

# ACCESS.

PROCESSOR TECHNOLOGY

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## A Letter from the Editor

*"The flowers, the gorgeous, mystic multi-colored flowers are not the flowers of life, but people, yes people are the true flowers of life: and it has been a most precious pleasure to have temporarily strolled in your garden."*

*Lord Buckley*

No, this isn't a poetry journal or philosophical tract, but we do feel that Lord Buckley elucidates the concept behind the Processor Technology newsletter: its contents will be the kind of information that allows you to expand the creative applications of your personal computing system.

ACCESS is dedicated to the creation of a personal dialog between us at PTC and you, the people using our products, because we believe that it's important for you to understand your present system well enough to use it effectively, before you become trapped in the "bigger means better" syndrome.

Hence there *will* be no advertising of any kind in ACCESS, and no thinly disguised pitches aimed at getting you to part with your hard earned money for the unnecessary duplication of existing hardware.

Each issue will contain articles, engineering/application bulletins, and software (PROGRAM) listings which we think will help you get more fun out of owning your computer.

All we expect from you in return is what's known in technical and psychological circles as feedback. If you have devised a neat hardware modification or written a nifty program, send it to us and you'll get no financial remuneration. You'll just get the glory of seeing your name in print. Very spiritual, eh what?

Aram Attarian II

## Subscription Information

ACCESS will be published every six weeks. This first issue is being sent free to all of our customers. If you like what you see, we hope you'll send us \$4.00 for a year's subscription so we can keep the info coming. Write to us at Processor Technology, 6200 Hollis Street, Emeryville, CA 94608.

## One to One Communication

Open two-way communication is our goal, and it would be great to have unlimited time to rap with you over the phone. But we can't manage that logistically, so we are instituting procedures that will get your questions answered efficiently, without eliminating the personal touch.

You can get through to our engineers and technical staff any time between 9:30 and noon or 1:30 and 4, Monday through Friday. The number is (415) 652-8080. They'll try to answer your technical questions and provide more detailed product information than you may glean from our literature. It helps a lot if you think out your questions before you call, maybe make a few notes. It helps, too, if you have the manual and/or equipment handy to the phone. The easier it is for you to figure out exactly what we're talking about (and vice versa), the more help we can give in one phone call and the more phone calls we can handle. We'll also be happy to answer your questions if you drop us a letter.

There are two or three situations in which calling us isn't the fastest way to get help. If you have a problem with a **Processor**

**Technology product which you purchased from a local dealer**, try your dealer first. They're all authorized to service the products they sell, precisely because they can give you faster and more personalized service than anybody can by mail. Our dealers all have diagnostic tapes available now, so if you need a PTC product tested it can be handled on the spot.

**If you need a defective part replaced**, just mail it to us with a note of explanation. There's nothing we can do about it over the phone anyway, so you might as well save yourself the time. (Naturally, it helps if your explanation is as clear and concise as possible. but we can't all be Hemingways.) If you need service that isn't covered by your warranty, please enclose a check for the \$20.00 minimum service charge. If the cost exceeds that (heaven forbid!) you will be notified before we proceed with the service.

If you do send in one of our products for repair, **please send only the defective board**. For obvious reasons, we cannot be responsible for the care and feeding of your monitors, keyboards or other products from other manufacturers.

## MATCHMAKING-Software Division

Since most important programs are written for a particular system, modifications are sometimes in order to improve compatibility with your system. We'll be passing on more good ideas as we come across them; here are two dealing with MITS BASIC and the VDM.

### MITS 12K Extended Disk and the VDM

If you don't have a 3P+S interface, you can still use the BASIC program in your VDM manual to link MITS 12K Extended Disc to your VDM driver. Simply change these six lines in the listing of VDM-1 to BASIC link appearing on page AV-18 of your VDM manual, and then run the program as explained there. Change the statements to read as follows:

```
0106 FOR Y=L TO L+419
0140 POKE G,195:POKE G+1,0:POKE G+2,P:POKE G+3,0
0160 DATA195,151,1001,195,156,1001,245,229,213,197
0162 DATA205,58,1000,193,209,195,147,1001,245,58
0232 DATA0,0,6,225,241,193,201,254,26,195,142
0234 DATA13,254,127,202,142,13,195,46,1000
```

### MITS 8K or 12K BASIC and the VDM

If you have I/O ports that are assigned 20 and 21 instead of 0 and 1, you'll need to make five statement changes in the VDM-1 to BASIC link program in your VDM manual. The listing appears on pp. AV-17 to AV-19 of the manual, and should be modified as follows:

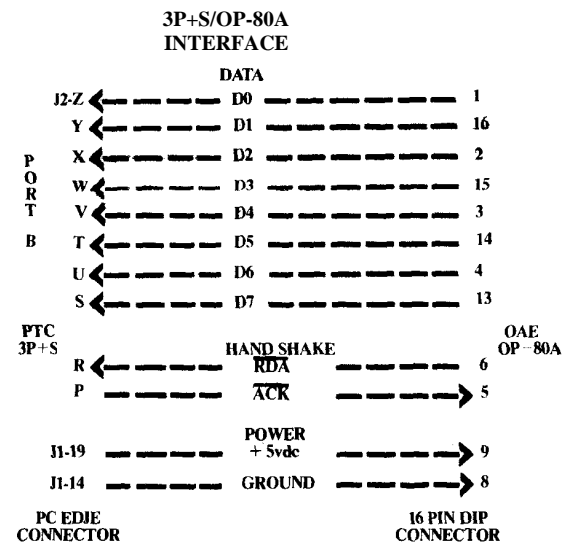
```
0078 IF A=219 AND 11=16 GOTO 92
0080 IF A=219 AND B=17 THEN I=K:GOTO 106
0152 DATA219,255,31,210,13,1000,219,16,230,2000
0224 DATA201,219,16,230,6000,201,58,140,1001,254
0228 DATA201,219,17,230,127,254,1,202,46,1000
```

# MATCHMAKING-Hardware Division

When you're combining equipment from different manufacturers, optimum performance often depends on specific information about the idiosyncracies of their connections. Owner's manuals can't cover every permutation and combination, so think of this feature as a running supplement that gets down to cases.

## 3P+S and the OP 80A

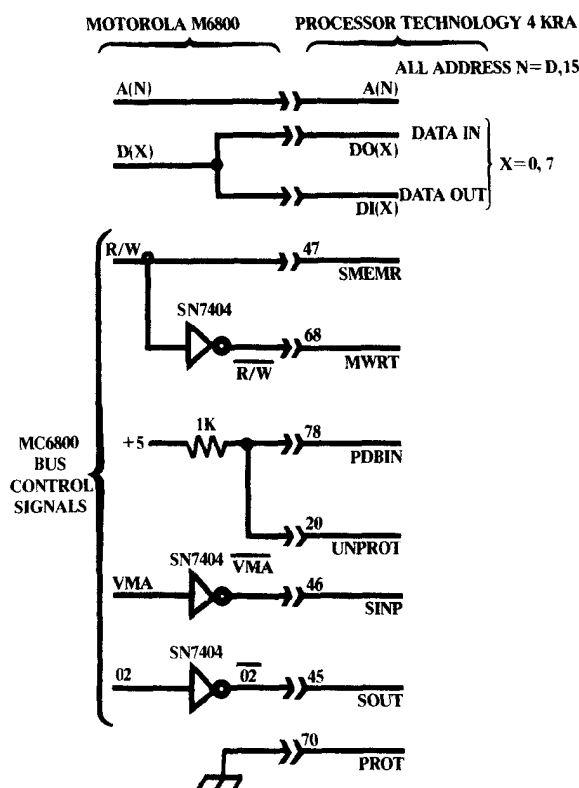
We've had a lot of inquiries about using the OP-80A high speed manual punchpaper tape reader with the 3P+S, so we asked Oliver Audio Engineering for the straight scoop on interconnecting it with the 3P+S interface. Note that the OP-80A acknowledge line must be programmed for a negative true (ack) signal. We've also heard from many of our customers that the use of black tape and rolled tape (instead of fanfold) produces more accurate data transfer, using the OP-80.



## PT 4KRA Memory Boards and the Motorola M6800

The following diagram should help you expand your M6800 system with minimum headaches. Note that the M6800 can drive 2 4KRA cards at reduced clock rates without bus drivers; however, full buffering is recommended.

CONNECTING PROCESSOR TECHNOLOGY 4KRA MEMORY CARD FOR USE IN MOTOROLA M6800 SYSTEMS



## VDM-1 and the 6800 Microprocessor

The VDM-1 can live quite happily with your 6800 if a small amount of signal processing is performed externally.

### Signals which may be directly used by the 6800 system are:

- ADR0-ADR15** High-active address
- DO0-DO7, DI0-DI7** High-active data lines. They may be connected in parallel to form a bi-directional data bus if necessary.

### Signals which require conversion or re-interpretation:

- PSYNC** Connect to high-active VMA (Valid Memory Address)
- Φ2** Connect to Φ1 clock
- Pin 4 of IC 18 (74LS132)** Break connection to Pin 3 and connect to Pin 2
- SINP, SOUT** Connect to the highest-order address bits which are "1" when registers are addressed. (Bits 14 and 15

are suggested.) Presence of a "1" on either line will cause the address decoder to switch its comparison to the status port address. The status port will therefore respond to any address whose top six bits are set by jumpers (see your VDM-1 manual), and whose bits 8 and 9 are zero. The low-order 8 bits are not decoded during status port response.

- PWR** Externally generated signal consisting of VMA • Φ2 • R/W
- MWRITE** Inverted PWR
- PDBIN** Externally generated signal consisting of VMA • Φ2 • R/W

**XRDY, PRDY** Not used  
Note that +8V, +16V and -16V are still required to operate the board, and that 6800 systems designed for all 5-volt operation may have to be augmented. Simple unregulated supplies will perform well, but care should be taken not to exceed +10V on the +8V line to avoid excessive dissipation in the +5V regulator.

## What's the Best Monitor for your Sol or VDM-1?

That's one of the questions we're asked most frequently. We always recommend a black & white monitor designed for use with closed circuit TV systems or videotape recorders. Check your local Processor Technology dealer for good sources; they're up on that sort of thing.

If you want to use a regular black & white TV, try for a solid state model with an isolation transformer. In either case, remember that you don't have to spend a lot of money to get a decent picture, so let the rest of the family enjoy that big screen super color set.

## PROCESSOR TECHNOLOGY ACCESS.

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## Announcing the SOL USERS GROUP!

The Sol Users Group was recently organized by members of the Homebrew Computer Club in Palo Alto; SUG is not affiliated in any way with Processor Technology. The purposes of SUG are to exchange software and other applications, and to create standards. If plenty of interest is shown, a Sol Newsletter will be published and sent to members.

If you own or have ordered a Sol, send your name, address, phone number and ideas to:

Bill Burns  
 4190 Maybell Way  
 Palo Alto, CA 94306  
 (Please don't call.)

# Interfacing a Keyboard and VDM with ALS-8, using the 3P+S.

To get your keyboard connection up and running, you'll need to connect 7 data lines, the keyboard strobe, and ground to the J2 connector of your 3P+S. Figure 1 shows the typical keyboard connections.

## USING A KEYBOARD AND THE VDM WITH THE ALS-8

### KEYBOARD INTERFACE

#### TYPICAL KEYBOARD CONNECTIONS

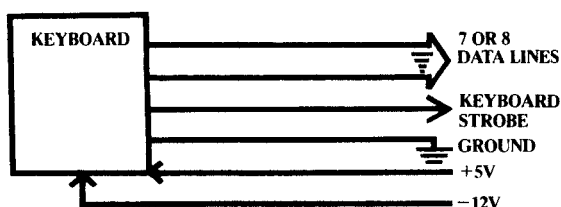


Fig. 1

**The keyboard strobe.** This circuit tells the processor when a key has been pressed. You'll need to install an additional IC (preferably in a 16 pin DIP socket) in the unused IC pad in the lower right corner of your 3P+S, and connect it to pin 7 of J2. It's used to condition the strobe. Use a 74LS109 or 74109. (Figure 2)

#### STROBE CONDITIONING CIRCUIT

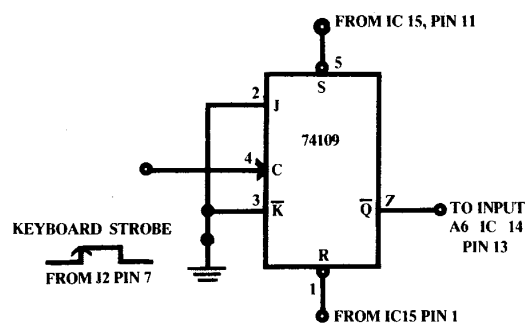


Fig. 2

### To wire the 74109:

- 1) Connect pins 2 and 3 to ground.
- 2) Pins 16 (VCC) and 8 (GND) are already connected on board.
- 3) Connect pin 1 to pin 1 of IC 15 to provide a pull-up connection.
- 4) Connect pin 5 to pin 11 of IC 15 to reset the flip-flop when data has been accepted.
- 5) Connect pin 7 to a point on 3P+S leading to J2 pin 12. This point will go low when the strobe occurs.
- 6) Connect pin 4 to a point on 3P+S leading to J2 pin 7, the point where the strobe from the keyboard will be connected.

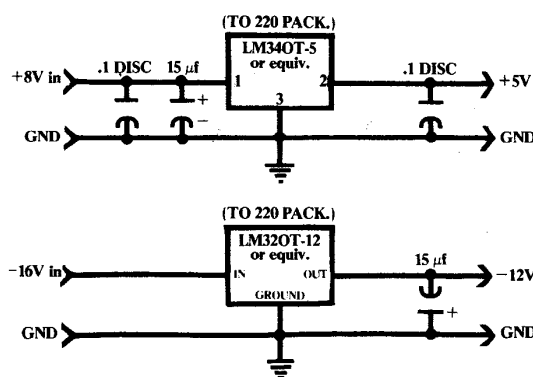
**The data lines.** Either seven or eight data lines are used to transmit the ASCII code for the key being pressed to the computer. They're connected to the B port inputs of the 3P+S in the following manner:

Keyboard Signal	3P+S J2 Connector	Data Bit
Bit 1	Z	D0
Bit 2	Y	D1
Bit 3	X	D2
Bit 4	W	D3
Bit 5	V	D4
Bit 6	U	D5
Bit 7	T	D6
Bit 8*	S	D7

\*Pin J2-S is left unconnected if your keyboard doesn't have an eighth bit.

**Ground, +5V, -12V.** These provide power for the circuitry of the keyboard. Ground is simply connected to pin 12 of J2. +5V and -12V (regulated) should be provided by a separate power supply. Some KYBDS only require +5V Figure 3 shows an example of one, assembled on a small piece of perf board and attached to the keyboard or main frame. Jumper it to the keyboard connector.

#### ASSEMBLE ON SMALL PIECE OF PERF BOARD AND ATTACH TO KYBD OR MAINFRAME AND JUMPER TO KYBD CONNECTOR



**Jumper areas.** Only two are important for the keyboard interface: Area A must be jumpered for address 0 (i.e., all to ground), and Area B must be jumpered from left to center, to set port A at 0 (status) and port B at 1 (data) to correspond to Processor Technology software.

### Testing the interface with ALS-8.

- 1) Turn on the computer and examine location E000H. When you hit Run, the address lights should look like this:

A15 A14 A13 A12 A11 A10 A9 A8  
 • • ○ • ○ ○ ○ •  
 • = Light on ○ = Light out

- 2) Be sure the keyboard is sending upper case characters. Type EXEC E024, then hit the carriage return key. Address light A13 should blink instantaneously at this point.

- 3) Type IODR/SYSIO/0 FE77, then hit the return key. Again, address light A13 should blink.
- 4) Now hit Space, Space, Return; wait a moment and then hit Control Z. The screen should now be blank.
- 5) Hit Control S. The word SPEED? should now appear in the lower left corner of the screen. If it doesn't, you may have to adjust the horizontal and vertical controls on the VDM to get this message onto the visible portion of the screen.
- 6) Type 1; you should get an automatic carriage return, then type DUMP 0 FFFF and hit Return. Memory will now dump on the VDM display. You can hit the Escape key to stop the dump.
- 7) Now you're ready to start programming with the ALS-8! Try some of the examples from the ALS-8 manual to familiarize yourself with its operation.

#### Hoare's Law of Large Programs

*Inside every large program is a small program struggling to get out.*

## Good News for our Customers in Europe: VDM-1 and the European 50 Hz Standard

The European television standard maintains the same horizontal rate as the U.S. (15,750 Hz), but it defines a raster of 625 lines at a field rate of 50 Hz. The effect is to increase the number of scan lines on the screen.

It's quite easy to modify your VDM-1 to work on this standard. Simply disconnect pin 5 of IC 8 from pin 6, and reconnect it to ground (pin 4). This increases the modulus of the counter to 8 in the VDISP time, resulting in 4 extra character lines (52 scan lines) on the display. The total is now 312 scan lines per field, the equivalent of 624 per frame.

The field rate should be close enough to 50 Hz to reduce any swim effects to less than 0.1 Hz. You may have some trouble centering the display in the frame, because the standoff time to VSYNC from the bottom of the display is still on the 60 Hz standard. If the effect is objectionable, increase Resistor R 34 in series with the VPOS control.

#### Rule of Accuracy

*When working toward the solution of a problem it always helps you to know the answer.*

#### Sattinger's Law

*It works better if you plug it in.*

# Newett Awl's Choo Choo Train

## Or, Idle Fantasies on a VDM Screen

Once upon a time, in a curious little place, there was a Sol system and a programmer sitting around with nothing to do. So Newett Awl decided to tell his computer a bedtime story, and VDM-1 helped him out by drawing the pictures.

Try it on your system. Ol' Uncle Sol makes a great babysitter.

```

0000      0000
0000      0010
0000      0020
0000      0030
0000      0040
0000      0050
0000      0060
0000      0070
0000 AF    0071 TRAIN XRA   A      ONCE UPON A TIME,
0001 D3 C8  0072      OUT   0C8H   IN A CURIOUS LITTLE PLACE
0003 21 84 01 0080      LXI   H,SHED  THERE WAS
0006 01 00 08 0090      XSI   B,2048  ..A TINY TRAIN
0009 36 20    0100 EMPTY MVI   M,20H   ..AND IT STAYED IN A
000B 23      0110      INX   H      ..TINY SHED
000C 0B      0120      DCX   B      ..THAT WAS ALL EMPTY
000D AF      0130      XRA   A
000E A8      0140      XRA   B
000F C2 09 00 0150      JNZ   EMPTY
0012 21 F7 02 0160      LXI   H,CLOUD  .. EXCEPT FOR A HUGE
0015 11 00 00 0170      LXI   D,0
0018 06 0F    0180      MVI   B,15 B
001A CD 50 00 0190      CALL  SMO1   I
001D 11 2B 00 0200      LXI   D,43   L
0020 06 0D    0210      MVI   B,13   L
0022 CD 50 00 0220      CALL  SMO1   O
0025 11 30 00 0230      LXI   D,48   W
0028 06 09    0240      MVI   B,9    Y
002A CD 50 00 0250      CALL  SMO1
002D 11 34 00 0260      LXI   D,52   C
0030 06 04    0270      MVI   B,4    L
0032 CD 50 00 0280      CALL  SMO1   O
0035 11 3B 00 0290      LXI   D,59   U
0038 06 02    0300      MVI   B,2    D
003A CD 50 00 0310      CALL  SMO1
003D 11 3C 00 0320      LXI   D,60   O
0040 06 01    0330      MVI   B,1    F
0042 CD 50 00 0340      CALL  SMO1
0045 11 3E 00 0350      LXI   D,62   S
0048 06 01    0360      MVI   B,1    M
004A CD 50 00 0370      CALL  SMO1   O
004D C3 59 00 0380      JMP   ENGIN  K
0050      0390      .      E
0050 19      0400 SMO1  DAD   D
0051 36 6F    0410 SMO2  MVI   M,SMOKE .. COUGH
0053 23      0420      INX   H
0054 05      0430      DCR   B      .. COUGH
0055 C2 51 00 0440      JNZ   SMO2
0058 C9      0450      RET   .      COMING OUT OF THE STACK OF
0059      0460      .
0059 21 A6 04 0470 ENGINE LXI   H,SHED+322H A TINY LOCOMOTIVE
005C 36 16    0480      MVI   M,16H  WITH A LITTLE SMOKESTAK
005E 21 A9 04 0490      LXI   H,SHED+325H AND A LITTLE BELL
0061 36 07    0500      MVI   M,07H
0063 21 AB 04 0510      LXI   H,SHED+327H ..AND A TINY DOME
0066 36 6E    0520      MVI   M,6EH
0068 2A 66 01 0530      LHLD  CAB1   ..AND A CAB
006B 22 AE 04 0540      SHLD  SHED+32AH WITH WINDOWS
006E 2A 68 01 0550      LHLD  CAB2   .. SO THAT YOU COULD
0071 22 B0 04 0560      SHLD  SHED+32CH SEE INTO WHERE THE
0074 2A 6A 01 0570      LHLD  CAB3   .. ENGINEER AND THE
0077 22 B2 04 0580      SHLD  SHED+32EH FIREMAN SAT.
007A 2A 6C 01 0590      LHLD  BOI1   .. IT HAD A BEAUTIFUL
007D 22 E5 04 0600      SHLD  SHED+361H POLISHED
0080 2A 6E 01 0610      LHLD  BOI2   .. BRASS
0083 22 E7 04 0620      SHLD  SHED+363H BOILER
0086 2A 70 01 0630      LHLD  BOI3   .. WITH
0089 22 E9 04 0640      SHLD  SHED+365H THE NUMBER
008C 22 EB 04 0650      SHLD  SHED+367H "99" ON THE
008F 2A 72 01 0660      LHLD  BOI4   .. SIDE OF
0092 22 ED 04 0670      SHLD  SHED+369H THE CAB
0095 2A 74 01 0680      LHLD  BOI5   .. BUT YOU COULDN'T
0098 22 EF 04 0690      SHLD  SHED+36BH SEE EITHER THE
009B 2A 76 01 0700      LHLD  BOI6   .. ENGINEER OR THE

```

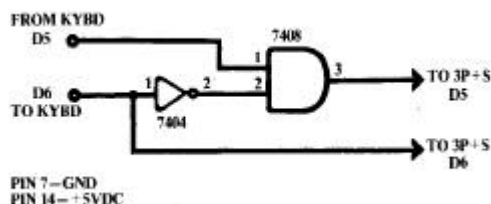
(continued on page 11)

## Ups and Downs or How to Type in Upper Case Only without Shifting

If you have a keyboard with both upper and lower case operation, the frequent shifts are a pain when you're entering alphanumeric data. Here's a simple cure that sets data bit D5 low when a lower case alphabetic character is output from the keyboard, thus presenting it to the computer as upper case.

You'll need two chips, either a 7404 and a 7408 or a 74LS04 and a 74LS08. (Either pair works fine.) Install them on a small piece of perf board as shown in the diagram, and tie all unused inputs to +5V.

The pins you'll be using on the 04 chip are 3, 5, 9, 11, and 13; on the 08 chip use 4, 5, 9, 10, 12, and 13.



## FLASH ~~ VDM Access Flicker Eliminated

That blasted flicker you get whenever the VDM memory is being frequently accessed occurs because the screen is blanked for a very short time whenever the processor reads or writes to memory. You can eliminate it by modifying the timing system so that VDM memory is accessed only when the beam of the picture tube is off the visible portion of the screen. The VDM has a timing signal that indicates this condition, and you can use it to synchronize access to display memory.

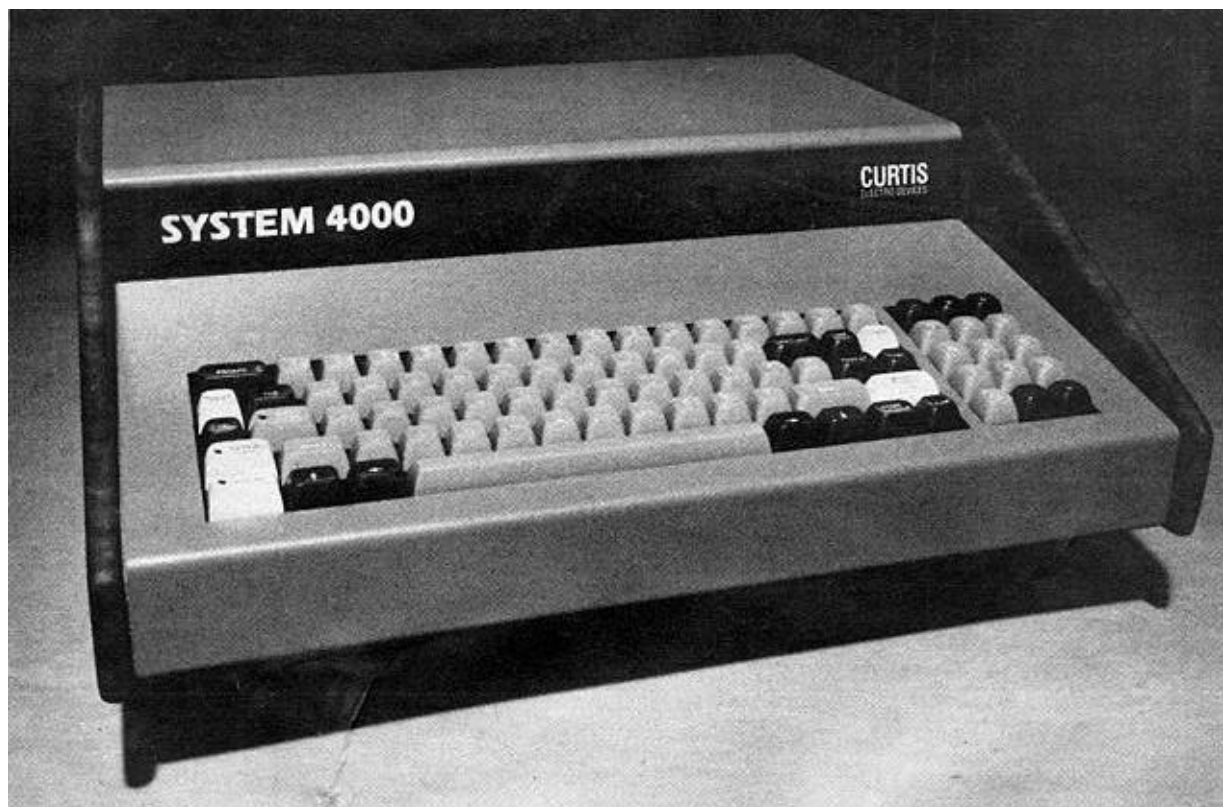
Connect a jumper wire from pin 13 of IC 39 to pin 5 of IC 39. This hooks up an unused section of IC 39 to DI bit 1. Connect a wire from IC 39 pin 14 to IC 15 pin 9. (This allows programs which access the VDM memory to use the timing signal.) Now when C8 is input, bit 1 will be low whenever the display memory can be accessed.

We'll explore the implications further in the next issue, and provide an example program or two.

*Murphy's Law of Thermodynamic  
Things get worse under pressure.*

*Lowery's Law*

*If it jams—force it. If it breaks, it needed replacing anyway.*



## Application News Ham Computer Based on Sol Terminal System

SYSTEM 4000 ham computer was developed by Curtis Electro Devices, Inc., Box 4090, Mountain View, Ca. 94040. The company makes ham keyers and an industrial line of PROM programmers. We asked the president, John G. Curtis, to comment on working with the Sol system; he did all of the hardware and software work himself, developing programs for the Sol Terminal on ALTAIR with ALS-8, VDM 1, 40K of RAM, 3P+ 1, Tarbell cassette system, Bytesaver, ASR-33 TTY, and Motorola video monitor. Jack's report was glowing:

"I had no previous experience or training software development. It was all learned on the fly from books and practical experience. (Try, try and try again!!!) . . . Not too much assistance was required. The ALS-8 is easy to use and the Simulator program is absolutely essential. The Editor is also absolutely necessary. (Everything is necessary!!)..."

"The Sol went together with a minimum of effort and trouble even though it was one of the first units actually put on the line. There were things which didn't work but with the help of PTC (especially Bob Marsh and Aram) things were put in order in a hurry.

"In my opinion, the Sol terminal is the most ideal small computer system available today (certainly at that price) and every needed feature is there. For our purposes it was absolutely ideal from every standpoint. We are now able to get the computer into the hamshack on a commercial basis. This has been predicted for sometime, now it has happened."

## System 4000 Ham Computer

The SYSTEM 4000 is a full scale standard desk top minicomputer specially equipped with firmware programs and interfaces for the amateur radio operator. Being a stand-alone computer, it can also run business, educational, scientific or games programs.

The SYSTEM 4000 is derived from the Sol terminal Computer and can take advantage of Processor Technology's programs and accessories. System 4000 uses the standard S-100 bus for plug-in accessory boards, and the owner can add or exchange PROM integrated circuits to update the system.

Features:

**Morse reader**, capable of receiving code at speeds of 6-250 WPM (or higher). CRT or TTY output, selectable for upper and lower case.

**Paddle keyer**, with dot= and dash memory, iambic and full self completion. CRT or TTY printout.

**Keyboard keyer**, sends Morse from keyboard. CRT or TTY output.

**ASCII terminal**, half or full duplex.

Complete details can be obtained by writing to: Curtis Electro Devices, Inc., P O. Box 4090, Mountain View, Ca. 94040.

*Murphy's Third Law*

*In any field of scientific endeavor, anything that can go wrong will go wrong.*

*Sevarenid's Law*

*The chief cause of problems is solutions.*

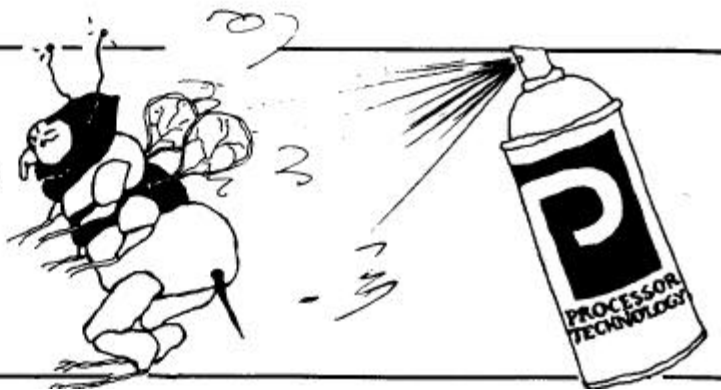
*Brooks's Law*

*Adding manpower to a late software project makes it later.*

*O'Tooles's Commentary on Murphy's Laws*

*Murphy was an optimist.*

# Bug Squad



A major purpose of this newsletter is helping you stomp out the bugs that inevitably occur even in the best of systems. Bug Squad will be a regular feature. We'll tackle the problems we've encountered most frequently, and you're also invited to send in any problems that have been bugging you. Send solutions, too, if you've found them. Share the wealth.

For starters, here's how to fix a few of the bugs that crept into early Sol systems:

## Memory Protect/Unprotect Lines

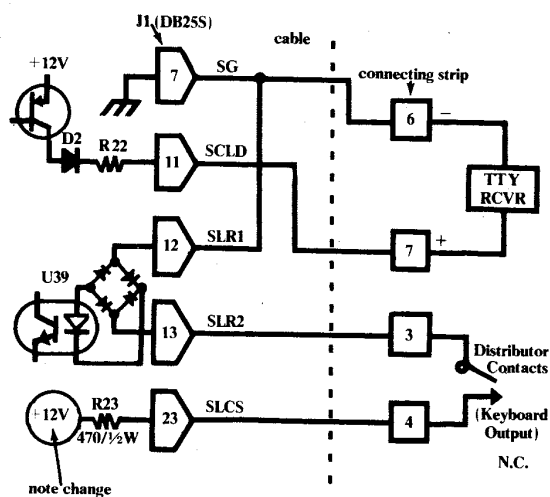
**The bug:** Erratic behavior when early Sol-PC, Sol-10, and Sol-20 units are used with S-100 bus compatible memory modules.  
**The squasher:** On early Sol circuit boards, the protect (pin 70) and unprotect (pin 20) lines are floating. Simply ground bus line 70 on the Sol PCB itself to disable the memory protect signal.

## Current Loop Source

**The bug:** R23, a 470 ohm 1/2w resistor, is incorrectly tied to +5 on early Sol PC boards, producing less than a full 20mA current to teletype connections.  
**The squasher:** Reconnect R23 to +12V which is only 1/4" away. Check to make sure that R29 remains connected to +5V. We suggest that the 20mA current loop connections (such as for ASR33) be made as follows:

Sol-PBC

ASR 33

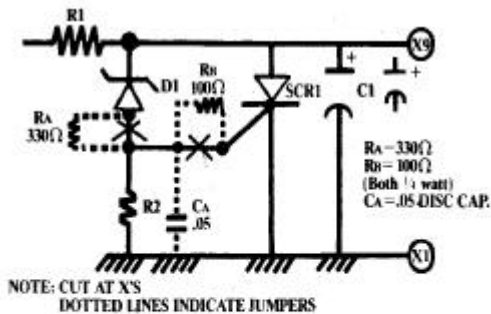


## Accidental Avalanche

**The bug:** On some Sol Power Supply REG Boards, the SCR1 (MCR 106-2) in the +5 volt regulated supply will intermittently go into the avalanche mode. This draws sufficient current to drop the +5 volt to about +1V. This modification will prevent the accidental triggering, but will retain the

## overvoltage protection of the crowbar circuit.

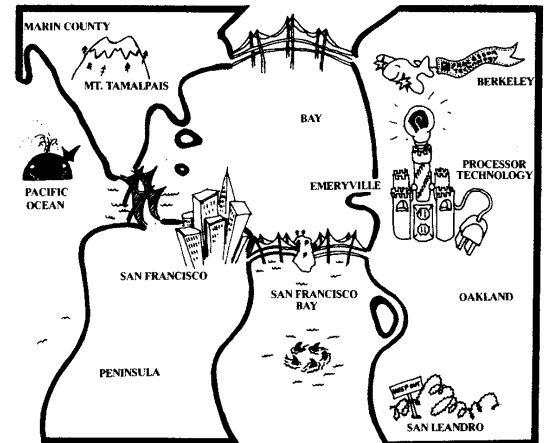
**The squasher:** Make the modification here by adding the components shown and cutting appropriate traces (as shown).



*Law of Selective Gravity (The Buttered Side Down Law)*  
An object will fall so as to do the most damage.

## Where the %×&\*# is Emeryville?

Emeryville, Ca., is located at the foot of the Oakland Bay Bridge, squeezed between Oakland and Berkeley. Neither wishes to claim it. Emeryville consists largely of mudflats and factories, the principle landmarks being a highrise apartment complex called Watergate (no relation), a shoreline assemblage of driftwood sculptures, and Processor Technology. Before the rise of Processor Technology, the main industry was legal gambling clubs. We, however, plan to put Emeryville on the map.



# Consol Source Listing

For those of you who haven't seen it yet, here's the source list for the minimum Sol operating System, CONSOL. It provides all necessary display routines, along with standardized calling points for input/output operations.

=== CONSOL ===  
COPYRIGHT 1976

```

C000          0001 *
C000          0002 *
C000          0003 *
C000          0004 *
C000          0005 *
C000          0006 *
C000          0007 *
C000          0008 *
C000          0009 *
C000          0010 *
C000          0011 *
C000          0012 *
C000          0013 *
C000          0014 *
C000          0015 *
C000          0016 *
C000          0017 *
C000          0018 *
C000          0019 *
C000          0020 *
C000          0021 *
C000          0022 *
C000          0023 *
C000          0024 *
C000          0025 *
C000          0026 *
C000          0027 *
C000          0028 *
C000          0029 *
C000          0030 *
C000          0031 *
C000          0032 *
C000          0033 *
C000          0034 *
C000          0035 *
C000          0036 *
C000          0037 *
C000          0038 *
C000          0039 *
C000          0040 *
C000          0041 *
C000          0042 *
C000          0043 *
C000          0044 *
C000          0045 *
C000          0046 *
C000          0047 *
C001 C3 65 C2 0048 BGIN DB 0
C004          0049 *      JMP STRTA      FOUR PHASE WONDER
C004          0050 *
C004          0051 *

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C004 0052 * ----- SoL SYSTEM I/O ROUTINES -----
C004 0053 *
C004 0054 * THE FOLLOWING CODE IS STANDARDIZED FOR ALL SoL SYSTEM
C004 0055 * SOFTWARE IT PROVIDES COMMON ENTRY POINTS FOR INPUT AND
C004 0056 * OUTPUT OPERATIONS. CONSOL DOES NOT HAVE PROVISION FOR
C004 0057 * PARALLEL I/O OPERATIONS BECAUSE OF SPACE LIMITATIONS.
C004 0058 *
C004 0059 *
C004 0060 *
C004 0061 *
C004 0062 * JUMP TABLE INPUT/OUTPUT ROUTINES
C004 0063 *
C004 0064 * THIS ROUTINE OUTPUTS THE CHARACTER IN REGISTER 'B' TO
C004 0065 * THE OUTPUT DEVICE POINTED TO BY THE CURRENT OUTPUT SELECT
C004 0066 * REGISTER. THE DEVICES ARE DEFINED AS FOLLOWS:
C004 0067 *
C004 0068 * 0 - VDM SCREEN
C004 0069 * 1 - SERIAL OUTPUT PORT
C004 0070 * 2 - PARALLEL OUTPUT PORT (NOT AVAILABLE ON CONSOL)
C004 0071 * 3 - ERROR HANDLER
C004 0072 *
C004 0073 * ENTRY AT: SOUT SELECTS CURRENT OUTPUT DEVICE
C004 0074 * AOUT SELECTS DEVICE IN REGISTER 'A'
C004 0075 *
C004 0076 SOUT LDA OPORT GET PORT NUMBER FROM MEMORY LOCATION
C007 E6 03 0077 AOUT ANI 3 KEEP IT IN CONTROL
C009 E5 0078 PUSH H WE'LL RESTORE IT LATER
C00A 21 84 C1 0079 LXI H,OTAB POINT TO TABLE
C00D 07 0080 RLC . COMPUTE ADDRESS
C00E 85 0081 ADD L .
C00F 6F 0082 MOV L,A WE HAVE IT
C010 C3 71 C0 0083 JMP DISPT GO TO HL...
C013 0084 *
C013 0085 *
C013 0086 *
C013 0087 * THIS ROUTINE INPUTS A CHARACTER TO REGISTER 'A' FROM
C013 0088 * THE CURRENT INPUT DEVICE POINTED TO BY THE CURRENT INPUT
C013 0089 * SELECT REGISTER.
C013 0090 *
C013 0091 * ENTRY POINTS ARE DEFINED:
C013 0092 *
C013 0093 * 0 - KEYBOARD INPUT
C013 0094 * 1 - SERIAL INPUT
C013 0095 * 2 - PARALLEL INPUT (NOT AVAILABLE ON CONSOL)
C013 0096 * 3 - ERROR HANDLER
C013 0097 *
C013 0098 SINT LDA IPORT GET PORT NUMBER FROM MEMORY LOCATION
C016 E6 03 0099 AINT ANI 3 WE MUST BE REASONABLE
C018 E5 0100 PUSH H SAVE H&L
C019 21 8C C1 0101 LXI H,ITAB POINT TO TABLE
C01C 07 0102 RLC . THE MATH
C01D 85 0103 ADD L .
C01E 6F 0104 MOV L,A DONE
C01F C3 71 C0 0105 JMP DISPT WE HAVE THE ADDRESS ... GO TO HEAVEN
C022 0106 *
C022 0107 *
C022 0108 * KEYBOARD INPUT STATUS CHECK
C022 0109 *
C022 0110 * THIS ROUTINE TESTS THE KEYBOARD STATUS AND RETURNS
C022 0111 * WITH THE TEST BITS SET.
C022 0112 *
C022 DB FA 0113 KSTAT IN STAPT GET STATUS WORD
C024 E6 01 0114 ANI KDR TEST KEYBOARD BIT
C026 C9 0115 RET . FLAGS ARE SET
C027 0116 *
C027 0117 *
C027 0118 * KEYBOARD DATA INPUT
C027 0119 *
C027 0120 * THIS ROUTINE, ENTRY AT KREAD, GETS THE DATA FROM THE
C027 0121 * KEYBOARD. ON RETURN THE CHARACTER IS IN REGISTER 'A'.
C027 0122 *
C027 E1 0123 KREAL POP H JUMP TABLE ENTRY POINT
C028 CD 22 C0 0124 KREAD CALL KSTAT CHECK STATUS
C02B C2 28 C0 0125 JNZ KREAD WAIT FOR INPUT
C02E DB FC 0126 IN KDATA GET DATA
C030 C9 0127 RET . GO BACK WITH IT
C031 0128 *
C031 0129 *
C031 0130 * SERIAL INPUT STATUS CHECK
C031 0131 *
C031 DB F8 0132 SSTAT IN SERST GET SERIAL STATUS WORD
C033 E6 40 0133 ANI SDR TEST FOR SERIAL DATA READY
C035 C9 0134 RET . FLAGS ARE SET
C036 0135 *
C036 0136 *
C036 0137 * SERIAL DATA INPUT
C036 0138 *
C036 E1 0139 SREAL POP H RESTORE HL FROM JUMP TABLE ENTRY
C037 CD 31 C0 0140 SREAD CALL SSTAT NORMAL ENTRY POINT
C03A CA 37 C0 0141 JZ SREAD WAIT FOR INPUT
C03D DB F9 0142 IN SDATA GET DATA BYTE
C03F C9 0143 RET . WE HAVE IT
C040 0144 *
C040 0145 *
C040 0146 * SERIAL DATA OUTPUT
C040 0147 *
C040 E1 0148 SEROT POP H JUMP TABLE ENTRY POINT
C041 DB F8 0149 SDROT IN SERST GET PORT STATUS
C043 17 0150 RAL . PUT HIGH BIT IN CARRY
C044 D2 41 C0 0151 JNC SDROT LOOP UNTIL TRANSMITTER BUFFER IS
EMPTY
C047 78 0152 MOV A,B GET THE CHARACTER BACK
C048 D3 F9 0153 OUT SDATA SEND IT OUT
C04A C9 0154 RET . AND WE'RE DONE
C048 0155 *
C048 0156 *
C048 0157 *
C048 0158 *
C048 0159 *
C048 0160 * VIDEO DISPLAY DRIVER ROUTINES
C048 0161 *
C048 0162 *
C048 0163 * THESE ROUTINES ALLOW FOR STANDARD VIDEO TERMINAL
C048 0164 * OPERATIONS. ON ENTRY, THE CHARACTER FOR OUTPUT IS IN
C048 0165 * REGISTER B AND ALL REGISTERS ARE UNALTERED ON RETURN.
C048 0166 *
C048 0167 * THE 'CONSOL' VERSION OF THIS ROUTINE IS A MINIMUM
C048 0168 * IMPLEMENTATION OF ROUTINES ORIGINATED BY:
C048 0169 *
C048 0170 * IAN KETTLEBOROUGH
C048 0171 * OF
C048 0172 * COLLEGE STATION, TEXAS
C048 0173 *
C048 0174 * SOLOS AND SOLED CONTAIN THE ESC SEQUENCES AND OTHER
C048 0175 * FULL IMPLEMENTATION FEATURES.
C048 0176 *
C048 E5 0177 VDMOT PUSH H SAVE EVERYBODY
C04C D5 0178 VDMO1 PUSH D ENTRY FROM DEVICE SELECT
C04D C5 0179 PUSH B
C04E F5 0180 PUSH PSW
C04F 78 0181 MOV A,B SAVE IN B...STRIP PARITY BEFORE
SCREEN!
C050 21 65 C1 0182 LXI H,TBL
C053 CD 62 C0 0183 CALL TSRCH GO PROCESS
C056 0184 *
C056 CD 21 C1 0185 GOBACK CALL VDADD GET SCREEN ADDRESS
C059 7E 0186 MOV A,M
C05A F6 80 0187 ORI 80H
C05C 77 0188 MOV M,A CURSOR IS BACK ON
C05D F1 0189 GOBK POP PSW
C05E C1 0190 POP B
C05F D1 0191 POP D RESTORE ALL REGISTERS
C060 E1 0192 POP H
C061 C9 0193 RET . EXIT FROM VDMOT
C062 0194 *
C062 0195 *
C062 7E 0196 TSRCH MOV A,M GET CHR FROM TABLE
C063 B7 0197 ORA A
C064 CA 7B C0 0198 JZ CHAR ZERO IS THE LAST
C067 B8 0199 CMP B TEST THE CHR
C068 23 0200 INX H POINT FORWARD
C069 C2 76 C0 0201 JNZ NEXT
C06C E5 0202 PUSH H FOUND ONE ... SAVE ADDRESS
C06D CD 3D C1 0203 CALL CREM REMOVE CURSOR
C070 E1 0204 POP H
C071 0205 *
C071 0206 *
C071 0207 * THIS ROUTINE DISPATCHES TO THE ADDRESS POINTED TO
C071 0208 * BY THE HL REGISTER PAIR. THE RETURN ADDRESS IS THE
C071 0209 * LAST ENTRY ON THE STACK.
C071 0210 *
C071 7E 0211 DISPT MOV A,M GET LOW BYTE
C072 23 0212 INX H
C073 66 0213 MOV H,M AND THE HIGH
C074 6F 0214 MOV L,A WE HAVE PLACED THEM BOTH
C075 E9 0215 PCHL . GO TO IT
C076 0216 *
C076 0217 *
C076 23 0218 NEXT INX H GO TO NEXT
C077 23 0219 INX H
C078 C3 62 C0 0220 JMP TSRCH
C07B 0221 *
C07B 0222 *
C07B 78 0223 CHAR MOV A,B GET CHARACTER
C07C B7 0224 ORA A
C07D C8 0225 RZ .
C07E FE 7F 0226 CPI 7FH IS IT A DEL?
C080 C8 0227 RZ . GO BACK IF SO
C081 0228 *
C081 0229 *
C081 0230 *
C081 CD 21 C1 0231 OCHAR CALL VDADD GET SCREEN ADDRESS
C084 78 0232 MOV A,B GET CHARACTER FOR OUTPUT
C085 E6 7F 0233 ANI 7FH NO HIGH BITS GO PAST HERE
C087 77 0234 MOV M,A PUT CHR ON SCREEN
C088 3A 00 C8 0235 LDA NCHAR GET CHARACTER POSITION
C08B FE 3F 0236 CPI 63 END OF LINE?
C08D DA AD C0 0237 JC OK
C090 3A 01 C8 0238 LDA LINE
C093 FE 0F 0239 CPI 15 END OF SCREEN?
C095 C2 AD C0 0240 JNZ OK
C098 0241 *
C098 0242 * END OF SCREEN...ROLL UP ONE LINE
C098 0243 *
C098 AF 0244 SCROLL XRA A
C099 32 00 C8 0245 STA NCHAR BACK TO FIRST CHAR POSITION
C09C 4F 0246 SROL MOV C,A
C09D CD 28 C1 0247 CALL VDAD CALCULATE LINE TO BE BLANKED
C0A0 AF 0248 XRA A
C0A1 CD E9 C0 0249 CALL CLINI CLEAR IT
C0A4 3A 02 C8 0250 LDA BOT
C0A7 3C 0251 INR A
C0A8 E6 0F 0252 ANI 0FH
C0AA C3 DD C0 0253 JMP ERAS3
C0AD 0254 *
C0AD 0255 * INCREMENT LINE COUNTER IF NECESSARY
C0AD 0256 *
C0AD 3A 00 C8 0257 OK LDA NCHAR GET CHR POSITION
C0B0 3C 0258 INR A
C0B1 32 00 C8 0259 STA NCHAR STORE THE NEW
C0B4 FE 40 0260 CPI 64
C0B6 D8 0261 RC
C0B7 AF 0262 XRA A WE'RE PAST THE END... REWIND THE COUNT
C0B8 32 00 C8 0263 STA NCHAR
C0BB 3A 01 C8 0264 LDA LINE GET THE LINE COUNT
C0BE 3C 0265 INR A
C0BF E6 0F 0266 ANI 0FH MOD 15 INCREMENT
C0C1 32 01 C8 0267 CUR STA LINE STORE THE NEW
C0C4 C9 0268 RET
C0C5 0269 *
C0C5 0270 * ERASE SCREEN
C0C5 0271 *
C0C5 21 00 CC 0272 PERSE LXI H,VDMEM POINT TO SCREEN
C0C8 36 A0 0273 MVI M,80H+' THIS IS THE CURSOR
C0CA 0274 *
C0CA 23 0275 ERAS1 INX H BUMP THE COUNT
C0CB 7C 0276 MOV A,H GET HIGH ORDER
C0CC FE D0 0277 CPI 0D0H THE TOP
C0CE D2 D6 C0 0278 JNC ERAS2
C0D1 36 20 0279 MVI M,' ' PUT IN A BLANK
C0D3 C3 CA C0 0280 JMP ERAS1
C0D6 0281 *
C0D6 AF 0282 ERAS2 XRA A
C0D7 32 01 C8 0283 STA LINE ZERO LINE
C0DA 32 02 C8 0284 STA NCHAR LEFT SIDE OF SCREEN
C0DD 0285 *
C0DD D3 FE 0286 ERAS3 OUT DSTAT RESET SCROLL PARAMETERS
C0DF 32 02 C8 0287 STA BOT BEGINNING OF TEXT OFFSET
C0E2 C9 0288 RET
C0E3 0289 *
C0E3 0290 *
C0E3 CD 21 C1 0291 CLINE CALL VDADD GET CURRENT SCREEN ADDRESS
C0E6 3A 00 C8 0292 LDA NCHAR CURRENT CURSOR POSITION
C0E9 FE 40 0293 CLINI CPI 64 NO MORE THAN 63
C0EB D0 0294 RNC . ALL DONE
C0EC 36 20 0295 MVI M,' ' ALL SPACED OUT
C0EE 23 0296 INX H
C0EF 3C 0297 INR A
C0F0 C3 E9 C0 0298 JMP CLINI LOOP TO END OF LINE
C0F3 0299 *
C0F3 0300 * HOME CURSOR
C0F3 0301 *
C0F3 AF 0302 PHOME XRA A
C0F4 32 00 C8 0303 STA NCHAR
C0F7 C3 C1 C0 0304 JMP CUR
C0FA 0305 *
C0FA 0306 * MOVE CURSOR DOWN ONE LINE
C0FA 0307 *
C0FA 3A 01 C8 0308 PDOWN LDA LINE
C0FD FE 0F 0309 CPI 15
C0FF C8 0310 RZ . HOW FAR IS DOWN?
C100 3C 0311 INR A
C101 C3 C1 C0 0312 JMP CUR
C104 0313 *
C104 0314 * ROUTINE TO MOVE THE CURSOR UP ONE LINE
C104 0315 *
C104 3A 01 C8 0316 PUP LDA LINE GET LINE COUNT
C107 B7 0317 ORA A
C108 C8 0318 RZ . DON'T GO MORE UP THAN UP
C109 3D 0319 DCR A
C10A C3 C1 C0 0320 JMP CUR
C10D 0321 *
C10D 0322 * MOVE CURSOR LEFT ONE POSITION
C10D 0323 *
C10D 3A 00 C8 0324 PLEFT LDA NCHAR
C110 B7 0325 ORA A
C111 C8 0326 RZ . DON'T GO MORE BACK THAN BACK
C112 3D 0327 DCR A
C113 32 00 C8 0328 PCUR STA NCHAR
C116 C9 0329 RET
C117 0330 *
C117 0331 * CURSOR RIGHT ONE POSITION
C117 0332 *
C117 3A 00 C8 0333 PRIT LDA NCHAR
C11A FE 3F 0334 CPI 63
C11C C8 0335 RZ . HOW RIGHT CAN WE BE?
C11D 3C 0336 INR A

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C11E C3 13 C1	0337	JMP	PCUR		C1C3	0480	*
C121	0338	*			C1C3	0481	*
C121	0339	*	ROUTINE TO CALCULATE SCREEN ADDRESS		C1C3	0482	*
C121	0340	*			C1C3	0483	*
C121	0341	*	ENTRY AT: RETURNS:		C1C3	0484	*
C121	0342	*			C1C3	0485	*
C121	0343	*	VDADD CURRENT SCREEN ADDRESS		C1C3	0486	*
C121	0344	*	VDAD2 ADDRESS OF CURRENT LINE, CHAR 'C'		C1C3	0487	*
C121	0345	*	VDAD LINE 'A', CHARACTER POSITION 'C'		C1C3	0488	*
C121	0346	*			C1C3	0489	*
C121 3A 00 C8	0347	VDADD	LDA NCHAR	GET CHARACTER POSITION	C1C3	0490	*
C124 4F	0348	MOV	C,A	IC' KEEPS IT	C1C3 CD 28 C0	0491	GCLIN CALL KREAD READ KEYBOARD
C125 3A 01 C8	0349	VDAD2	LDA LINE	LINE POSITION	C1C6 FE 20	0492	CPI 20H
C128 6F	0350	VDAD	MOV L,A	INTO 'L'	C1C8 47	0493	MOV B,A
C129 3A 02 C8	0351	LDA	BOT	GET TEXT OFFSET	C1C9 DA D2 C1	0494	JC PROC
C12C 85	0352	ADD	L	ADD IT TO THE LINE POSITION	C1CC CD 4B C0	0495	CONT CALL VDMOT
C12D 0F	0353	RRC	.	TIMES TWO	C1CF C3 C3 C1	0496	JMP GCLIN
C12E 0F	0354	RRC	.	MAKES FOUR	C1D2	0497	*
C12F 6F	0355	MOV	L,A	L HAS IT	C1D2	0498	*
C130 E6 03	0356	ANI	3	MOD THREE FOR LATER	C1D2	0499	*
C132 57	0357	MOV	D,A		C1D2 FE 0D	0500	PROCS CPI CR
C133 3E CC	0358	MVI	A,<VDMEM	LOW SCREEN OFFSET	C1D4 CA DD C1	0501	JZ CRPRC
C135 82	0359	ADD	D		C1D7 FE 0A	0502	CPI LF
C136 67	0360	MOV	H,A	NOW H IS DONE	C1D9 C8	0503	RZ .
C137 7D	0361	MOV	A,L	TWIST L'S ARM	C1DA C3 C3 C1	0504	JMP GCLIN
C138 E6 C0	0362	ANI	0C0H		C1DD	0505	*
C13A 81	0363	ADD	C		C1DD	0506	*
C13B 6F	0364	MOV	L,A		C1DD CD E3 C0	0507	CRPRC CALL CLINE
C13C C9	0365	RET		H & L ARE NOW PERVERTED	C1E0 C9	0508	RET .
C13D	0366	*			C1E1	0509	*
C13D	0367	*	ROUTINE TO REMOVE CURSOR		C1E1	0510	*
C13D	0368	*			C1E1	0511	*
C13D CD 21 C1	0369	CREM	CALL VDADD	GET CURRENT SCREEN ADDRESS	C1E1	0512	*
C140 7E	0370	MOV	A,M		C1E1 CD 3D C1	0513	COPRC CALL CREM
C141 E6 7F	0371	ANI	7FH	STRIP OFF THE CURSOR	C1E4 0E 01	0514	MVI C,1
C143 77	0372	MOV	M,A		C1E6 CD 25 C1	0515	CALL VDAD2
C144 C9	0373	RET			C1E9 EB	0516	XCHG
C145	0374	*			C1EA CD 32 C2	0517	CALL SCHR
C145	0375	*	ROUTINE TO BACKSPACE		C1ED CA 8E C3	0518	JZ ERR1
C145	0376	*			C1F0 EB	0519	XCHG .
C145 CD 0D C1	0377	PBACK	CALL PLEFT		C1F1 11 94 C1	0520	LXI D,COMTAB
C148 CD 21 C1	0378	CALL	VDADD	GET SCREEN ADDRESS	C1F4	0521	*
C14B 36 20	0379	MVI	M,' '	PUT A BLANK THERE	C1F4	0522	*
C14D C9	0380	RET			C1F4	0523	*
C14E	0381	*			C1F4	0524	*
C14E	0382	*	ROUTINE TO PROCESS A CARRIAGE RETURN		C1F4	0525	*
C14E	0383	*			C1F4	0526	*
C14E CD E3 C0	0384	PCR	CALL CLINE	CLEAR FROM CURRENT CURSOR TO END OF	C1F4 1A	0527	FDCOM LDAX D
LINE					C1F5 B7	0528	ORA A
C151 AF	0385	XRA	A	REWIND IT	C1F6 CA 8F C3	0529	JZ ERR2
C152 C3 13 C1	0386	JMP	PCUR	AND STORE THE NEW VALUE	C1F9 E5	0530	PUSH H
C155	0387	*			C1FA BE	0531	CMP M
C155	0388	*	ROUTINE TO PROCESS LINEFEED		C1FB 13	0532	INX D
C155	0389	*			C1FC C2 0B C2	0533	JNZ NCOM
C155 3A 01 C8	0390	PLF	LDA LINE	GET LINE COUNT	C1FF	0534	*
C158 FE 0F	0391	CPI	15	ARE WE AT THE BOTTOM?	C1FF 23	0535	INX H
C15A D2 61 C1	0392	JNC	SC		C200 1A	0536	LDAX D
C15D 3C	0393	INR	A		C201 BE	0537	CMP M
C15E C3 C1 C0	0394	JMP	CUR	ONE MORE LINE UP	C202 C2 0B C2	0538	JNZ NCOM
C161	0395	*			C205	0539	*
C161 AF	0396	SC	XRA	A	C205 C1	0540	POP B
C162 C3 9C C0	0397	JMP	SROL		C206 EB	0541	XCHG .
C165	0398	*			C207 23	0542	INX H
C165	0399	*			C208 C3 71 C0	0543	JMP DISPT
C165	0400	*			C20B	0544	*
C165	0401	*	THIS TABLE DEFINES THE CHARACTERS FOR SPECIAL		C20B	0545	*
C165	0402	*	PROCESSING. IF THE CHARACTER IS NOT IN THE TABLE IT		C20B 13	0546	NCOM INX D
C165	0403	*	GOES TO THE SCREEN.		C20C 13	0547	INX D
C165	0404	*			C20D 13	0548	INX D
C165 8B	0405	TBL	DB CLEAR	SCREEN	C20E E1	0549	POP H
C166 C5 C0	0406	DW	PERSE		C20F C3 F4 C1	0550	JMP FDCOM
C168 97	0407	DB	UP	CURSOR	C212	0551	*
C169 04 C1	0408	DW	PUP		C212	0552	*
C16B 9A	0409	DB	DOWN		C212	0553	*
C16C FA C0	0410	DW	PDOWN		C212 CD 1A C2	0554	PROMPT CALL CRLF
C16E 81	0411	DB	LEFT		C215 06 3E	0557	MVI B,'>'
C16F 0D C1	0412	DW	PLEFT		C217 C3 4B C0	0558	JMP VDMOT
C171 93	0413	DB	RIGHT		C21A	0559	*
C172 17 C1	0414	DW	PRIT		C21A 06 0A	0560	CRLF MVI B,LF
C174 8E	0415	DB	HOME		C21C CD 4B C0	0561	CALL VDMOT
C175 F3 C0	0416	DW	PHOME		C21F 06 0D	0562	MVI B,CR
C177 0D	0417	DB	CR	CARRIAGE RETURN	C221 C3 4B C0	0563	JMP VDMOT
C178 4E C1	0418	DW	PCR		C224	0564	*
C17A 0A	0419	DB	LF	LINE FEED	C224	0565	*
C17B 55 C1	0420	DW	PLF		C224	0566	*
C17D 5F	0421	DB	BACKS	BACK SPACE	C224	0567	*
C17E 45 C1	0422	DW	PBACK		C224 0E 0C	0568	SBLK MVI C,12
C180 80	0423	DB	MODE	MODE KEY	C226 1A	0569	SBLK1 LDAX D
C181 B4 C1	0424	DW	COMND		C227 FE 20	0570	CPI BLANK
C183 00	0425	DB	0	END OF TABLE	C229 CA 32 C2	0571	JZ SCHR
C184	0426	*			C22C 13	0572	INX D
C184	0427	*	OUTPUT DEVICE TABLE		C22D 0D	0573	DCR C
C184	0428	*			C22E C2 26 C2	0574	JNZ SBLK1
C184 4C C0	0429	OTAB	DW VDM01	VDM DRIVER	C231 C9	0575	RET .
C186 40 C0	0430	DW	SEROT	SERIAL OUTPUT	C232	0576	*
C188 AD C1	0431	DW	ERROT	ERROR HANDLER (FOR CONSOL)	C232	0577	*
C18A AD C1	0432	DW	ERROT	ERROR HANDLER	C232	0578	*
C18C	0433	*			C232	0579	*
C18C	0434	*	INPUT DEVICE TABLE		C232	0580	*
C18C	0435	*			C232 0E 0A	0581	SCHR MVI C,10
C18C 27 C0	0436	ITAB	DW KREAL	KEYBOARD INPUT	C234 1A	0582	SCHR1 LDAX D
C18E 36 C0	0437	DW	SREAL	SERIAL INPUT	C235 FE 20	0583	CPI SPACE
C190 AD C1	0438	DW	ERROT	ERROR HANDLER (FOR CONSOL)	C237 C0	0584	RNZ .
C192 AD C1	0439	DW	ERROT	ERROR HANDLER	C238 13	0585	INX D
C194	0440	*			C239 0D	0586	DCR C
C194	0441	*			C23A C8	0587	RZ .
C194	0442	*	COMMAND TABLE		C23B C3 34 C2	0588	JMP SCHR1
C194	0443	*			C23E	0589	*
C194	0444	*	THIS TABLE DESCRIBES THE VALID COMMANDS FOR CONSOL		C23E	0590	*
C194	0445	*			C23E	0591	*
C194 54 45	0446	COMTAB	ASC 'TE'		C23E CD 24 C2	0592	SCONV CALL SBLK
C196 70 C2	0447	DW	TERM		C241 CA 8E C3	0595	JZ ERR1
C198 44 55	0448	ASC	'DU'		C244	0596	*
C19A A1 C2	0449	DW	DUMP		C244	0597	*
C19C 45 4E	0450	ASC	'EN'		C244	0598	*
C19E 07 C3	0451	DW	ENTER		C244	0599	*
C1A0 45 58	0452	ASC	'EX'		C244	0600	*
C1A2 35 C3	0453	DW	EXEC		C244	0601	*
C1A4 54 4C	0454	ASC	'TL'		C244 21 00 00	0602	SHEX LXI H,0
C1A6 39 C3	0455	DW	TLOAD		C247 1A	0603	SHE1 LDAX D
C1A8 42 41	0456	ASC	'BA'	SPECIAL COMMAND TO EXECUTE 0	C248 FE 20	0604	CPI 20H
C1AA 00 00	0457	DW	0		C24A C8	0605	RZ .
C1AC 00	0458	DB	0	END OF TABLE MARK	C24B	0606	*
C1AD	0459	*			C24B 29	0607	HCONV DAD H
C1AD	0460	*			C24C 29	0608	DAD H
C1AD	0461	*	CONSOL PORT ERROR HANDLER		C24D 29	0609	DAD H
C1AD	0462	*			C24E 29	0610	DAD H
C1AD AF	0463	ERROT	XRA A		C24F CD 5B C2	0611	CALL HCOV1
C1AE 32 04 C8	0464	STA	IPORT	DEFAULT TO SCREEN	C252 D2 8E C3	0612	JNC ERR1
C1B1 32 03 C8	0465	STA	OPORT	DEFAULT TO SCREEN	C255 85	0613	ADD L
C1B4	0466	*			C256 6F	0614	MOV L,A
C1B4	0467	*			C257 13	0615	INX D
C1B4	0468	*			C258 C3 47 C2	0616	JMP SHE1
C1B4	0469	*			C25B	0617	*
C1B4	0470	*	--- COMMAND MODE ---		C25B D6 30	0618	HCOV1 SUI 48
C1B4	0471	*			C25D FE 0A	0619	CPI 10
C1B4	0472	*			C25F D8	0620	RC .
C1B4	0473	*	THIS ROUTINE GETS AND PROCESSES COMMANDS		C260 D6 07	0621	SUI 7
C1B4	0474	*			C262 FE 10	0622	CPI 10H
C1B4 31 00 CC	0475	COMND	LXI SP,SYSTP	SET STACK POINTER			
C1B7 CD 12 C2	0476	CALL	PROMPT	PUT PROMPT ON SCREEN			
C1BA CD C3 C1	0477	CALL	GCLIN	GET COMMAND LINE			
C1BD CD E1 C1	0478	CALL	COPRC	PROCESS THE LINE			
C1C0 C3 B4 C1	0479	JMP	COMND	OVER AND OVER			



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C264 C9      0623      RET      .      WITH TEST IN HAND
C265      0624 *
C265      0625 *
C265      0626 *      SYSTEM START UP, CLEAR PART OF RAM AND SET STACK
C265      0627 *      POINTER, FALLING THROUGH TO TERMINAL MODE.
C265      0628 *
C265 AF     0629 STRTA  XRA      A
C266 4F     0630      MOV      C,A      WE CLEAR THE FIRST 256 BYTES
C267 21 00 C8 0631      LXI      H,SYSRAM  POINT TO SYSTEM RAM
C26A      0632 *
C26A 77     0633 CLERA  MOV      M,A
C26B 23     0634      INX      H
C26C 0C     0635      INR      C
C26D C2 6A C2 0636      JNZ      CLERA      CLEAR FIRST 256 BYTES
C270      0637 *
C270      0638 *
C270      0639 *
C270      0640 *      TERM COMMAND
C270      0641 *
C270      0642 *      THIS ROUTINE GETS CHARACTERS FROM THE SYSTEM KEYBOARD
C270      0643 *      AND OUTPUTS THEM TO THE SERIAL OUTPUT PORT. IT IS
C270      0644 *      INTENDED TO CONFIGURE THE SOL AS A STANDARD VIDEO
C270      0645 *      TERMINAL. COMMAND KEYS ARE NOT OUTPUT TO THE OUTPUT
C270      0646 *      PORT BUT ARE INTERPRETED AS DIRECT SOL COMMANDS.
C270      0647 *      THE MODE COMMAND, RECEIVED BY THE KEYBOARD, PUTS THE
C270      0648 *      SOL IN THE COMMAND MODE.
C270      0649 *
C270      0650 *
C270 31 00 CC 0651 TERM  LXI      SP,SYSTP  SET STACK POINTER
C273 CD ED C3 0652      CALL     TOFF      SLOW DOWN THE TAPES
C276 CD C5 C0 0653      CALL     PERSE     CLEAR THE SCREEN
C279      0654 *
C279 CD 22 C0 0655 KIN   CALL     KSTAT     IS THERE ONE WAITINGI
C27C C2 90 C2 0656      JNZ      TIN
C27F DB FC     0657      IN       KDATA     GET THE CHARACTER
C281 47     0658      MOV      B,A
C282 E6 80     0659      ANI      80H      COMMAND KEY?
C284 CA 8D C2 0660      JZ       TOUT
C287 CD 4B C0 0661      CALL     VDMOT     PROCESS IT
C28A C3 90 C2 0662      JMP      TIN
C28D      0663 *
C28D CD 41 C0 0664 TOUT  CALL     SDROT     OUTPUT IT TO THE SERIAL PORT
C290 CD 31 C0 0665      CALL     SSTAT     GET SERIAL STATUS
C293 CA 79 C2 0666      JZ       KIN       LOOP IF NOT
C296 DB F9     0667      IN       SDATA     GET DATA
C298 E6 7F     0668      ANI      7FH      NO HIGH BITS FROM HERE
C29A 47     0669      MOV      B,A      IT'S OUTPUT FROM 'B'
C29B CD 4B C0 0670      CALL     VDMOT     PUT IT ON THE SCREEN
C29E C3 79 C2 0671      JMP      KIN       LOOP OVER AND OVER
C2A1      0672 *
C2A1      0673 *
C2A1      0674 *
C2A1      0675 *      DUMP COMMAND
C2A1      0676 *
C2A1      0677 *      THIS ROUTINE DUMPS CHARACTERS FROM MEMORY TO THE
C2A1      0678 *      CURRENT OUTPUT DEVICE. (WITH CONSOL ALL OUTPUT GOES TO
C2A1      0679 *      THE SCREEN). ALL VALUES ARE DESPLAYED AS ASCII HEX.
C2A1      0680 *
C2A1      0681 *      THE COMMAND FORM IS AS FOLLOWS:
C2A1      0682 *
C2A1      0683 *      DUmP addr1 addr2
C2A1      0684 *
C2A1      0685 *      THE VALUES FROM ADDR1 TO ADDR2 ARE THEN OUTPUT TO THE
C2A1      0686 *      OUTPUT DEVICE. IF ONLY ADDR1 IS SPECIFIED THEN THE
C2A1      0687 *      VALUE AT THAT ADDRESS IS OUTPUT.
C2A1      0688 *
C2A1 CD 3E C2 0689 DUMP  CALL     SCONV     SCAN TO FIRST ADDRESS AND CONVERT IT
C2A4 E5      0690      PUSH     H          SAVE THE VALUE
C2A5 CD 32 C2 0691      CALL     SCHR     GET THE NEXT
C2A8 E1      0692      POP      H
C2A9 CA B4 C2 0693      JZ       POVER     NO SECOND VALUE
C2AC E5      0694      PUSH     H
C2AD CD 44 C2 0695      CALL     SHEX     GET SECOND
C2B0 D1      0696      POP      D          THIS IS THE FIRST
C2B1 C3 B6 C2 0697      JMP      NPASS     MIND BENDERS
C2B4      0698 *
C2B4 54      0699 POVER  MOV      D,H      NO SECOND PARAMETER COPY FIRST TO DE
C2B5 5D      0700      MOV      E,L
C2B6 EB     0701 NPASS  XCHG     .
C2B7      0702 *      HL HAS START, DE HAS END
C2B7 CD 1A C2 0703 DLOOP  CALL     CRLF     .
C2BA DB FC     0704      IN       KDATA     .
C2BC FE 80     0705      CPI      MODE     MODE KEY' WILL ESCAPE THE DUMP
C2BE CA B4 C1 0706      JZ       COMND    .
C2C1 CD DD C2 0707      CALL     ADOUT     OUTPUT ADDRESS
C2C4 CD E5 C2 0708      CALL     BOUT     ANOTHER SPACE TO KEEP IT PRETTY
C2C7 0E 10     0709      MVI      C,16     VALUES PER LINE
C2C9      0710 *
C2C9 7E      0711 DLP1  MOV      A,M      GET THE CHR
C2CA C5      0712      PUSH     B          SAVE VALUE COUNT
C2CB CD E2 C2 0713      CALL     HBOUT     SEND IT OUT WITH A BLANK
C2CE CD 02 C3 0714      CALL     ACOMP     COMPARE ADDRESSES
C2D1 D2 B4 C1 0715      JNC      COMND    ALL DONE
C2D4 C1      0716      POP      B          VALUES PER LINE
C2D5 23      0717      INX      H
C2D6 0D      0718      DCR      C          BUMP THE LINE COUNT
C2D7 C2 C9 C2 0719      JNZ      DLP1     NOT ZERO IF MORE FOR THIS LINE
C2DA C3 B7 C2 0720      JMP      DLOOP     DO A LFCR BEFORE THE NEXT
C2DD      0721 *
C2DD      0722 *      OUTPUT HL AS HEX 16 BIT VALUE
C2DD      0723 *
C2DD 7C      0724 ADOUT  MOV      A,H      H FIRST
C2DE CD EA C2 0725      CALL     HEOUT     .
C2E1 7D      0726      MOV      A,L      THEN L FOLLOWED BY A SPACE
C2E2      0727 *
C2E2 CD EA C2 0728 HBOUT  CALL     HEOUT     .
C2E5 06 20     0729 BOUT  MVI      B,' '
C2E7 C3 4B C0 0730      JMP      VDMOT     CONSOL PUTS IT ON THE SCREEN
C2EA      0731 *
C2EA 4F      0732 HEOUT  MOV      C,A      GET THE CHARACTER
C2EB 0F      0733      RRC
C2EC 0F      0734      RRC      MOVE THE HIGH FOUR DOWN
C2ED 0F      0735      RRC
C2EE 0F      0736      RRC
C2EF CD F3 C2 0737      CALL     HEOUL     PUT THEM OUT
C2F2 F7 99     0738      MOV      A,C      THIS TIME THE-LOW FOUR
C2F3      0739 *
C2F3 E6 0F     0740 HEOUL  ANI      0FH      FOUR ON THE FLOOR
C2F5 C6 30     0741      ADI      48      WE WORK WITH ASCII HERE
C2F7 FE 3A     0742      CPI      58      0-9?
C2F9 DA FE C2 0743      JC       OUTH     YUPI
C2FC C6 07     0744      ADI      7        MAKE IT A LETTER
C2FE 47     0745 OUTH  MOV      B,A      OUTPUT IT FROM REGISTER 'B'
C2FF C3 4B C0 0746      JMP      VDMOT
C302      0747 *
C302      0748 *      COMPARE DE AND HL
C302      0749 *
C302 7D      0750 ACOMP  MOV      A,L
C303 93      0751      SUB      E
C304 7C      0752      MOV      A,H
C305 9A      0753      SBB      D
C306 C9      0754      RET      .          FLAGS ARE SET
C307      0755 *
C307      0756 *
C307      0757 *      ENTER COMMAND
C307      0758 *
C307      0759 *      THIS ROUTINE GETS VALUES FROM THE KEYBOARD AND ENTERS
C307      0760 *      THEM INTO MEMORY. THE INPUT VALUES ARE SCANNED FOLLOWING
C307      0761 *      A STANDARD 'GCLIN' INPUT SO ON SCREEN EDITING MAY TAKE
C307      0762 *      PLACE PRIOR TO THE LINE TERMINATOR. A BACK SLASH '/'
C307      0763 *      ENDS THE ROUTINE AND-RETURNS CONTROL TO THE COMMAND MODE.
C307      0764 *
C307 CD 3E C2 0765 ENTER  CALL     SCONV     SCAN OVER CHARS AND GET ADDRESS
C30A E5      0766      PUSH     H          SAVE ADDRESS
C30B      0767 *
C30B CD 1A C2 0768 ENLOP  CALL     CRLF     .
C30E 06 3A     0769      MVI      B,':'
C310 CD CC C1 0770      CALL     CONT     GET LINE OF INPUT
C313 CD 3D C1 0771      CALL     CREM     REMOVE THE CURSOR
C316 0E 01     0772      MVI      C,1      START SCAN
C318 CD 25 C1 0773      CALL     VDAD2    GET ADDRESS
C31B EB     0774      XCHG     .          ....TO DE
C31C      0775 *
C31C 0E 03     0777 ENLO1  MVI      C,3      NO MORE THAN THREE SPACES BETWEEN VALUES
C31E CD 34 C2 0000      CALL     SCHRI    SCAN TO NEXT VALUE
C321 CA 0B C3 0778      JZ       ENLOP    LAST ENTRY FOUND START NEW LINE
C324 1A      0779 ENLO2  LDAX     D          GET THE CHR
C325 FE 2F     0780      CPI      '/'      COMMAND TERMINATOR?
C327 CA B4 C1 0781      JZ       COMND    IF SO...
C32A CD 44 C2 0782      CALL     SHEX     CONVERT VALUE
C32D 7D      0783      MOV      A,L      GET LOW PART AS CONVERTED
C32E E1      0784      POP      H          GET MEMORY ADDRESS
C32F 77      0785      MOV      M,A      PUT IN THE VALUE
C330 23      0786      INX      H
C331 E5      0787      PUSH     H
C332 C3 1C C3 0788      JMP      ENLO1    BACK GOES THE ADDRESS
C335      0789 *      CONTINUE THE SCAN
C335      0790 *
C335      0791 *
C335      0792 *      EXECUTE COMMAND
C335      0793 *
C335      0794 *      THIS ROUTINE GETS THE FOLLOWING PARAMETER AND DOES A
C335      0795 *      PROGRAM JUMP TO THE LOCATION GIVEN BY IT. IF PROPER
C335      0796 *      STACK OPERATIONS ARE USED WITHIN THE EXTERNAL PROGRAM
C335      0797 *      IT CAN DO A STANDARD 'RET'URN TO THE CONSOL COMMAND MODE.
C335      0798 *
C335      0799 *
C335 CD 3E C2 0800 EXEC  CALL     SCONV     SCAN PAST BLANKS AND GET PARAMETER
C338 E9      0801      PCHL     .          GO ..... (AMD TAKE NOTE)
C339      0802 *
C339      0803 *
C339      0804 *
C339      0805 *      TAPE LOAD COMMAND
C339      0806 *
C339      0807 *      THIS ROUTINE READS FROM EITHER TAPE UNIT PLACING
C339      0808 *      THE READ DATA INTO MEMORY. WHILE SPACE WITHIN CONSOL
C339      0809 *      DOES NOT ALLOW FOR 'STANDARD' TAPE ROUTINES THIS
C339      0810 *      COMMAND WILL LOAD SOL- BASIC5 AND OTHER STANDARD SOL
C339      0811 *      SYSTEM SOFTWARE FOR DIRECT EXECUTION.
C339      0812 *
C339      0813 *
C339 CD 24 C2 0814 TLOAD  CALL     SBLK     SCAN TO SPEED PARAMETER
C33C CA 4A C3 0815      JZ       DFLT     DEFAULT TO HIGH SPEED IF NONE
C33F CD 44 C2 0816      CALL     SHEX     CONVERT IT
C342 7D      0817      MOV      A,L      GET VALUE
C343 E6 01     0818      ANI      1          ONLY BIT ZERO COUNTS
C345 3E 20     0819      MVI      A,32     PRETEND ITS SLOW
C347 C2 4B C3 0820      JNZ      SETSP
C34A      0821 *
C34A AF      0822 DFLT  XRA      A          MAKE IT FAST
C34B F6 C0     0823 SETSP  ORI      TAPE1+TAPE2 CONSOL STARTS BOTH TAPES
C34D D3 FA     0824      OUT     STAPT     START TAPES AND SELECT SPEED
C34F CD F1 C3 0825      CALL     DELAY    WAIT WHILE THE TAPE UNIT WINDS UP
C352 DB FB     0826      IN       TDATA     CLEAR THE UART FLAGS
C354      0827 *
C354 CD 94 C3 0828 TLOD1  CALL     RHEAD     READ PAST HEADER
C357 CD 54 C3 0829      JNZ      TLOD1    IF ERROR START OVER
C35A      0830 *
C35A 2A 0C C8 0831      LHLD     BLOCK    GET BLOCK SIZE
C35D EB     0832      XCHG     .          ...TO DE
C35E 2A 0E C8 0833      LHLDR    .          GET LOAD ADDRESS
C361      0834 *
C361 7A      0835 LOLOOP MOV      A,D      GET COUNT
C362 B3      0836      ORA      E
C363 CA ED C3 0837      JZ       TOFF     COUNT IS ZERO-TURN OFF TAPE AND RETURN
C366 01 00 FF 0838      LXI      B,-256   THIS MANY PRIOR TO CRC TEST
C369 EB     0839      XCHG     COUNT TO HL
C36A 09      0840      DAD      B          A LITTLE MATH
C36B D2 E1 C3 0841      JNC      LBLK     NO CARRY, IT'S THE LAST BLOCK
C36E 06 00     0842      MVI      B,0      256 TO READ
C370      0843 *
C370 0E 00     0844 RDBLK  MVI      C,0      ZERO THE CRC
C372 EB     0845      XCHG     .          ROUND ROBIN
C373      0846 *
C373 CD C6 C3 0846 RTBYT  CALL     TAPIN     GET CHARACTER
C376 77      0847      MOV      M,A      STORE IT
C377 23      0848      INX      H          BUMP MEMORY LOCATION
C378 A9      0849      XRA      C          UPDATE THE CRC
C379 2F      0850      CMA
C37A 91      0851      SUB      C
C37B 4F      0852      MOV      C,A      STORE THE NEW
C37C 05      0853      DCR      B          COUNT DOWN
C37D C2 73 C3 0854      JNZ      RTBYT    STILL MORE IF NOT ZERO
C380      0855 *
C380 CD C1 C3 0856      CALL     CRCKK    CHECK CRC AND FALL THROUGH TO ERROR IF NO GOOD
C383 CA 61 C3 0857      JZ       LOLOOP   TEST OK
C386      0858 *
C386 06 07     0859 TERR  MVI      B,'G'-40H BELL CHARACTER
C388 CD 4B C0 0860      CALL     VDMOT    PUT IT ON THE SCREEN
C38B C3 B4 C1 0861      JMP      COMND
C38E      0862 *
C38E      0863 *
C38E      0864 *      CONSOL ERROR HANDLER
C38E      0865 *
C38E      0866 *
C38E EB     0866 ERR1  XCHG     .
C38F 36 3F     0867 ERR2  MVI      M,'?'    GET SCAN ADDRESS
C391 C3 B4 C1 0868      JMP      COMND    PUT A QUESTION MARK THERE
C394      0869 *      AND GO TO COMMAND MODE
C394      0870 *      READ THE HEADER
C394      0871 *
C394 06 0A     0872 RHEAD  MVI      B,10     FIND 10 NULLS
C396 DB FA     0873 RHEAL  IN       STAPT     GET A BYTE
C398 E6 40     0874      ANI      TDR
C39A CA 96 C3 0875      JZ       RHEAL
C39D DB FB     0876      IN       TDATA     IGNORE ERROR CONDITIONS
C39F B7      0877      ORA      A          ZERO?
C3A0 C2 94 C3 0878      JNZ      RHEAD
C3A3 05      0879      DCR      B
C3A4 C2 96 C3 0880      JNZ      RHEAL    LOOP UNTIL 10 IN A ROW
C3A7      0881 *
C3A7      0882 *      WAIT FOR THE START CHARACTER
C3A7      0883 *
C3A7 CD C6 C3 0884 SOHL  CALL     TAPIN
C3AA 3D      0885      DCR      A
C3AB C2 A7 C3 0886      JNZ      SOHL     WAIT FOR A '1'
C3AE      0887 *
C3AE      0888 *      NOW GET THE HEADER
C3AE      0889 *
C3AE      0890 *
C3AE 21 05 C8 0890      LXI      H,THEAD  POINT TO BUFFER
C3B1 01 00 10 0891      LXI      B,HLEN*256 LENGTH OF HEADER IN 'B',C<0
C3B4      0892 *
C3B4 CD C6 C3 0893 RHED1  CALL     TAPIN     GET BYTE
C3B7 77      0894      MOV      M,A      STORE IT
C3B8 23      0895      INX      H          INCREMENT ADDRESS
C3B9 A9      0896      XRA      C          NOW CALCULATE THE CRC
C3BA 2F      0897      CMA      INSIDE OUT AND UPSIDE DOWN
C3BB 91      0898      SUB      C          SQUEEZE IT
C3BC 4F      0899      MOV      C,A      AND SAVE AGAIN
C3BD 05      0900      DCR      B          WHOLE HEADER YET?
C3BE C2 B4 C3 0901      JNZ      RHED1    LOOP UNTIL DONE
C3C1      0902 *
C3C1      0903 *      THIS ROUTINE GETS THE NEXT BYTE AND COMPARES IT
C3C1      0904 *      TO THE VALUE IN REGISTER C. THE FLAGS ARE SET ON
C3C1      0905 *      RETURN.
C3C1      0906 *
C3C1      0907 *
C3C1 CD C6 C3 0907 CRCKK  CALL     TAPIN     GET CRC BYTE

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C3C5 C9          0909          RET
C3C6            0910          *
C3C6            0911          *
C3C6            0912          * THIS ROUTINE GETS THE NEXT AVAILABLE BYTE FROM THE
C3C6            0913          * TAPE. WHILE WAITING FOR THE BYTE THE KEYBOARD IS TESTED
C3C6            0914          * FOR A 'MODE' COMMAND. IF RECEIVED THE TAPE LOAD IS
C3C6            0915          * TERMINATED AND A RETURN TO THE COMMAND MODE IS MADE.
C3C6            0916          *
C3C6 DB FA      0917 TAPIN   IN      STAPT   CHECK STATUS
C3C8 E6 40      0918          ANI      TDR
C3CA C2 D7 C3   0919          JNZ     TREDY   ONE IS AVAILABLE
C3CD DB FC      0920          IN      KDATA   CHECK FOR MODE WHILE WE'RE WAITING
C3CF FE 80      0921          CPI     MODE
C3D1 CA B4 C1   0922          JZ      COMND   MODE WAS GIVEN..ABORT OPERATION
C3D4 C3 C6 C3   0923          JMP     TAPIN   NOT MODE...STAY IN LOOP
C3D7            0924          *
C3D7 DB FA      0925 TREDY   IN      STAPT   CHECK STATUS
C3D9 E6 18      0926          ANI     TFE+TOE DATA ERROR?
C3DB C2 86 C3   0927          JNZ     TERR    IF FRAMING OR OVERRUN ERROR
C3DE DB FB      0928          IN      TDATA   GET THE DATA
C3E0 C9         0929          RET
C3E1            0930          *
C3E1            0931          * THIS ROUTINE CALCULATES THE LENGTH OF THE LAST BLOCK
C3E1            0932          *
C3E1 01 FF FF    0933 LBLK    LXI     B,-1
C3E4 09         0934          DAD     B        COMPLEMENT HL
C3E5 23         0935          INX     H        .....TWO'S
C3E6 45         0936          MOV     B,L      LENGTH TO REGISTER 3
C3E7 21 00 00   0937          LXI     H,0      TELL DE WE'RE DONE
C3EA C3 70 C3   0938          JMP     RDBLK   ONWARD TO THE END
C3ED            0939          *
C3ED            0940          * THIS ROUTINE TURNS THE TAPE UNITS OFF
C3ED            0941          *
C3ED AF         0942 TOFF    XRA     A
C3EE D3 FA      0943          OUT     STAPT   GIVE COMMAND
C3F0 C9         0944          RET          AND GRIND TO A SLOW STOP
C3F1            0945          *
C3F1 11 00 00   0946          *
C3F1 11 00 00   0947 DELAY  LXI     D,0    START LOOP
C3F4 1B         0948          DLOP1  DCX     D      DOWN COUNT
C3F5 7A         0949          MOV     A,D
C3F6 B3         0950          ORA     E        TEST FOR ZERO
C3F7 C2 F4 C3   0951          JNZ     DLOP1   IF NOT
C3FA C9         0952          RET
C3FB            0953          *
C3FB            0954          *
C3FB            0955          *
C3FB            0956          *
C3FB            0957          * << SoL SYSTEM EQUATES >>
C3FB            0958          *
C3FB            0959          *
C3FB            0960          * VDM PARAMETERS
C3FB            0961          *
C3FB            0962 VDMEM  EQU     0CC00H   VDM SCREEN MEMORY
C3FB            0963          *
C3FB            0964          *
C3FB            0965          * KEYBOARD SPECIAL KEY ASSIGNMENTS
C3FB            0966          *
C3FB            0967 DOWN  EQU     9AH
C3FB            0968 UP    EQU     97H
C3FB            0969 LEFT  EQU     81H
C3FB            0970 RIGHT EQU     93H
C3FB            0971 LOADK EQU     8CH   LOAD KEY
C3FB            0972 MODE  EQU     80H
C3FB            0973 CLEAR EQU     8BH
C3FB            0974 HOME  EQU     08EH
C3FB            0975 BACKS EQU     5FH   BACKSPACE
C3FB            0976 LF    EQU     10
C3FB            0977 CR    EQU     13
C3FB            0978 BLANK EQU     ' '
C3FB            0979 SPACE EQU     BLANK
C3FB            0980 CX    EQU     'X'-40H
C3FB            0981          *
C3FB            0982          * PORT ASSIGNMENTS
C3FB            0983          *
C3FB            0984 STAPT  EQU     0FAH   STATUS PORT GENERAL
C3FB            0985 SERST  EQU     0F8H   SERIAL STATUS PORT
C3FB            0986 SDATA  EQU     0F9H   SERIAL DATA
C3FB            0987 TDATA  EQU     0FBH   TAPE DATA
C3FB            0988 KDATA  EQU     0FCH   KEYBOARD DATA
C3FB            0989 PDATA  EQU     0FDH   PARALLEL DATA
C3FB            0990 DSTAT  EQU     0FEH   VDM DISPLAY PARAMETER PORT
C3FB            0991 SENSE  EQU     0FFH   SENSE SWITCHES
C3FB            0992          *
C3FB            0993          *
C3FB            0994          *
C3FB            0995          * BIT ASSIGNMENT MASKS
C3FB            0996          *
C3FB            0997 SCD    EQU     1      SERIAL CARRIER DETECT
C3FB            0998 SDRS   EQU     2      SERIAL DATA SET READY
C3FB            0999 SPE    EQU     4      SERIAL PARITY ERROR
C3FB            1000 SFE    EQU     8      SERIAL FRAMING ERROR
C3FB            1001 SOE    EQU     16     SERIAL OVERRUN ERROR
C3FB            1002 SCTS   EQU     32     SERIAL CLEAR TO SEND
C3FB            1003 SDR    EQU     64     SERIAL DATA READY
C3FB            1004 STBE   EQU     128    SERIAL TRANSMITTER BUFFER EMPTY
C3FB            1005          *
C3FB            1006 KDR    EQU     1      KEYBOARD DATA READY
C3FB            1007 PDR    EQU     2      PARALLEL DATA READY
C3FB            1008 PXDR   EQU     4      PARALLEL DEVICE READY
C3FB            1009 TFE    EQU     8      TAPE FRAMING ERROR
C3FB            1010 TOE    EQU     16     TAPE OVERFLOW ERROR
C3FB            1011 TDR    EQU     64     TAPE DATA READY
C3FB            1012 TTBE   EQU     128    TAPE TRANSMITTER BUFFER EMPTY
C3FB            1013          *
C3FB            1014 SOK    EQU     1      SCROLL OK FLAG
C3FB            1015          *
C3FB            1016 TAPE1  EQU     64     TAPE ONE 'ON' BIT
C3FB            1017 TAPE2  EQU     128    TAPE TWO
C3FB            1018          *
C3FB            1019          *
C3FB            1020          *
C3FB            1021          *
C3FB            1022          * SoL SYSTEM GLOBAL AREA
C3FB            1023          *
C3FB            1024          ORG     0C800H   START OF 1K RAM AREA
C3FB            1025          *
C800            1026 SYSRAM  EQU     $      START OF SYSTEM RAM
C800            1027 SYSTP  EQU     $+1024  STACK IS AT THE TOP
C800            1028          *
C800            1029          *
C800            1030          * CONSOL PARAMETER AREA
C800            1031          *
C800            1032 NCHAR  DS      1      CURRENT CHARACTER POSITION
C801            1033 LINE   DS      1      CURRENT LINE POSITION
C802            1034 BOT    DS      1      BEGINNING OF TEXT DISPLACEMENT
C803            1035 OPORT  DS      1      OUTPUT PORT
C804            1036 IPORT  DS      1      INPUT PORT
C805            1037          *
C805            1038          *
C805            1039          *
C805            1040 THEAD  DS      5      NAME
C80A            1041          DS      1      THIS BYTE MUST BE ZERO
C80B            1042 HTYPE  DS      1      TYPE
C80C            1043 BLOCK  DS      2      BLOCK SIZE
C80E            1044 LOADR  DS      2      LOAD ADDRESS
C810            1045 XEQAD  DS      2      AUTO EXECUTE ADDRESS
C812            1046 HSPR   DS      3      SPARES
C815            1047          *
C815            1048 HLEN   EQU     $-THEAD  LENGTH OF HEADER
C815            1049          *
C815            1050          *

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ACOMP C302      ADJ001  C200      AINP   C010      A001   C007
BACKS 005F      BGIN   C001      BLANK  0020      BLOCK  C80C
BOT    C802      BOUT   C2E5      CHAR   C07B      CLEAR  008B
CLERA  C26A      CLIN1  C0E9      CLINE  C0E3      COMND  C1B4
COMTA  C194      CONT   C1CC      COPRC  C1E1      CR     000D
CRCK   C3C1      CREM   C13D      CRLF   C21A      CRPRC  C1DD
CUR     C0C1      CX     0018      DELAY  C3F1      DFLT   C34A
DISPT  C071      DLOOP  C2B7      DLOP1  C3F4      DLP1   C2C9
DOWN   009A      DSTAT  00FE      DUMP   C2A1      ENLO1  C31C
ENLO2  C324      ENLOP  C30B      ENTER  C307      ERAS1  C0CA
ERAS2  C0D6      ERAS3  C0DD      ERR1   C38E      ERR2   C38F
ERRROT C1AD      EXEC   C335      FDCOM  C1F4      GCLIN  C1C3
GOBAC  C056      GOBK   C05D      HBOUT  C2E2      HCONV  C24B
HCOV1  C25B      HEOU1  C2F3      HEOUT  C2EA      HLEN   0010
HOME   008E      HSPR   C812      HTYPE  C80B      IPORT  C804
ITAB   C18C      KDATA  00FC      KDR     0001      KIN    C279
KREAL  C027      KREAD  C028      KSTAT  C022      LBLK   C3E1
LEFT   0081      LF     000A      LINE   C801      LOADK  008C
LOADR  C80E      LOLOO  C361      MODE   0080      NCHAR  C800
NCOM   C20B      NEXT   C076      NPASS  C2B6      OCHAR  C081
OK      C0AD      OPORT  C803      OTAB   C184      OUTH   C2FE
PBACK  C145      PCR    C14E      PCUR   C113      PDATA  00FD
PDOWN  COFA     PDR     0002      PERSE  C0C5      PHOME  C0F3
PLEFT  C10D      PLF    C155      POVER  C2B4      PRIT   C117
PROCS  C1D2      PROMP  C212      PUP    C104      PXDR   0004
RDBLK  C370      RREAL  C396      RHEAD  C394      RHED1  C3B4
RIGHT  0093      RTBYT  C373      SBLK   C224      SBLK1  C226
SC      C161      SCD    0001      SCHR   C232      SCHR1  C234
SCONV  C23E      SCROL  C098      SCTS   0020      SDATA  00F9
SDR     0040      SDRST  C041      SDRS   0002      SENSE  00FF
SEROT   C040      SERST  00F8      SETSP  C34B      SFE    0008
SHE1   C247      SHEX   C244      SINP   C013      SOE    0010
SOHL   C3A7      SOK    0001      SOUT   C004      SPACE  0020
SPE     0004      SREAL  C036      SREAD  C037      SROL   C09C
SSTAT  C031      SIAPT  00FA      STBE   0080      STRTA  C265
SYSRA  C800      SYSTP  CC00      TAPE1  0040      TAPE2  0080
TAPIN  C3C6      TBL    C165      TDATA  00FB      TDR    0040
TERM   C270      TERR   C386      TFE    0008      THEAD  C805
TIN    C290      TLOAD  C339      TLOD1  C354      TOE    0010
TOFF   C3E0      TOUT   C28D      TREDY  C3D7      TSRCH  C062
TTBL   0080      UP     0097      VDAD   C128      VDAD2  C125
VDADD  C121      VDMEM  CC00      VDMO1  C04C      VDMOT  C04B
XEQAD  C810

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(continued from page 4)

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009E 22 F1 04 0710 SHLD SHED+36DH FIREMAN
00A1 2A 78 01 0720 LHLD FRA1 .. THE LITTLE ENGINE
00A4 22 24 05 0730 SHLD SHED+3A0H ALSO
00A7 2A 7A 01 0740 LHLD FRA2 .. HAD A COWCATCHER
00AA 22 26 05 0750 SHLD SHED+3A2H AND LOTS OF FUNNY
00AD 22 28 05 0760 SHLD SHED+3A4H WHEELS AND THE
00B0 22 2A 05 0770 SHLD SHED+3A6H THINGS THAT CONNECTED
00B3 2A 7C 01 0780 LHLD FRA3 .. AND TWO VERY TINY
00B6 22 2C 05 0780 SHLD SHED+3A8H WHEELS AT THE VERY
00B9 2A 7E 01 0800 LHLD FRA4 .. VERY BACK
00BC 22 2E 05 0810 SHLD SHED+3AAH ALTOGETHER IT LOOKED
00BF 2A 80 01 0820 LHLD FRA5 .. QUITE LONELY AND YET
00C2 22 30 05 0830 SHLD SHED+3ACH IT APPEARED VERY
00C5 01 DF FF 0840 LXI B,-21H . FUNNY JUST SITTING
00C8 21 62 05 8850 LXI H,SHED+3DEH THERE ON THE
00CB 36 19 0860 RAILS MVI M,19H .. RAILS
00CD 03 0870 INX B .. WITH NOTHING AT ALL
00CE 23 0880 INX H .. EVER
00CF AF 0890 XRA A .. TO DO
00D0 A8 0900 XRA B .. W E L L !
00D1 C2 CB 00 0910 JNZ RAILS .. LET'S RUN IT JUST FOR FUN
00D4 21 00 CC 0920 HOSTL LXI H,RRY GET TRAIN OUT OF SHED
00D7 EB 0930 XCHG . MOVE IT FROM SHED
00D8 21 84 01 0940 LXI H,SHED
00DB 7E 0950 FIRE MOV A,M LIGHT FIRE
00DC 23 0960 INX H
00DD EB 0970 XCHG
00DE 77 0980 MOV M,A ..MOVE IT
00DF 23 0990 INX H
00E0 7C 1000 MOV A,H
00E1 EB 1010 XCHG
00E2 FE D0 1020 CPI 0D0H END OF YARD?
00E4 C2 DB 00 1030 JNZ FIRE NO, MAKE MORE STEAM!
00E7 CD ED 00 1040 CALL TRAVL GO TAKE TRIP
00EA C3 D4 00 1050 JMP HOSTLE NO ROUND TRIPS, JUST DO AGAIN
00ED 1060 .
00ED 01 40 03 1070 TRAVL LXI B,64.13 MAKE TRIP 13 MILES
00F0 C5 1080 CHOO PUSH B CHUFF ONCE
00F1 CD FF 00 1090 CALL STROK MAKE FORWARD MOTION
00F4 CD 0F 01 1100 CALL TURN TURN WHEELS
00F7 C1 1110 POP B
00F8 0B 1120 DCX B CLICK ODOMETER
00F9 AF 1130 XRA A
00FA A8 1140 XRA B 13 MILES YET?
00FB C2 F0 00 1150 JNZ CHOO NO
00FE C9 1160 RET . DO NEXT TRIP
00FF 1170 .
00FF 21 01 CC 1180 STROK LXI H,0CC01H MOVE DOWN THE TRACK
0102 0E D0 1190 MVI C,0D0H
0104 7E 1200 COAL MOV A,M ADD MORE COAL
0105 2B 1210 DCX H
0106 77 1220 MOV M,A
0107 23 1230 INX H
0108 23 1240 INX H
0109 7C 1250 MOV A,H
010A B9 1260 CMP C ENOUGH COAL?
010B C2 04 01 1270 JNZ COAL NO, PUT MORE ON!
010E C9 1280 RET
010F 1290 .
010F 21 00 CC 1300 TURN LXI H,0CC00H TURN WHEELS
0112 7E 1310 HISS MOV A,M
0113 23 1320 INX H
0114 FE 06 1330 CPI 6 FIND COWCATCHER
0116 C2 12 01 1340 JNZ HISS LOOK AGAIN
0119 23 1350 FOUND INX H
011A 7E 1360 AXLE MOV A,M
011B FE 11 1370 CPI 11H WHAT QUARTER TURN?
011D C2 31 01 1380 JNZ NXT1
0120 11 7E 14 1390 LXI D,147EH NEXT QUARTER TURN
0123 1400 .
0123 06 07 1410 AXL1 MVI B,7 DO 4 AXLES
0125 72 1420 AXL2 MOV M,D WHEELS MOVED HERE
0126 05 1430 DCR B LAST WHEEL?
0127 CA 52 01 1440 JZ WORK I'VE BEEN WORKIN'...
012A 23 1450 INX H ..ON THE RAILROAD..
012B 73 1460 MOV M,E (SIDE RODS MOVED HERE)
012C 23 1470 INX H ..ALL THE LIVE..
012D 05 1480 DCR B ..LONG DAY.....
012E C2 25 01 1490 JNZ AXL2
0131 1500 .
0131 FE 14 1510 NXT1 CPI 14H QUARTER TURN
0133 C2 3C 01 1520 JNZ NXT2
0136 11 2D 13 1530 LXI D,132DH
0139 C3 23 01 1540 JMP AXL1
013C FE 13 1550 NXT2 CPI 13H QUARTER TURN
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013E C2 47 01      1560      JNZ     NXT3
0141 11 5F 12      1570      LXI     D,125FH
0144 C3 23 01      1580      JMP     AXL1
0147 FE 12         1590 NXT3   CPI     12H     QUARTER TURN
0149 C2 1A 01      1600      JNZ     AXLE
014C 11 2D 11      1610      LXI     D,112DH
014F C3 23 01      1620      JMP     AXL1
0152                1630      .
0152 01 B8 0B      1640 WORK   LXI     B,3000
0155 0B            1650 OIL    DCX     B,
0156 DB 00         1660      IN     0       DID THE CONDUCTOR
0158 E6 40         1670      ANI    RDA     ..FLAG US DOWN?
015A C2 63 01      1680      JNZ     QUIT    QUITTIN' TIME
015D AF           1690      XRA    A       NO, THEN HIGHBALL
015E A8           1700      XRA    B
015F C2 55 01      1710      JNZ     OIL     NO SQUEEKS, PLEASE!
0162 C9           1720      RET
0163                1730      .
0163                1740 . PUT A JUMP TO WHEREVER YOU NEED TO RETURN IN THE NEXT
0163 C3 60 E0      1750 QUIT   JMP     ALS8   ..YOUR RETURN LINK GOES HERE
0166                1760      .
0166                1770 RDA     EQU     40H     PUT YOUR DATA READY FLAG HERE
0166                1780 RRY     EQU     0CC00H
0166                1790 SMOKE  EQU     6FH     SMOKE CHARACTER
0166 01 10         1800 CAB1   DW     1001H   CAB DESCRIPTION
0168 10 5D         1810 CAB2   DW     5D10H   "
016A 7E 20         1820 CAB3   DW     207EH   "
016C 28 0A         1830 BOI1   DW     0A28H   BOILER DESCRIPTION
016E 0A 19         1840 BOI2   DW     190AH   "
0170 0A 0A         1850 BOI3   DW     0A0AH   "
0172 0A 5B         1860 BOI4   DW     5B0AH   "
0174 39 39         1870 BOI5   DW     3939H   "
0176 5D 20         1880 BOI6   DW     205DH   "
0178 06 20         1890 FRA1   DW     2006H   FRAME DESCRIPTION
017A 11 2D         1900 FRA2   DW     2D11H   "
017C 11 20         1910 FRA3   DW     2011H   "
017E 6F 2D         1920 FRA4   DW     2D6FH   "
0180 6F 20         1930 FRA5   DW     206FH   "
0182 19 19         1940 TIES   DW     1919H   TIES DESCRIPTION
0184 00           1950 SHED   NOP     .       THIS IS SHED AREA
0185                1960 CLOUD  EQU     $+0172H BEGINNING OF CLOUD
0185                1970      .
0185

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:10000000AFD3C82184010100083620230BAFA8C2090021F702110000060F07
:1A001A00CD5000112B00060DCD50001130000609CD50001134000604CD506A
:1A00340000113B000602CD5000113C000601CD5000113E000601CD5000C39A
:1A004E00590019366F2305C25100C921A604361621A904360721AB04366EE7
:1A0068002A660122AE042A680122B0042A6A0122B2042A6C0122E5042A6E09
:1A0082000122E7042A700122E90422EB042A720122ED042A740122EF042A0D
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:00

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