN' INPUT SO ON-SCREEN EDITING MAY TAKE
0979 * PLACE PRIOR TO THE LINE TERMINATOR. A SLASH '/'
0980 * ENDS THE ROUTINE AND RETURNS CONTROL TO THE COMMAND MODE.
0981 *
C414 CD 78 C3     0982 ENTER  CALL    SCONV  SCAN OVER CHARS AND GET ADDRESS
C417 E5           0983      PUSH   H      SAVE ADDRESS
0984 *
C418 CD 42 C3     0985 ENLOP  CALL    CRLF
C41B 06 3A        0986      MVI     B,':'
C41D CD 19 C0     0987      CALL    SOUT   DSPLY THE COLON
C420 CD 27 C2     0988      CALL    GCLIO  INIT AND PROCESS A LINE
C423 CD AA C2     0989      CALL    STUP   SET UP TO PROCESS INPUT LINE
C426 EB           0990      XCHG    .      ....TO DE
0991 *
0992 *
C427 0E 03        0993 ENLO1  MVI     C,3    NO MORE THAN THREE SPACES BETWEEN VALUES
C429 CD 6E C3     0994      CALL    SCHR1  SCAN TO NEXT VALUE
C42C CA 18 C4     0995      JZ      ENLOP  LAST ENTRY FOUND START NEW LINE
0996 *
C42F FE 2F        0997      CPI     '/'    COMMAND TERMINATOR?
C431 CA 18 C2     0998      JZ      COMND  IF SO...
C434 CD 7E C3     0999      CALL    SHEX   CONVERT VALUE
C437 FE 3A        1000     CPI     ':'    ADDRESS TERMINATOR?
C439 CA 44 C4     1001     JZ      ENLO3  GO PROCESS IF SO
C43C 7D           1002     MOV     A,L    GET LOW PART AS CONVERTED
C43D E1           1003     POP     H      GET MEMORY ADDRESS
C43E 77           1004     MOV     M,A    PUT IN THE VALUE
C43F 23           1005     INX     H
C440 E5           1006     PUSH   H      BACK GOES THE ADDRESS
C441 C3 27 C4     1007     JMP     ENLO1  CONTINUE THE SCAN
1008 *
C444 E3           1009 ENLO3  XTHL    .      PUT NEW ADDRESS ON STACK
C445 13           1010     INX     D      MOVE SCAN PAST TERMINATOR
C446 C3 27 C4     1011     JMP     ENLO1
1012 *

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1013 *
1014 *           EXECUTE COMMAND
1015 *
1016 *           THIS ROUTINE GETS THE FOLLOWING PARAMETER AND DOES A
1017 * PROGRAM JUMP TO THE LOCATION GIVEN BY IT.  IF PROPER
1018 * STACK OPERATIONS ARE USED WITHIN THE EXTERNAL PROGRAM
1019 * IT CAN DO A STANDARD 'RET'URN TO THE CUTER COMMAND MODE.
1020 *
1021 *
C449 CD 78 C3      1022 EXEC  CALL  SCONV  SCAN PAST BLANKS AND GET PARAMETER
                  1023 EXEC1 EQU   $     HERE TO GO TO HL
                  1024         PUSH H     SAVE ON STACK
C44C E5           1025 LXI   H,START LET USER KNOW WHERE WE ARE
C44D 21 00 C0     1026 RET   .     AND OFF TO USER
C450 C9           1027 *
                  1028 *
                  1029 *
                  1030 *
1031 *           THIS ROUTINE GETS A NAME OF UP TO 5 CHARACTERS
1032 * FROM THE INPUT STRING.  IF THE TERMINATOR IS A
1033 * SLASH (/) THEN THE CHARACTER FOLLOWING IS TAKEN
1034 * AS THE CASSETTE UNIT SPECIFICATION.
1035 *
1036 *
                  1037 NAME0 EQU  $     ENTER HERE TO SET HL TO THEAD
C451 21 1C C8     1038 LXI   H,THEAD PT WHERE TO PUT NAME
C454 CD 59 C3     1039 NAME  CALL  SBLK  SCAN OVER TO FIRST CHRS
C457 06 06       1040 MVI   B,6
                  1041 *
C459 1A         1042 NAME1 LDAX  D     GET CHARACTER
C45A FE 20     1043 CPI   ' '    NO UNIT DELIMITER
C45C CA 80 C4   1044 JZ    NFIL
C45F FE 2F     1045 CPI   '/'    UNIT DELIMTTER
C461 CA 80 C4   1046 JZ    NFIL
C464 77       1047 MOV   M,A
C465 13       1048 INX  D     BUMP THE SCAN POINTER
C466 23       1049 INX  H
C467 05       1050 DCR  B
C468 C2 59 C4  1051 JNZ  NAME1 NAME IS OK, FALL THRU TO 'ERR1' IF NOT
                  1052 *
                  1053 *           CUTER ERROR HANDLER
                  1054 *
C46B EB       1055 ERR1  XCHG  .     GET SCAN ADDRESS
C46C 36 3F    1056 ERR2  MVI  M,'?' FLAG THE ERROR
C46E 3A 07 C8 1057 LDA  OPORT SEE IF VIA VDM DRIVER
C471 B7       1058 ORA  A
C472 CA 18 C2 1059 JZ    COMND YES--VDM SCREEN NOW HAS THE ?
C475 CD 42 C3 1060 CALL CRLF
C478 06 3F    1061 MVI  B,'?' SET UP THE ????
C47A CD 19 C0 1062 CALL SOUT  INDICATE INPUT NOT VALID
C47D C3 18 C2 1063 JMP  COMND NOW READY FOR NEXT INPUT
                  1064 *
                  1065 *
                  1066 *
1067 *           HERE WE HAVE SCANNED OFF THE NAME.  ZERO FILL IN FOR
1068 * NAMES LESS THAN FIVE CHARACTERS.
1069 *
C480 36 00    1070 NFIL  MVI  M,0   PUT IN AT LEAST ONE ZERO
C482 23       1071 INX  H
C483 05       1072 DCR  B
C484 C2 80 C4 1073 JNZ  NFIL  LOOP UNTIL B IS ZERO
                  1074 *
C487 FE 2F    1075 CPI   '/'    IS THERE A UNIT SPECIFICATION?
C489 3E 01    1076 MVI  A,1    PRETEND NOT
C48B C2 94 C4 1077 JNZ  DEFLT
C48E 13       1078 INX  D     MOVE PAST THE TERMINATOR
C48F CD 6C C3 1079 CALL  SCHR  GO GET IT
C492 D6 30    1080 SUI  '0'   REMOVE ASCII BIAS
                  1081 *
                  1082 DEFLT EQU  $     CNVRT TO INTERNAL BIT FOR TAPE CONTROL
C494 E6 01    1083 ANI  1     JUST BIT ZERO
C496 3E 80    1084 MVI  A,TAPE1 ASSUME TAPE ONE
C498 C2 9C C4 1085 JNZ  STUNT IF NON ZERO, IT IS ONE
C49B 1F       1086 RAR  .     ELSE MAKE IT TAPE TWO
C49C 32 54 C8 1087 STUNT STA  FNUMF SET IT IN
C49F C9       1088 RET
                  1089 *
                  1090 *
                  1091 *
1092 *           THIS ROUTINE PROCESSES THE XEQ AND GET COMMANDS
1093 *
1094 *
C4A0 3E       1095 TXEQ  DB    3EH   THIS BEGINS "MVI" OF THE "XRA" FOLLOWING
C4A1 AF       1096 TLOAD XRA  A     A=0 TLOAD, A=AF (#0) THEN XEQ
C4A2 F5       1097 PUSH  PSW   SAVE FLAG TO SAY WHETHER LOAD OR XEQ

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C4A3 21 2C C8      1098      LXI      H,DHEAD  PLACE DUMMY HDR HERE FOR COMPARES
C4A6 CD 54 C4      1099      CALL     NAME    SET IN NAME AND UNIT
C4A9 21 00 00      1100      LXI      H,0      ASSUME LOAD ADDR NOT GIVEN
C4AC CD A5 C3      1101      CALL     PSCAN   HL EITHER =0, OR OVERRIDE LOAD ADDR
1102 *
C4AF EB            1103 TLOA2  XCHG   .          PUT ADDRESS IN DE
C4B0 21 2C C8      1104      LXI      H,DHEAD  PT TO NORMAL HDR
C4B3 7E            1105      MOV      A,M     GET 1ST CHAR OF NAME
C4B4 B7            1106      ORA     A        IS THERE A NAME?
C4B5 C2 BB C4      1107      JNZ     TLOA3   YES--LOOK FOR IT
C4B8 21 1C C8      1108      LXI      H,THEAD  PT TO SAME HDR TO LOAD NEXT FILE
C4BB E5            1109 TLOA3  PUSH   H          SAVE PTR TO WHICH HDR TO USE
C4BC CD 44 C5      1110      CALL     ALOAD   GET UNIT AND SPEED
C4BF E1            1111      POP     H        RESTORE PTR TO PROPER HDR TO USE
C4C0 CD C7 C6      1112      CALL     RTAPE   READ IN THE TAPE
C4C3 DA 10 C5      1113      JC      TAERR   TAPE ERROR?
1114 *
C4C6 CD 4C C5      1115      CALL     NAOUT   PUT OUT THE HEADER PARAMETERS
C4C9 F1            1116      POP     PSW     RESTORE FLAG SAYING WHETHER IT WAS LOAD OR XEQ
C4CA B7            1117      ORA     A        .
C4CB C8            1118      RZ     .          AUTO XEQ NOT WANTED
C4CC 3A 22 C8      1119      LDA     HTYPE   CHECK TYPE
C4CF B7            1120      ORA     A        SET FLAGS
C4D0 FA 10 C5      1121      JM      TAERR   TYPE IS NON XEQ
C4D3 3A 21 C8      1122      LDA     THEAD+5
C4D6 B7            1123      ORA     A        .
C4D7 C2 10 C5      1124      JNZ     TAERR   THE BYTE MUST BE ZERO FOR AUTO XEQ
C4DA 2A 27 C8      1125      LHLD   XEQAD   GET THE TAPE ADDRESS
C4DD C3 4C C4      1126      JMP     EXEC1   AND GO OFF TO IT
1127 *
1128 *
1129 *
1130 *      THIS ROUTINE IS USED TO SAVE PROGRAMS AND DATA ON
1131 *      THE CASSETTE UNIT.
1132 *
1133 *
C4E0              1134 TSAVE  EQU     $          SAVE MEMORY IMAGE TO TAPE
C4E0 CD 51 C4      1135      CALL     NAME0   GET NAME AND UNIT
C4E3 CD 78 C3      1136      CALL     SCONV   GET START ADDRESS
C4E6 E5            1137      PUSH   H        SAVE START ADDR FOR SIZE COMPUTATION LATER
C4E7 CD 78 C3      1138      CALL     SCONV   GET END ADDR (REQUIRED)
C4EA E3            1139      XTHL   .        HL=START ADDR NOW, STACK=END ADDR
C4EB E5            1140      PUSH   H        STACK =START FOLLOWED BY END
C4EC CD A5 C3      1141      CALL     PSCAN   SEE IF RETRIEVE FROM ADDR
C4EF 22 25 C8      1142      SHLD   LOADR   EITHER ACTUAL START, OR OVERRIDE INTO HDR
C4F2 E1            1143      POP     H        HL=START ADDR
C4F3 D1            1144      POP     D        DE=END ADDR
C4F4 E5            1145      PUSH   H        PUT START BACK ONTO STACK
C4F5 7B            1146      MOV     A,E     SIZE=END-START+1
C4F6 95            1147      SUB     L
C4F7 6F            1148      MOV     L,A
C4F8 7A            1149      MOV     A,D
C4F9 DE 00         1150      SBI     0        THIS EQUALS A SBB H
C4FB 94            1151      SUB     H        THIS IS NEEDED
C4FC 67            1152      MOV     H,A
C4FD 23            1153      INX    H
C4FE 22 23 C8      1154      SHLD   BLOCK   STORE THE SIZE
C501 E5            1155      PUSH   H        SAVE AS THE BLOCK SIZE
1156 *
C502 CD 44 C5      1157      CALL     ALOAD   GET UNIT AND SPEED
C505 21 1C C8      1158      LXI      H,THEAD  PT TO HEADER TO WRITE
C508 CD AB C7      1159      CALL     WHEAD   TURN TAPE ON, THEN WRITE HEADER
C50B D1            1160      POP     D        GET BACK THE SIZE
C50C E1            1161      POP     H        AND GET BACK THE ACTUAL START ADDR
C50D C3 8C C7      1162      JMP     WTAP1   WHITE THE BLK (W/EXTRA PUSH)
1163 *
1164 *      OUTPUT ERROR AND HEADER
1165 *
C510 CD 42 C3      1166 TAERR  CALL     CRLF
C513 16 06         1167      MVI     D,6
C515 21 21 C5      1168      LXI     H,ERRM
C518 CD 66 C5      1169      CALL     NLOOP   OUTPUT ERROR
C51B CD 4C C5      1170      CALL     NAOUT   THEN THE HEADER
C51E C3 15 C2      1171      JMP     COMN1
1172 *
C521 45 52 52 4F  1173 ERRM  ASC     !ERROR !
52 20
1174 *
1175 *
1176 *      CAT COMMAND
1177 *
1178 *      THIS ROUTINE READS HEADERS FROM THE TAPE AND OUTPUTS
1179 *      THEM TO THE OUTPUT DEVICE. IT CONTINUES UNTIL THE
1180 *      MODE KEY IS DEPRESSED.
1181 *

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	C527	1182	TLIST	EQU	\$	PRODUCE A LIST OF FILES ON A TAPE
C527	CD 51 C4	1183		CALL	NAME0	GET UNIT IF ANY (NAME IS IGNORED)
C52A	CD 42 C3	1184		CALL	CRLF	START ON A FRESH LINE
		1185	*			
		1186	*			
C52D	CD 44 C5	1187	LLIST	CALL	ALOAD	
C530	06 01	1188		MVI	B,1	
C532	CD EB C7	1189		CALL	TON	TURN ON THE TAPE
C535	CD 1F C7	1190	LIST1	CALL	RHEAD	
C538	DA 15 C2	1191		JC	COMN1	TRUN OFF THE TAPE UNIT
C53B	C2 35 C5	1192		JNZ	LIST1	
C53E	CD 4C C5	1193		CALL	NAOUT	OUTPUT THE HEADER
C541	C3 2D C5	1194		JMP	LLIST	
		1195	*			
		1196	*			
		1197	*			THIS ROUTINE GETS THE CASSETTE UNIT NUMBER AND
		1198	*			SPEED TO REGISTER "A" FOR THE TAPE CALLS
		1199	*			
C544	21 54 C8	1200	ALOAD	LXI	H,FNUMF	POINT TO THE UNIT SPECIFICATION
C547	3A 0D C8	1201		LDA	TSPD	GET THE TAPE SPEED
C54A	B6	1202		ORA	M	PUT THEM TOGETHER
C54B	C9	1203		RET	.	AND GO BACK
		1204	*			
		1205	*			THIS ROUTINE OUTPUTS THE NAME AND PARAMETERS OF
		1206	*			THEAD TO THE OUTPUT DEVICE.
		1207	*			
		1208	*			
C54C	16 08	1209	NAOUT	MVI	D,8	
C54E	21 1B C8	1210		LXI	H,THEAD-1	POINT TO THE HEADER
C551	CD 66 C5	1211		CALL	NLOOP	OUTPUT THE HEADER
C554	CD F7 C3	1212		CALL	BOUT	ANOTHER BLANK
C557	2A 25 C8	1213		LHLD	LOADR	NOW THE LOAD ADDRESS
C55A	CD D9 C3	1214		CALL	ADOUT	PUT IT OUT
C55D	2A 23 C8	1215		LHLD	BLOCK	AND THE BLOCK SIZE
C560	CD D9 C3	1216		CALL	ADOUT	
C563	C3 42 C3	1217		JMP	CRLF	DO THE CRLF AND RETURN
		1218	*			
		1219	*			
C566	7E	1220	NLOOP	MOV	A,M	GET CHARACTER
C567	B7	1221		ORA	A	
C568	C2 6D C5	1222		JNZ	CHRLI	IF IT ISN'T A ZERO
C56B	3E 20	1223		MVI	A,' '	SPACE OTHERWISE
C56D	C56D	1224	CHRLI	EQU	\$	CHAR IS OK TO SEND
C56D	CD 10 C4	1225		CALL	OUTH	OUTPUT IT FROM A REG
C570	23	1226		INX	H	
C571	15	1227		DCR	D	
C572	C2 66 C5	1228		JNZ	NLOOP	
C575	C9	1229		RET		
		1230	*			
		1231	*			
		1232	*			
		1233	*			
		1234	*			"SET" COMMAND
		1235	*			
		1236	*			THIS ROUTINE GETS THE ASSOCIATED PARAMETER AND
		1237	*			DISPATCHES TO THE PROPER ROUTINE FOR SETTING
		1238	*			MEMORY VALUES.
		1239	*			
C576	CD 59 C3	1240	SET	CALL	SBLK	SCAN TO SECONDARY COMMAND
C579	CA 6B C4	1241		JZ	ERR1	MUST HAVE AT LEAST SOMETHING!!
C57C	D5	1242		PUSH	D	SAVE SCAN ADDRESS
C57D	CD 78 C3	1243		CALL	SCONV	CONVERT FOLLOWING VALUE
C580	E3	1244		XTHL	.	HL=SAVED SCAN ADDR AND STACK=VALUE
C581	11 11 C3	1245		LXI	D,SETAB	SECONDARY COMMAND TAA LF
C584	CD 91 C2	1246		CALL	FDCOM	TRY TO LOCATE IT
C587	C3 82 C2	1247		JMP	DISP0	OFF TO IT OR ERROR IF NOT IN TBL
		1248	*			
		1249	*			
		1250	*			THIS ROUTINE SETS THE TAPE SPEED
		1251	*			
C58A	B7	1252	TASPD	EQU	\$	GET CONVERTED VALUE
C58B	CA 90 C5	1253		ORA	A	IS IT ZERO?
C58E	3E 20	1254		JZ	SETSP	YES--THAT IS A PROPER SPEED
C590	32 0D C8	1255		MVI	A,32	NO--SET SPEED PROPERLY THEN
C593	C9	1256	SETSP	STA	TSPD	
		1257		RET		
		1258	*			
		1259	*			
C594	78	1260	STSPD	EQU	\$	VDM ESCAPE SEQUENCE COMES HERE
C594	C595	1261		MOV	A,B	GET CHAR FOR FOLLOWING DISPD
C595	32 0B C8	1262	DISPD	EQU	\$	SET DISPLAY SPEED
C598	C9	1263		STA	SPEED	
		1264		RET		
		1265	*			
		1266	*			

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C599          C599          1267 SETIN EQU $ SET AN INPUT PSUEDO PORT
C599 32 06 C8 1268 STA IPORT
C59C C9 1269 RET
1270 *
1271 *
          C59D          1272 SETOT EQU $ SET AN OUTPUT PSUEDO PORT
C59D 32 07 C8 1273 STA OPORT
C5A0 C9 1274 RET
1275 *
1276 *
          C5A1          1277 SETCI EQU $ DEFINE USER INPUT RTN ADDR
C5A1 22 00 C8 1278 SHLD UIPRT
C5A4 C9 1279 RET
1280 *
1281 *
          C5A5          1282 SETCO EQU $ DEFINE USER OUTPUT RTN ADDR
C5A5 22 02 C8 1283 SHLD UOPRT
C5A8 C9 1284 RET
1285 *
1286 *
          C5A9          1287 SETTY EQU $ SET TAPE HDR TYPE
C5A9 32 22 C8 1288 STA HTYPE
C5AC C9 1289 RET
1290 *
1291 *
          C5AD          1292 SETXQ EQU $ SET TAPE-EXECUTE ADDDR FOR HDR
C5AD 22 27 C8 1293 SHLD XEQAD
C5B0 C9 1294 RET
1295 *
1296 *
          C5B1          1297 SETNU EQU $ HERE TO SET NUMBER OF NULLS
C5B1 32 10 C8 1298 STA NUCNT THIS IS IT
C5B4 C9 1299 RET
1300 *
1301 *
          C5B5          1302 SETCR EQU $ SET CRC TO BE NORMAL, OR IGNORE CRC ERRORS
C5B5 32 11 C8 1303 STA IGNCR FF=IGNORE CRC ERRORS, ELSE=NORMAL
C5B8 C9 1304 RET
1305 *
1306 *
          C5B9          1307 CUSET EQU $ TRY TO SET/CLEAR CUSTOM ROUTINE ADDR
C5B9 CD 51 C4 1308 CALL NAME0 GET A NAME (S/B 2 CHARS OR MORE)
C5BC 21 18 C2 1309 LXI H,COMND PT HERE IN CASE ADDR NOT GIVEN
C5BF CD A5 C3 1310 CALL PSCAN GET OPTIONAL OPERAND IF ANY
C5C2 E5 1311 PUSH H SAVE THAT VALUE (IF ANY)
C5C3 21 1C C8 1312 LXI H,THEAD PT TO NAME
C5C6 CD 8E C2 1313 CALL FDcou SEE IF NAME IS KNOWN IN CUST TABLE
C5C9 CA CF C5 1314 JZ CUSE2 NO--PROCEED TO KNOW IT
C5CC 1B 1315 DCX D DE PT TO 1ST CHAR OF NAME IN TBL
C5CD 36 00 1316 MVI M,0 (HL CAME BACK PT'ING TO THEAD) CLR THIS NAME
          C5CF          1317 CUSE2 EQU $ ENTER NEW ONE IN TBL
C5CF 7E 1318 MOV A,M GET 1ST CHAR OF NAME
C5D0 12 1319 STAX D PUT NAME INTO TABLE
C5D1 13 1320 INX D
C5D2 23 1321 INX H
C5D3 7E 1322 MOV A,M GET 2ND CHAR OF NAME
C5D4 12 1323 STAX D NAME IS NOW POSTED
C5D5 13 1324 INX D PT TO 1ST BYTE OF ADDR
C5D6 E1 1325 POP H RESTORE SAVED RTN ADDR
C5D7 EB 1326 XCHG . DE=RTN ADDR, HL=THIS CU ENTRY
C5D8 73 1327 MOV M,E LO BYTE
C5D9 23 1328 INX H
C5DA 72 1329 MOV M,D AND HI BYTE
C5DB C9 1330 RET . ALL DONE
1331 *
1332 *
1333 * --
9999 COPY CUTER3/1 3 OF 3
1334 *
1335 *
1336 *
1337 *
1338 * THE FOLLOWING ROUTINES PROVIDE "BYTE BY BYTE" ACCESS
1339 * TO THE CASSETTE TAPES ON EITHER A READ OR WRITE BASIS.
1340 *
1341 * THE TAPE IS READ ONE BLOCK AT A TIME AND INDIVIDUAL
1342 * TRANSFERS OF DATA HANDLED BY MANAGING A BUFFER AREA.
1343 *
1344 * THE BUFFER AREA IS CONTROLLED BY A FILE CONTROL BLOCK
1345 * (FCB) WHOSE STRUCTURE IS:
1346 *
1347 *
1348 * 7 BYTES FOR EACH OR THE TWO FILES STRUCTURED AS
1349 * FOLLOWS:
1350 *

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1351 *           1 BYTE - ACCESS CONTROL    00 IF CLOSED
1352 *                                           FF IF READING
1353 *                                           FE IF WRITING
1354 *           1 BYTE - READ COUNTER
1355 *           1 BYTE - BUFFER POSITION POINTER
1356 *           2 BYTE - CONTROL HEADER ADDRESS
1357 *           2 BYTE - BUFFER LOCATION ADDRESS
1358 *
1359 *
1360 *
1361 *           THIS ROUTINE "OPENS" THE CASSETTE UNIT FOR ACCESS
1362 *
1363 *           ON ENTRY:  A - HAS THE TAPE UNIT NUMBER (1 OR 2)
1364 *                      HL - HAS USER SUPPLIED HEADER FOR TAPE FILE
1365 *
1366 *
1367 *           NORMAL RETURN:  ALL REGISTERS ARE ALTERED
1368 *                          BLOCK TS READY FOR ACCESS
1369 *
1370 *           ERROR RETURN:  CARRY BIT IS SET
1371 *
1372 *           ERRORS:  BLOCK ALREADY OPEN
1373 *
1374 *
1375 * BOPEN  PUSH  H      SAVE HEADER ADDRESS
C5DC E5
C5DD CD 2F C6 1376 CALL  LFCB  GET ADDRESS OF FILE CONTROL
C5E0 C2 F6 C5 1377 JNZ  TERE2  FILE WAS ALREADY OPEN
C5E3 36 01 1378 MVI  M,1   NOW IT IS
C5E5 23 1379 INX  H     POINT TO READ COUNT
C5E6 77 1380 MOV  M,A   ZERO
C5E7 23 1381 INX  H     POINT TO BUFFER CURSOR
C5E8 77 1382 MOV  M,A   PUT IN THE ZERO COUNT
1383 *
1384 * ALLOCATE THE BUFFER
1385 *
1386 * LXI  D,FBUF1  POINT TO BUFFER AREA
C5E9 11 63 C8 1387 LDA  FNUMF  GET WHICH ONE WE ARE GOING TO USE
C5EC 3A 54 C8 1388 ADD  D
C5EF 82 1389 MOV  D,A   256 BIT ADD
C5F0 57 1390 *
C5F1 C1 1391 UBUF  POP  B     HEADER ADDRESS
C5F2 B7 1392 ORA  A     CLEAR CARRY AND RETURN AFTER STORING PARAMS
C5F3 C3 B2 C6 1393 JMP  PSTOR  STORE THE VALUES
1394 *
1395 * GENERAL ERROR RETURN POINTS FOR STACK CONTROL
1396 *
1397 * TERE2  POP  H
C5F6 E1 1398 TERE1  POP  D
C5F7 D1 1399 TERE0  XRA  A     CLEAR ALL FLAGS
C5F8 AF 1400 STC  .     SET ERROR
C5F9 37 1401 RET
C5FA C9 1402 *
1403 *
1404 * EOFER  DCR  A     SET MINUS FLAGS
C5FB 3D 1405 STC  .     AND CARRY
C5FC 37 1406 POP  D     CLEAR THE STACK
C5FD D1 1407 RET  .     THE FLAGS TELL ALL
C5FE C9 1408 *
1409 *
1410 *
1411 *
1412 * THIS ROUTINE CLOSSES THE FILE BUFFER TO ALLOW ACCESS
1413 * FOR A DIFFERENT CASSETTE OR PROGRAM.  IF THE FILE
1414 * OPERATIONS WERE "WRITE" THEN THE LAST BLOCK IS WRITTED
1415 * OUT AND AN "END OF FILE" WRITTEN TO THE TAPE.  IF
1416 * THE OPERATIONS WERE "READS" THEN THE FILE IS JUST
1417 * MADE READY FOR NEW USE.
1418 *
1419 *           ON ENTRY:  A - HAS WHICH UNIT (1 OR 2)
1420 *
1421 *           ERROR RETURNS:  FILE WASN'T OPEN
1422 *
1423 *
1424 * PCLOS  CALL  LFCB  GET CONTROL BLOCK ADDRESS
C5FF CD 2F C6 1425 RZ  .     WASN'T OPEN, CARRY IS SET FROM LFCB
C602 C8 1426 ORA  A     CLEAR CARRY
C603 B7 1427 INR  A     SET CONDITION FLAGS
C604 3C 1428 MVI  M,0   CLOSE THE CONTROL BYTE
C605 36 00 1429 RZ  .     WE WERE READING...NOTHING MORE TO DO
C607 C8 1430 *
1431 *           THE FILE OPERATIONS WERE "WRITES"
1432 *
1433 *           PUT THE CURRENT BLOCK ON THE TAPE
1434 *           (EVEN IF ONLY ONE BYTE!!)
1435 *           THEN WRITE AN END OF FILE TO THE TAPE

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1436 *
1437 *
C608 23      1438      INX      H
C609 23      1439      INX      H
C60A 7E      1440      MOV      A,M      GET CURSOR POSITION
C60B 7E      1441
C60C CD BB C6 1442      CALL     PLOAD   BC GET HEADER ADDRESS, DE BUFFER ADDRESS
C60F C5      1443      PUSH     B      HEADER TO STACK
C610 21 07 00 1444      LXI     H,BLKOF  OFFSET TO BLOCK SIZE
C613 09      1445      DAD      B
C614 B7      1446      ORA      A      TEST COUNT
C615 CA 27 C6 1447      JZ       EOFW   NO BYTES...JUST WRITE EOF
1448 *
1449 *      WRITE LAST BLOCK
1450 *
C618 E5      1451      PUSH     H      SAVE BLOCK SIZE POINTER FOR EOF
C619 77      1452      MOV      M,A    PUT IN COUNT
C61A 23      1453      INX      H
C61B 36 00    1454      MVI     M,0    ZERO THE HIGHER BYTE
C61D 23      1455      INX      H
C61E 73      1456      MOV      M,E    BUFFER ADDRESS
C61F 23      1457      INX      H
C620 72      1458      MOV      M,D
C621 60      1459      MOV      H,B
C622 69      1460      MOV      L,C    PUT HEADER ADDRESS IN HL
C623 CD 78 C7 1461      CALL     WFBLK  GO WRITE IT OUT
C626 E1      1462      POP      H      BLOCK SIZE POINTER
1463 *
1464 *      NOW WRITE END OF FILE TO CASSETTE
1465 *
C627 AF      1466      EOFW    XRA      A      PUT IN ZEROS FOR SIZE: EOF MARK IS ZERO BYTES
C628 77      1467      MOV      M,A
C629 23      1468      INX      H
C62A 77      1469      MOV      M,A
C62B E1      1470      POP      H      HEADER ADDRESS
C62C C3 78 C7 1471      JMP      WFBLK  WRITE IT OUT AND RETURN
1472 *
1473 *
1474 *
1475 *
1476 *      THIS ROUTINE LOCATES THE FILE CONTROL BLOCK POINTED TO
1477 *      BY REGISTER "A". ON RETURN HL POINT TO THE CONTROL BYT
1478 *      AND REGISTER "A" HAS THE CONTROL WORD WITH THE FLAGS
1479 *      SET FOR IMMEDIATE CONDITION DECISIONS.
1480 *
1481 *
C62F 21 55 C8 1482      LFCB    LXI     H,FCBAS  POINT TO THE BASE OF IT
C632 1F      1483      RAR      .      MOVE THE 1 & 2 TO 0 & 1 LIKE COMPUTERS LIKE
C633 E6 01    1484      ANI     1      SMALL NUMBERS ARE THE RULE
C635 32 54 C8 1485      STA     FNUMF  CURRENT ACCESS FILE NUMBER
C638 CA 3E C6 1486      JZ      LFCB1  UNIT ONE (VALUE OF ZERO)
C63B 21 5C C8 1487      LXI     H,FCBA2  UNIT TWO--PT TO ITS FCB
C63E C63E    1488      LFCB1  EQU     $      HL PT TO PROPER FCB
C63E 7E      1489      MOV      A,M    PICK UP FLAGS FM FCB
C63F B7      1490      ORA      A      SET FLAGS BASED ON CONTROL WORD
C640 37      1491      STC     .      SET CARRY IN CASE OF IMMEDIATE ERROR RETURN
C641 C9      1492      RET
1493 *
1494 *
1495 *
1496 *
1497 *      READ TAPE BYTE ROUTINE
1498 *
1499 *      ENTRY:      - A - HAS FILE NUMBER
1500 *      EXIT: NORMAL - A - HAS BYTE
1501 *      ERROR
1502 *      CARRY SET      - IF FILE NOT OPEN OR
1503 *      PREVIOUS OPERATIONS WERE WRITE
1504 *      CARRY & MINUS - END OF FILE ENCOUNTERED
1505 *
1506 *
1507 *
1508 *
C642 CD 2F C6 1509      RTBYT  CALL     LFCB    LOCATE THE FILE CONTROL BLOCK
C645 C8      1510      RZ      .      FILE NOT OPEN
C646 3C      1511      INR     A      TEST IF FF
C647 FA F8 C5 1512      JM      TERE0  ERROR WAS WRITING
C64A 36 FF    1513      MVI     M,-1   SET IT AS READ (IN CASE IT WAS JUST OPENED)
C64C 23      1514      INX      H
C64D 7E      1515      MOV      A,M    GET READ COUNT
C64E E5      1516      PUSH     H      SAVE COUNT ADDRESS
C64F 23      1517      INX      H
C650 CD BB C6 1518      CALL     PLOAD  GET THE OTHER PARAMETERS
C653 E1      1519      POP      H
C654 B7      1520      ORA      A

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C655 C2 71 C6      1521          JNZ   GTBYT  IF NOT EMPTY GO GET BYTE
                   1522 *
                   1523 * CURSOR POSITION WAS ZERO...READ A NEW BLOCK INTO
                   1524 * THE BUFFER.
                   1525 *
C658 D5            1526 RDNBLK PUSH   D    BUFFER POINTER
C659 E5            1527          PUSH   H    TABLE ADDRESS
C65A 23            1528          INX    H
C65B CD A2 C6     1529          CALL   PHEAD  PREPARE THE HEADER FOR READ
C65E CD C4 C6     1530          CALL   RFBLK  READ IN THE BLOCK
C661 DA F6 C5     1531          JC     TERE2  ERROR POP OFF STACK BEFORE RETURN
C664 E1            1532          POP    H
C665 7B            1533          MOV    A,E    LOW BYTE OF COUNT (WILL BE ZERO IF 256)
C666 B2            1534          ORA    D    SEE IF BOTH ARE ZERO
C667 CA FB C5     1535          JZ     EOFER  BYTE COUNT WAS ZERO...END OF FILE
C66A 73            1536          MOV    M,E    NEW COUNT ( ZERO IS 256 AT THIS POINT)
C66B 23            1537          INX    H    BUFFER LOCATION POINTER
C66C 36 00        1538          MVI    M,0
C66E 2B            1539          DCX    H
C66F 7B            1540          MOV    A,E    COUNT TO A
C670 D1            1541          POP    D    GET BACK BUFFER ADDRESS
                   1542 *
                   1543 *
                   1544 *
                   1545 * THIS ROUTINE GETS ONE BYTE FROM THE BUFFER
                   1546 * AND RETURNS IT IN REGISTER "A". IF THE END
                   1547 * OF THE BUFFER IS REACHED IT MOVES THE POINTER
                   1548 * TO THE BEGINNING OF THE BUFFER FOR THE NEXT
                   1549 * LOAD.
                   1550 *
C671 3D            1551 GTBYT  DCR    A    BUMP THE COUNT
C672 77            1552          MOV    M,A    RESTORE IT
C673 23            1553          INX    H
C674 7E            1554          MOV    A,M    GET BUFFER POSITION
C675 34            1555          INR    M    BUMP IT
                   1556 *
C676 83            1557          ADD    E
C677 5F            1558          MOV    E,A    DE NOW POINT TO CORRECT BUFFER POSITION
C678 D2 7C C6     1559          JNC   RT1
C67B 14            1560          INR    D
C67C 1A            1561 RT1   LDAX   D    GET CHARACTER FROM BUFFER
C67D B7            1562          ORA    A    CLEAR CARRY
C67E C9            1563          RET    .    ALL DONE
                   1564 *
                   1565 *
                   1566 *
                   1567 *
                   1568 * THIS ROUTINE IS USED TO WRITE A BYTE TO THE FILE
                   1569 *
                   1570 * ON ENTRY:  A - HAS FILE NUMBER
                   1571 *           B - HAS DATA BYTE
                   1572 *
                   1573 *
C67F CD 2F C6     1574 WTBYT CALL   LFCB  GET CONTROL BLOCK
C682 C8            1575          RZ     .    FILE WASN'T OPEN
C683 3C            1576          INR    A
C684 C8            1577          RZ     .    FILE WAS READ
C685 36 FE        1578          MVI   M,0FEH SET IT TO WRITE
C687 23            1579          INX    H
C688 23            1580          INX    H
C689 78            1581          MOV    A,B    GET CHARACTER
C68A F5            1582          PUSH   PSW
C68B E5            1583          PUSH   H    SAVE CONTROL ADDRESS+2
                   1584 *
                   1585 * NOW DO THE WRITE
                   1586 *
C68C CD BB C6     1587          CALL   PLOAD  BC GETS HEADER ADDR, DE BUFFER ADDRESS
C68F E1            1588          POP    H
C690 7E            1589          MOV    A,M    COUNT BYTE
C691 83            1590          ADD    E
C692 5F            1591          MOV    E,A
C693 D2 97 C6     1592          JNC   WT1
C696 14            1593          INR    D
C697 F1            1594 WT1   POP    PSW  CHARACTER
C698 12            1595          STAX   D    PUT CHR IN BUFFER
C699 B7            1596          ORA    A    CLEAR FLAGS
C69A 34            1597          INR    M    INCREMENT THE COUNT
C69B C0            1598          RNZ   .    RETURN IF COUNT DIDN'T ROLL OVER
                   1599 *
                   1600 * THE BUFFER IS FULL. WRITE IT TO TAPE AND RESET
                   1601 * CONTROL BLOCK.
                   1602 *
C69C CD A2 C6     1603          CALL   PHEAD  PREPARE THE HEADER
C69F C3 78 C7     1604          JMP    WFBLK  WRITE IT OUT AND RETURN
                   1605 *

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1606 *
1607 *
1608 *
1609 * THIS ROUTINE PUTS THE BLOCK SIZE (256) AND BUFFER
1610 * ADDRESS IN THE FILE HEADER.
1611 *
C6A2 CD BB C6 1612 PHEAD CALL PLOAD GET HEADER AND BUFFER ADDRESSES
C6A5 C5 1613 PUSH B HEADER ADDRESS
C6A6 21 06 00 1614 LXI H,BLKOF-1 PSTOR DOES AN INCREMENT
C6A9 09 1615 DAD B HL POINT TO BLOCKSIZE ENTRY
C6AA 01 00 01 1616 LXI B,256
C6AD CD B2 C6 1617 CALL PSTOR
C6B0 E1 1618 POP H HL RETURN WITH HEADER ADDRESS
C6B1 C9 1619 RET
1620 *
1621 *
C6B2 23 1622 PSTOR INX H
C6B3 71 1623 MOV M,C
C6B4 23 1624 INX H
C6B5 70 1625 MOV M,B
C6B6 23 1626 INX H
C6B7 73 1627 MOV M,E
C6B8 23 1628 INX H
C6B9 72 1629 MOV M,D
C6BA C9 1630 RET
1631 *
1632 *
C6BB 23 1633 PLOAD INX H
C6BC 4E 1634 MOV C,M
C6BD 23 1635 INX H
C6BE 46 1636 MOV B,M
C6BF 23 1637 INX H
C6C0 5E 1638 MOV E,M
C6C1 23 1639 INX H
C6C2 56 1640 MOV D,M
C6C3 C9 1641 RET
1642 *
1643 *
1644 *
1645 *
1646 *
1647 * THIS ROUTINE SETS THE CORRECT UNIT FOR SYSTEM READS
C6C4 CD DA C7 1648 RFBLK CALL GTUNT SET UP A=UNTT WITH SPEED
1649 *
1650 *
1651 *
1652 *
1653 * TAPE READ ROUTINES
1654 *
1655 * ON-ENTRY: A HAS UNIT AND SPEED
1656 * HL POINT TO HEADER BLOCK
1657 * DE HAVE OPTIONAL PUT ADDRESS
1658 *
1659 * ON EXIT: CARRY IS SET IF ERROR OCCURED
1660 * TAPE UNITS ARE OFF
1661 *
1662 *
C6C7 D5 1663 RTAPE PUSH D SAVE OPTIONAL ADDRESS
C6C8 06 03 1664 MVI B,3 SHORT DELAY
C6CA CD EB C7 1665 CALL TON
C6CD DB FB 1666 IN TDATA CLEAR THE UART FLAGS
1667 *
C6CF E5 1668 PTAP1 PUSH H HEADER ADDRESS
C6D0 CD 1F C7 1669 CALL RHEAD GO READ HEADER
C6D3 E1 1670 POP H
C6D4 DA 02 C7 1671 JC TERR IF AN ERROR OR ESC WAS RECEIVED
C6D7 C2 CF C6 1672 JNZ PTAP1 IF VALID HEADER NOT FOUND
1673 *
1674 * FOUND A VALID HEADER NOW DO COMPARE
1675 *
C6DA E5 1676 PUSH H GET BACK AND RESAVE ADDRESS
C6DB 11 1C C8 1677 LXI D,THEAD
C6DE CD CE C7 1678 CALL DHCMP COMPARE DE-HL HEADERS
C6E1 E1 1679 POP H
C6E2 C2 CF C6 1680 JNZ PTAP1
1681 *
1682 *
C6E5 D1 1683 POP D OPTIONAL "PUT" ADDRESS
C6E6 7A 1684 MOV A,D
C6E7 B3 1685 ORA E SEE IF DE IS ZERO
C6E8 2A 23 C8 1686 LHLD BLOCK GET BLOCK SIZE
C6EB EB 1687 XCHG . ...TO DE
1688 * DE HAS HBLOCK...HL HAS USER OPTION
C6EC C2 F2 C6 1689 JNZ RTAP IF DE WAS ZERO GET TAPE LOAD ADDRESS
C6EF 2A 25 C8 1690 LHLD LOADR GET TAPE LOAD ADDRESS

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1691 *
1692 *
1693 * THIS ROUTINE READS "DE" BYTES FROM THE TAPE
1694 * TO ADDRESS HL. THE BYTES MUST BE FROM ONE
1695 * CONTIGUOUS PHYSICAL BLOCK ON THE TAPE.
1696 *
1697 * HL HAS "PUT" ADDRESS
1698 * DE HAS SIZE OF TAPE BLOCK
1699 *
C6F2 D5 1700 RTAP PUSH D SAVE SIZE FOR RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM
1701 *
C6F3 1702 RTAP2 EQU $ HERE TO LOOP RDING RLKS
C6F3 CD 11 C7 1703 CALL DCRCT DROP COUNT, B=LEN THIS BLK
C6F6 CA 0C C7 1704 JZ RTOFF ZERO=ALL DONE
1705 *
C6F9 CD 40 C7 1706 CALL RHED1 READ THAT MANY BYTES
C6FC DA 02 C7 1707 JC TERR IF ERROR OR ESC
C6FF CA F3 C6 1708 JZ RTAP2 RD OK--READ SOME MORE
1709 *
1710 * ERROR RETURN
1711 *
C702 AF 1712 TERR XRA A
C703 37 1713 STC . SET ERROR FLAGS
C704 C3 0D C7 1714 JMP RTOF1
1715 *
1716 *
C707 06 01 1717 TOFF MVI B,1
C709 CD ED C7 1718 CALL DELAY
C70C AF 1719 RTOFF XRA A
C70D D3 FA 1720 RTOF1 OUT TAPPT
C70F D1 1721 POP D RETURN BYTE COUNT
C710 C9 1722 RET
1723 *
1724 *
C711 1725 DCRCT EQU $ COMMON RTN TO COUNT DOWN BLK LENGTHS
C711 AF 1726 XRA A CLR FOR LATER TESTS
C712 47 1727 MOV B,A SET THIS BLK LEN=256
C713 B2 1728 ORA D IS AMNT LEFT < 256
C714 C2 1C C7 1729 JNZ DCRCT2 NO--REDUCE AMNT BY 256
C717 B3 1730 ORA E IS ENTIRE COUNT ZERO
C718 C8 1731 RZ ALL DONE--ZERO THIS CONDITIO
C719 43 1732 MOV B,E SET THIS BLK LEN TO AMNT REMAININ(
C71A 5A 1733 MOV E,D MAKE ENTIRE COUNT ZERO NOW
C71B C9 1734 RET . ALL DONE (NON-ZERO FLAG)
C71C 15 1735 DCRCT2 EQU $ REDUCE COUNT BY 256
C71D B7 1736 DCR D DROP BY 256
C71E C9 1737 ORA A FORCE NON-ZERO FLAG
1738 RET NON-ZERO=NOT DONE YET (BLK LEN=256)
1739 *
1740 *
1741 * READ THE HEADER
1742 *
C71F 06 0A 1743 RHEAD MVI B,10 FIND 10 NULLS
C721 CD 59 C7 1744 RHEA1 CALL STAT
C724 D8 1745 RC . IF ESCAPE
C725 DB FB 1746 IN TDATA IGNORE ERROR CONDITIONS
C727 B7 1747 ORA A ZERO?
C728 C2 1F C7 1748 JNZ RHEAD
C72B 05 1749 DCR B
C72C C2 21 C7 1750 JNZ RHEA1 LOOP UNTIL 10 IN A ROW
1751 *
1752 * WAIT FOR THE START CHARACTER
1753 *
C72F CD 6B C7 1754 SOHL CALL TAPIN
C732 D8 1755 RC . ERROR OR ESCAPE
C733 FE 01 1756 CPI 1 ARE WE AT THE 01 YET (START CHAR)
C735 DA 2F C7 1757 JC SOHL NO, BUT STIL ZEROES
C738 C2 1F C7 1758 JNZ RHEAD NO, LOOK FOR ANOTHER 10 NULLS
1759 *
1760 * WE HAVE 10 (OR MORE) NULLS FOLLOWED IMMEDIATELY
1761 * BY AN 01. NOW READ THE HEADER.
1762 *
C73B 21 1C C8 1763 LXI H,THEAD POINT TO BUFFER
C73E 06 10 1764 MVI B,HLEN LENGTH TO READ
1765 *
C740 1766 RHED1 EQU $ RD A BLOCK INTO HL FOR B BYTES
C740 0E 00 1767 MVI C,0 INIT THE CRC
C742 1768 RHED2 EQU $ LOOP HERE
C742 CD 6B C7 1769 CALL TAPIN GET A BYTE
C745 D8 1770 RC
C746 77 1771 MOV M,A STORE IT
C747 23 1772 INX H INCREMENT ADDRESS
C748 CD A4 C7 1773 CALL DCRCT GO COMPUTE THE CRC
C74B 05 1774 DCR B WHOLE HEADER YET?
C74C C2 42 C7 1775 JNZ RHED2 DO ALL THE BYTES

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1776 *
1777 *   THIS ROUTINE GETS THE NEXT BYTE AND COMPARES IT
1778 * TO THE VALUE IN REGISTER C.  THE FLAGS ARE SET ON
1779 * RETURN.
1780 *
C74F CD 6B C7 1781     CALL   TAPIN  GET CRC BYTE
C752 A9         1782     XRA    C      CLR CARRY AND SET ZERO IF MATCH, ELSE NON-ZERO
C753 C8         1783     RZ     .      CRC IS FINE
C754 3A 11 C8  1784     LDA    IGNCR  BAD CRC, SHD WE STILL ACCEPT IT
C757 3C         1785     INR    A      SEE IF IT WAS FF, IF FF THEN ZERO SAYS IGN ERR
C758 C9         1786 *   NOW, CRC ERR DETECTION DEPENDS ON IGNCR.
1787     RET
1788 *
1789 *   THIS ROUTINE GETS THE NEXT AVAILABLE BYTE FROM THE
1790 * TAPE.  WHILE WAITING FOR THE BYTE THE KEYBOARD IS TESTED
1791 * FOR AN ESC COMMAND.  IF RECEIVED THE TAPE LOAD IS
1792 * TERMINATED AND A RETURN TO THE COMMAND MODE IS MADE.
1793 *
C759 DB FA     1794 STAT   IN      TAPPT  TAPE STATUS PORT
C75B E6 40     1795     ANI    TDR
C75D C0         1796     RNZ
C75E CD 1F C0  1797     CALL   SINP   CHECK INPUT
C761 CA 59 C7  1798     JZ     STAT   NOTHING THERE YET
C764 E6 7F     1799     ANI    7FH   CLEAR PARITY 1ST
C766 C2 59 C7  1800 STAT   STAT   EITHER MODE OR CTL-@
C769 37        1801     STC    .      SET ERROR FLAG
C76A C9        1802     RET    .      AND RETURN
1803 *
1804 *
1805 *
C76B CD 59 C7  1806 TAPIN  CALL   STAT   WAIT UNTIL A CHARACTER IS AVAILABLE
C76E D8        1807     RC
1808 *
C76F DB FA     1809 TREDY  IN      TAPPT  TAPE STATUS
C771 E6 18     1810     ANI    TFE+TOE DATA ERROR?
C773 DB FB     1811     IN      TDATA  GET THE DATA
C775 C8        1812     RZ     .      IF NO ERRORS
C776 37        1813     STC    .      SET ERROR FLAG
C777 C9        1814     RET
1815 *
1816 *
1817 *   THIS ROUTINE GETS THE CORRECT UNIT FOR SYSTEM WRITES
C778 CD DA C7  1818 WFBLK  CALL   GTUNT  SET UP A WITH UNIT AND SPEED
1819 *
1820 *
1821 *
1822 *   WRITE TAPE BLOCK ROUTINE
1823 *
1824 *   ON ENTRY:  A   HAS UNIT AND SPEED
1825 *             HL  HAS POINTER TO HEADER
1826 *
1827 *
C77B          1828 WTAPE  EQU    $      HERE TO WRITE TAPE
C77B E5       1829     PUSH   H      SAVE HEADER ADDRESS
C77C CD AB C7  1830     CALL   WHEAD  TURN ON, THEN WRITE HDR
C77F E1       1831     POP    H
C780 11 07 00 1832     LXI    D,BLKOF  OFFSET TO BLOCK SIZE IN HEADER
C783 19       1833     DAD    D      HL POINT TO BLOCK SIZE
C784 5E       1834     MOV    E,M
C785 23       1835     INX    H
C786 56       1836     MOV    D,M    DE HAVE SIZE
C787 23       1837     INX    H
C788 7E       1838     MOV    A,M
C789 23       1839     INX    H
C78A 66       1840     MOV    H,M
C78B 6F       1841     MOV    L,A    HL HAVE STARTING ADDRESS
1842 *
1843 *   THIS ROUTINE WRITES ONE PHYSICAL BLOCK ON THE
1844 * TAPE "DE" BYTES LONG FROM ADDRESS "HL".
1845 *
1846 *
C78C          1847 WTAP1  EQU    $      HERE FOR THE EXTRA PUSH
C78C E5       1848     PUSH   H      A DUMMY PUSH FOR LATER EXIT
C78D          1849 WTAP2  EQU    $      LOOP HERE UNTIL ENTIRE AMOUNT READ
C78D CD 11 C7  1850     CALL   DCRCT  DROP COUNT IN DE AND SET UP B W/LEN THIS BLK
C790 CA 07 C7  1851     JZ     TOFF   RETURNS ZERO IF ALL DONE
C793 CD BF C7  1852     CALL   WTBL   WRITE BLOCK FOR BYTES IN B (256)
C796 C3 8D C7  1853     JMP    WTAP2  LOOP UNTIL ALL DONE
1854 *
1855 *
C799 F5       1856 WRTAP  PUSH   PSW
C79A DB FA     1857 WRWAT  IN      TAPPT  TAPE STATUS
C79C E6 80     1858     ANI    TTBE   IS TAPE READY FOR A CHAR YET
C79E CA 9A C7  1859     JZ     WRWAT  NO--WAIT
C7A1 F1       1860     POP    PSW    YES--RESTORE CHAR TO OUTPUT

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C7A2 D3 FB          1861          OUT    TDATA  SEND CHAR TO TAPE
                   1862 *
                   1863 DOCRC  EQU    $      A COMMON CRC COMPUTATION ROUTINE
C7A4 91             1864          SUB    C
C7A5 4F             1865          MOV    C,A
C7A6 A9             1866          XRA    C
C7A7 2F             1867          CMA
C7A8 91             1868          SUB    C
C7A9 4F             1869          MOV    C,A
C7AA C9             1870          RET    .      ONE BYTE NOW WRITTEN
                   1871 *
                   1872 *
                   1873 *      THIS ROUTINE WRITES THE HEADER POINTED TO BY
                   1874 *      HL TO THE TAPE.
                   1875 *
                   1876 WHEAD  EQU    $      HERE TO 1ST TURN ON THE TAPE
C7AB CD E9 C7       1877          CALL   WTON  TURN IT ON, THEN WRITE HEADER
C7AE 16 32          1878          MVI    D,50  WRITE 50 ZEROS
C7B0 AF             1879          XRA    A
C7B1 CD 99 C7       1880          CALL   WRTAP
C7B4 15             1881          DCR    D
C7B5 C2 B0 C7       1882          JNZ    NULOP
                   1883 *
                   1884          MVI    A,1
C7B8 3E 01          1885          CALL   WRTAP
C7BA CD 99 C7       1886          MVI    B,HLEN  LENGTH TO WRITE OUT
C7BD 06 10          1887 *
                   1888 WTBL   MVI    C,0   RESET CRC BYTE
C7BF 0E 00          1889 WLOOP  MOV    A,M   GET CHARACTER
C7C1 7E             1890          CALL   WRTAP  WRITE IT TO THE TAPE
C7C2 CD 99 C7       1891          DCR    B
C7C5 05             1892          INX    H
C7C6 23             1893          JNZ    WLOOP
C7C7 C2 C1 C7       1814          MOV    A,C   GET CRC
C7CA 79             1895          JMP    WRTAP  PUT IT ON THE TAPE AND RETURN
C7CB C3 99 C7       1896 *
                   1897 *
                   1898 *      THIS ROUTINE COMPARES THE HEADER IN THEAD TO
                   1899 *      THE USER SUPPLIED HEADER IN ADDRESS HL.
                   1900 *      ON RETURN IF ZERO IS SET THE TWO NAMES COMPARED
                   1901 *
                   1902 DHCMP  MVI    B,5
C7CE 06 05          1903 DHLOP  LDAX   D
C7D0 1A             1904          CMP    M
C7D1 BE             1905          RNZ
C7D2 C0             1906          DCR    B
C7D3 05             1907          RZ    .      IF ALL FIVE COMPARED
C7D4 C8             1908          INX    H
C7D5 23             1909          INX    D
C7D6 13             1910          JMP    DHLOP
C7D7 C3 D0 C7       1911 *
                   1912 GTUNT  EQU    $      SET A=SPEED + UNIT
C7DA 3A 54 C8       1913          LDA    FNUMF  GET UNIT
C7DD B7             1914          ORA    A      SEE WHICH UNIT
C7DE 3A 0D C8       1915          LDA    TSPD   BUT 1ST GET SPEED
C7E1 C2 E6 C7       1916          JNZ    GTUN2  MAKE IT UNIT TWO
C7E4 C6 40          1917          ADI    TAPE2  THIS ONCE=UNIT 2, TWICE=UNIT 1
C7E6 C6 40          1918          ADI    TAPE2  UNIT AND SPEED NOW SET IN A
C7E8 C9             1919          RET    .      ALL DONE
                   1920 *
C7E9 06 04          1921          MVI    B,4   SET LOOP DELAY (BIT LONGER ON A WRITE)
C7EB             1922          TON    EQU    $      HERE TO TURN A TAPE ON THEN DELAY
C7EB D3 FA          1923          OUT    TAPPT  GET TAPE MOVING, THEN DELAY
                   1924 *
                   1925          DELAY LXI    D,0
C7ED 11 00 00       1926          DLOP1 DCX    D
C7F0 1B             1927          MOV    A,D
C7F1 7A             1928          ORA    E
C7F2 B3             1929          JNZ    DLOP1
C7F3 C2 F0 C7       1930          DCR    B
C7F6 05             1931          JNZ    DELAY
C7F7 C2 ED C7       1932          RET
C7FA C9             1933 *
                   1934 *
                   1935 ***** -- END OF PROGRAM--
                   1936 *
                   1937 *
                   1938 *
                   1939 *
                   1940 *      S Y S T E M   E Q U A T E S
                   1941 *
                   1942 *
                   1943 *      VDM PARAMETERS
                   1944 *
CC00             1945          VDMEM  EQU    0CC00H  VDM SCREEN MEMORY

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1946 *
1947 *
1948 *           KEYBOARD SPECIAL KEY ASSIGNMENTS
1949 *
1950 * THESE DEFINITIONS ARE DESIGNED TO ALLOW
1951 * COMPATABILITY WITH SOLOS(TM). THESE ARE THE
1952 * SAME KEYS WITH BIT 7 (X'80') STRIPPED OFF.
1953 *
001A 1954 DOWN EQU 1AH CTL Z
0017 1955 UP EQU 17H CIL W
0001 1956 LEFT EQU 01H CTL A
0013 1957 RIGHT EQU 13H CTL S
000B 1958 CLEAR EQU 0BH CTL K
000E 1959 HOME EQU 0EH CTL N
0000 1960 MODE EQU D0H CTL-@
005F 1961 BACKS EQU 5FH BACKSPACE
000A 1962 LF EQU 10
000D 1963 CR EQU 13
0020 1964 BLANK EQU ' '
0020 1965 SPACE EQU BLANK
0018 1966 CX EQU 'X'-40H
001B 1967 ESC EQU 1BH
1968 *
1969 *           PORT ASSIGNMENTS
1970 *
0000 1971 STAPT EQU 0 STATUS PORT GENERAL
0001 1972 SDATA EQU 1 SERIAL DATA
0002 1973 PDATA EQU 2 PARALLEL DATA
0003 1974 KDATA EQU 3 KEYBOARD DATA
00C8 1975 DSTAT EQU 0C8H VDM CONTROL PORT
00FA 1976 TAPPT EQU 0FAH TAPE STATUS PORT
00FB 1977 TDATA EQU 0FBH TAPE DATA PORT
00FF 1978 SENSE EQU 0FFH SENSE SWITCHES
1979 *
1980 *
1981 *
1962 *           BIT ASSIGNMENT MASKS
1983 *
0001 1984 SCD EQU 1 SERIAL CARRIER DETECT
0002 1985 SDSR EQU 2 SERIAL DATA SET READY
0004 1986 SPE EQU 4 SERIAL PARITY ERROR
0008 1987 SFE EQU 8 SERIAL FRAMING ERROR
0010 1988 SOE EQU 16 SERIAL OVERRUN ERROR
0020 1989 SCTS EQU 32 SERIAL CLEAR TO SEND
0040 1990 SDR EQU 64 SERIAL DATA READY
0080 1991 STBE EQU 128 SERIAL TRANSMITTER BUFFER EMPTY
1992 *
0001 1993 KDR EQU 1 KEYBOARD DATA READY
0002 1994 PDR EQU 2 PARALLEL DATA READY
0004 1995 PXDR EQU 4 PARALLEL DEVICE READY
0008 1996 TFE EQU 8 TAPE FRAMING ERROR
0010 1997 TOE EQU 16 TAPE OVERFLOW ERROR
0040 1998 TDR EQU 64 TAPE DATA READY
0080 1999 TTBE EQU 128 TAPE TRANSMITTER BUFFER EMPTY
2000 *
0001 2001 SOK EQU 1 SCROLL OK FLAG
2002 *
0080 2003 TAPE1 EQU 80H 1=TURN TAPE ONE ON
0040 2004 TAPE2 EQU 40H 1=TURN TAPE TWO ON
2005 *
2006 *
2007 *
2008 *
2009 *           S Y S T E M   G L O B A L   A R E A
2010 *
C800 2011 ORG START+0800H RAM STARTS JUST AFTER ROM
2012 *
C800 2013 SYSRAM EQU $ START OF SYSTEM RAM
CBFF 2014 SYSTP EQU SYSRAM+3FFH STACK WORKS FM TOP DOWN
2015 *
2016 *
2017 *           PARAMETERS STORED IN RAM
2018 *
C800 2019 UIPRT DS 2 USER DEFINED INPUT RTN IF NON ZERO
C802 2020 UOPRT DS 2 USER DEFINED OUTPUT RTN IF NON ZERO
C804 2021 DFLTS DS 2 DEFAULT PSUEDO I/O PORTS
C806 2022 IPORT DS 1 CRNT INPUT PSUEDO PORT
C807 2023 OPORT DS 1 CRNT OUTPUT PSUEDO PORT
C808 2024 NCHAR DS 1 CURRENT CHARACTER POSITION
C809 2025 LINE DS 1 CURRENT LINE POSITION
C80A 2026 BOT DS 1 BEGINNING OF TEXT DISPLACEMENT
C80B 2027 SPEED DS 1 SPEED CONTROL BYTE
C80C 2028 ESCFL DS 1 ESCAPE FLAG CONTROL BYTE
C80D 2029 TSPD DS 1 CURRENT TAPE SPEED
C80E 2030 INPTR DS 2 PTR TO NEXT CHAR POSITION IN INLIN

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C810          2031 NUCNT  DS      1      NUMBER OF NULLS AFTER CRLF
C811          2032 IGNCR  DS      1      IGN CRC ERR FLAG, FF=IGN CRC ERRS, ELSE=NORMAL
          2033 *
C812          2034          DS      10      ROOM FOR FUTURE EXPANSION
          2035 *
          2036 * * * * *
          2037 *   T H I S   I S   T H E   R E A D E R   L A Y O U T   *
          2038 * * * * *
          2039 *
C81C          2040 THEAD  DS      5      NAME
C821          2041          DS      1      THIS BYTE MUST BE ZERO
C822          2042 HTYPE  DS      1      TYPE
C823          2043 BLOCK  DS      2      BLOCK SIZE
C825          2044 LOADR  DS      2      LOAD ADDRESS
C827          2045 XEQAD  DS      2      AUTO EXECUTE ADDRESS
C829          2046 HSPR   DS      3      SPARES
          2047 *
          0010          2048 HLEN  EQU     $-THEAD  LENGTH OF HEADER
          0007          2049 BLKOF EQU     BLOCK-THEAD OFFSET TO BLOCK SIZE
C82C          2050 DHEAD  DS      HLEN   A DUMMY HDR FOR COMPARES WHILE RD'ING
          2051 *
          2052 *
C83C          2053 CUTAB  DS      6*4    ROOM FOR UP TO 6 CUSTOM USER COMMANDS
          2054 *
          2055 *
C854          2056 FNUMF  DS      1      FOR CURRENT FILE OPERATIONS
C855          2057 FCBAS  DS      7      1ST FILE CONTROL BLOCK
C85C          2058 FCBA2  DS      7      2ND FILE CONTROL BLOCK
C863          2059 FBUF1  DS      2*256  SYSTEM FILE BUFFER BASE
CA63          2060          DS      1      "BELL" (X'07') FLAGS START OF INPUT BFR
CA64          2061 INLIN  DS      80     ROOM FOR THE INPUT LINE
          CAB4          2062 USARE  EQU     $      START OF USER AREA
          2063 *
          2064 *   REMEMBER THAT THE STACK WORKS ITS WAY DOWN-FROM
          2065 *   THE END OF THIS 1K RAM AREA.
          2066 *
          2067 *   *-

```

```

ADOUT  C3D9      AINP  C022      ALOAD  C544      AOUT   C01C
ARET   C1C3      ARET1 C1C5      ARET2  C1CA      BACKS  005F
BLANK  0020      BLKOF 0007      BLOCK  C823      BOPEN  C5DC
BOT    C80A      BOUT   C3F7      CHAR   C0B7      CHRLI  C56D
CLEAR  000B      CLERA  C1DC      CLIN1  C122      CLIN2  C117
CLINE  C11C      COMN1  C215      COMND  C218      COMTA  C2BD
CONT   C264      COPRC  C26A      CR     000D      CREM   C15E
CRLF   C342      CUR    C0F4      CURET  C1CE      CURSC  C0F2
CUSE2  C5CF      CUSET  C5B9      CUTAB  C83C      CX     0018
DCRC2  C71C      DCRCT  C711      DEFALT C494      DELAY  C7ED
DFLTS  C804      DHCMP  C7CE      DHEAD  C82C      DHLOP  C7D0
DISP0  C282      DISP1  C28B      DISPD  C595      DISPT  C287
DLOOP  C3B6      DLOP1  C7F0      DLP1   C3C1      DLP1A  C3D0
DOCRC  C7A4      DOWN   001A      DSTAT  00CB      DUMP   C3AD
ENLO1  C427      ENLO3  C444      ENLOP  C418      ENTER  C414
EOFER  C5FB      EOFW   C627      ERAS1  C0FE      ERAS3  C111
ERR1   C46B      ERR2   C46C      ERRIT  C064      ERM    C521
ERRO1  C06F      ERROT  C06B      ESC    001B      ESCFL  C80C
ESCS   C187      ESCSP  C190      EXEC   C449      EXEC1  C44C
FBUF1  C863      FCBA2  C85C      FCBAS  C855      FCLOS  C00A
FDCOM  C291      FDCOU  C28E      FNUMF  C854      FOPEN  C007
GCLI0  C227      GCLI1  C232      GCLI2  C25F      GCLI3  C261
GCLIN  C239      GOBAC  C08E      GORK   C09F      GTBYT  C671
GTUN2  C7E6      GTUNT  C7DA      HBOUT  C3DE      HCONV  C38B
HCOV1  C39B      HEOU1  C405      HEOU   C3FC      HLEN   0010
HOME   000E      HSPR   C829      HTYPE  C822      IGNCR  C811
INIT   C001      INLIN  CA64      INPTR  C80E      IOPRC  C026
IPORT  C806      ITAB   C309      KDATA  0003      KDR    0001
KREAL  C035      LEFT   0001      LF     000A      LFCB   C62F
LFCB1  C63E      LINE   C809      LIST1  C535      LLIST  C52D
LOADR  C825      MODE   0000      NAME   C454      NAME0  C451
NAME1  C459      NAOUT  C54C      NCHAR  C808      NCOM   C2A3
NEXT   C0A3      NFIL   C480      NLOOP  C566      NUCNT  C810
NULOP  C7B0      NULOT  C350      OCHAR  C0BB      OK     C0E4
OPORT  C807      OTAB   C301      OUTH   C410      OUTPR  C02E
PARIT  C050      PAROT  C059      PBACK  C166      PCLOS  C5FF
PCR    C16F      PCUR   C137      PDATA  0002      PDOWN  C0EE
PDR    0002      PERSE  C0F8      PFSC   C181      PHEAD  C6A2
PHOME  C108      PLEFT  C133      PLF    C175      PLOAD  C6BB
PRIT   C13D      PROMP  C33A      PSCAN  C3A5      PSTOR  C6B2
PTAP1  C6CF      PUP    C12C      PXDR   0004      RDSLK  C013
RDBYT  C00D      RDNBL  C658      RETRN  C004      RFBLK  C6C4
RHEA1  C721      RHEAD  C71F      RHED1  C740      RHED2  C742
RIGHT  0013      RT1    C67C      RTAP   C6F2      RTAP2  C6F3
RTAPE  C6C7      RTBYT  C642      RTOF1  C70D      RTOFF  C70C
SBLK   C359      SBLK1  C35B      SCD    0001      SCHR   C36C
SCHR1  C36E      SCONV  C378      SCROL  C0CF      SCTS   0020

```

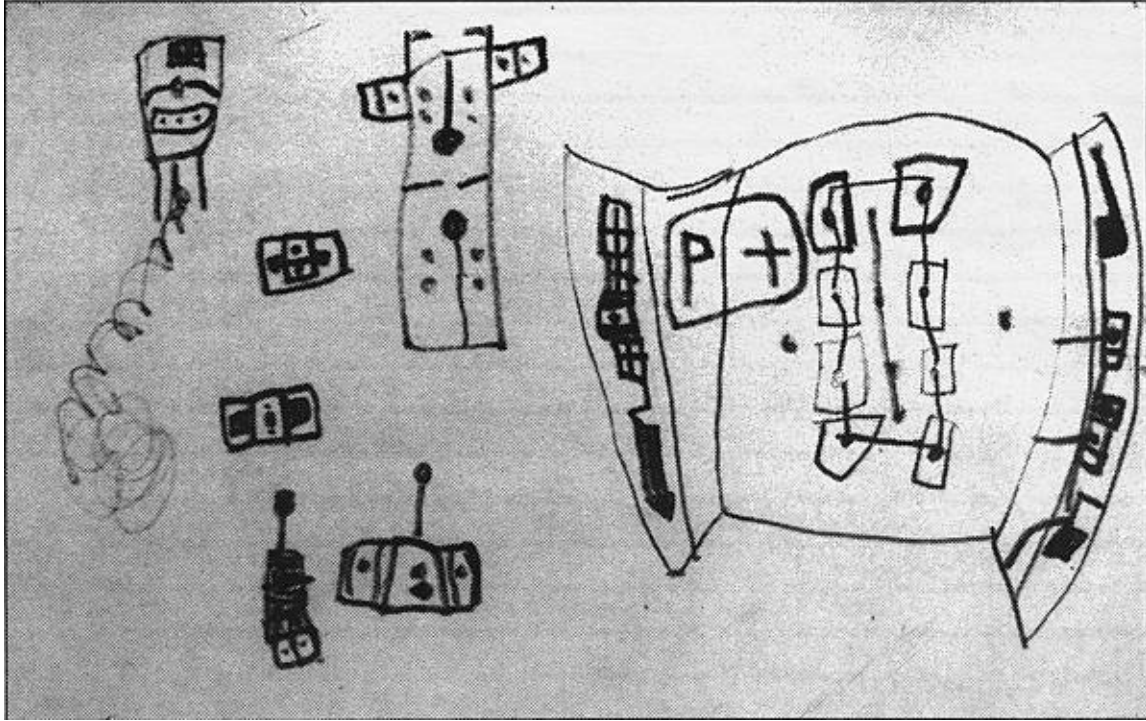
SDATA	0001	SDR	0040	SDSR	0002	SECON	C1B8
SENSE	00FF	SEROT	C046	SET	C576	SETAB	C311
SETCI	C5A1	SETCO	C5A5	SETCR	C5B5	SETIN	C599
SETNU	C5B1	SETOT	C59D	SETSP	C590	SETTY	C5A9
SETX	C1B0	SETXQ	C5AD	SETY	C1B4	SFE	0008
SHE1	C381	SHEX	C37E	SINP	C01F	SOE	0010
SOHL	C72F	SOK	0001	SOUT	C019	SPACE	0020
SPE	0004	SPEED	C80B	SREA1	C03E	SROL	C0D3
STAPT	0000	START	C000	STAT	C759	STBE	0080
STRTA	C1D7	STRTB	C1F4	STRTC	C1FF	STRTD	C20F
STSPD	C594	STUNT	C49C	STUP	C2AA	SYSRA	C800
SYSTP	CBFF	TAERR	C510	TAPE1	0080	TAPE2	0040
TAPIN	C76B	TAPPT	00FA	TASPD	C58A	TBL	C2E2
TDATA	00FB	TDR	0040	TERE0	C5F8	TERE1	C5F7
TERE2	C5F6	TERR	C702	TEE	0008	THEAD	C81C
TIMER	C09A	TLIST	C527	TLOA2	C4AF	TLOA3	C4BB
TLOAD	C4A1	TOE	0010	TOFF	C707	TON	C7EB
TREDY	C76F	TSAVE	C4E0	TSPD	C80D	TSRCH	C0A5
TTBE	0080	TXEQ	C4A0	UBUF	C5F1	UIPRT	C800
UOPRT	C802	UP	0017	USARE	CAB4	VDAD	C14B
VDAD2	C148	VDADD	C144	VDM01	C077	VDMEM	CC00
WFBLK	C778	WHEAD	C7AB	WLOOP	C7C1	WRBLK	C016
WRBYT	C010	WRTAP	C799	WRWAT	C79A	WT1	C697
WTAP1	C78C	WTAP2	C78D	WTAPE	C77B	WTBL	C7BF
WTBYT	C67F	WTLP1	C3F1	WTON	C7E9	XEQAD	C827

Waiting for BASIC-5

A lot of people have asked why Sol BASIC-5 took so long to be released. The main reason is Processor's policy concerning the release of new products: we don't ship 'til we have the finalized version, and that means product PLUS documentation. We feel that our reputation is based on selling products that live up to the advertising claims, and we intend to live up to our reputation. (Note: we've never been forced to recall a product.)

We could have provided you with a version of our original BASIC-5 a long time ago, with a modification of only 12 instructions. But that wasn't what we advertised Sol BASIC-5 to be. And in getting it to be what we wanted, we kept thinking it would be neat to add just a couple more nifty features and then just one more and one more and . . . So as with all fanatics, one thing led to another 'til somebody remembered that this is a business and there are customers out there who could only stand so much "neat stuff" (especially if they had to wait until the year 2000).

Anyway, by now you will have received said BASIC-5, so load it in and run it for a while. We think you'll agree that it was almost worth the wait.



Computer of the Future

Drawing by Brian Marsh, Age 6.

Contributions Welcome!

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